2027

Tufts Health One Care
(D-SNP) Plan

Member Handbook

TUFTS Health Plan

a Point32Health company

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DISCRIMINATION IS AGAINST THE LAW

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Tufts Health Plan complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. Tufts Health Plan does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity.

Tufts Health Plan:

- Provides free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us, such as:
  - Qualified sign language interpreters
  - Written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats)
- Provides free language services to people whose primary language is not English, such as:
  - Qualified interpreters
  - Information written in other languages

If you need these services, contact Tufts Health Plan at **1-855-393-3154**.

If you believe that Tufts Health Plan has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex (including sexual orientation or gender identity), you can file a grievance with:

Point32 Health Civil Rights Legal Coordinator
1 Wellness Way
Canton, MA 02021-1166
Phone: 888-880-8699 ext. 48000, (TTY: 711)
Fax: 617-668-2754
Email: OCRCoordinator@point32health.org

You can file a grievance in person or by mail, fax, or email. If you need help filing a grievance, the Tufts Health Plan Civil Rights Coordinator is available to help you.

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf, or by mail or phone at:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
200 Independence Avenue, SW
Room 509F, HHH Building
Washington, D.C. 20201
Phone: 800-368-1019, 800-537-7697 (TDD)

Complaint forms are available at http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.

TuftsHealthOneCare.org | **1-855-393-3154**

We can give you information in other formats, such as braille and large print, and also in different languages upon request.

Notice of Availability of Language Assistance Services and Auxiliary Aids and Services

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English ATTENTION: If you speak another language, free language assistance services are available to you. Appropriate auxiliary aids and services to provide information in accessible formats are also available free of charge. Call 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., or speak to your provider.

Español (Spanish) ATENCIÓN: Si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. También están disponibles de forma gratuita ayuda y servicios auxiliares apropiados para proporcionar información en formatos accesibles. Llame al 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), los siete días a la semana, de 8 a.m. a 8 p.m., o hable con su proveedor.

中文 (Simplified Chinese) 注意：如果您说[中文]，我们将免费为您提供语言协助服务。我们还免费提供适当的辅助工具和服务，以无障碍格式提供信息。致电 1-855-393-3154（文本电话：711，每天早上 8 点到晚上 8 点，或咨询您的服务提供商。

Français (French) ATTENTION: Si vous parlez Français, des services d'assistance linguistique gratuits sont à votre disposition. Des aides et services auxiliaires appropriés pour fournir des informations dans des formats accessibles sont également disponibles gratuitement. Appelez le 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), sept jours sur sept, de 8 a.m. à 8 p.m., ou parlez à votre fournisseur.

Việt (Vietnamese) LƯU Ý: Nếu bạn nói tiếng Việt, chúng tôi cung cấp miễn phí các dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ. Các hỗ trợ dịch vụ phù hợp để cung cấp thông tin theo các định dạng dễ tiếp cận cũng được cung cấp miễn phí. Vui lòng gọi theo số 1-855-393-3154 (Người khuyết tật: 711), bảy ngày trong tuần từ 8:00 sáng đến 8:00 tối, hoặc trao đổi với người cung cấp dịch vụ của bạn.

Deutsch (German) ACHTUNG: Wenn Sie Deutsch sprechen, stehen Ihnen kostenlose Sprachassistenzdienste zur Verfügung. Entsprechende Hilfsmittel und Dienste zur Bereitstellung von Informationen in barrierefreien Formaten stehen ebenfalls kostenlos zur Verfügung. Rufen Sie 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), Sieben Tage die Woche von 8 bis 20 Uhr., an oder sprechen Sie mit Ihrem Provider.

Japanese 注：他の言語をお話しになる場合、無料の言語支援サービスをご利用いただけます。また、適切な補助サポートおよびサービスをアクセス可能な形式の情報として無料でお届けしております。1-855-393-3154（TTY：711）（年中無休、午前 8 時～午後 8 時）にお電話いただくか、ご利用のプロバイダにお知らせください。

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한국어 (Korean) 주의: [한국어]를 사용하시는 경우 무료 언어 지원 서비스를 이용하실 수 있습니다. 이용 가능한 형식으로 정보를 제공하는 적절한 보조 기구 및 서비스도 무료로 제공됩니다. 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), 주 7 일 오전 8 시부터 오후 8 시까지, 번으로 전화하거나 서비스 제공업체에 문의하십시오.

РУССКИЙ (Russian) ВНИМАНИЕ: Если вы говорите на русский, вам доступны бесплатные услуги языковой поддержки. Соответствующие вспомогательные средства и услуги по предоставлению информации в доступных форматах также предоставляются бесплатно. Позвоните по телефону 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), семь дней в неделю с 8 a.m. до 8 p.m., или обратитесь к своему поставщику услуг.

(Arabic) تنبيه: إذا كنت تتحدث لغة أخرى، فستكون هناك خدمات مساعدة لغوية مجانية متاحة لك. كما تتوفر أيضًا مساعدات وخدمات مساعدة مناسبة لتقديم المعلومات بتنسيقات يسهل الوصول إليها مجانًا. اتصل على الرقم 1-855-393-3154 (رقم الهاتف النصي: 711)، على مدار الأسبوع من الساعة 8 صباحًا حتى الساعة 8 مساءً، أو تحدث إلى موفر الخدمة الذي تتعامل معه.

हिंदी (Hindi)न दें: यदि आप हिंदी बोलते हैं, तो आपके लिए निःशुल्क भाषा सहायता सेवाएं उपलब्ध होती हैं। सुलभ प्रारूपों में जानकारी प्रदान करने के लिए उपयुक्त सहायक साधन और सेवाएँ भी निःशुल्क उपलब्ध हैं। 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711) ,सप्ताह के सातों दिन, सुबह 8 बजे से रात 8 बजे तक।, पर कॉल करें या अपने प्रदाता से बात करें।

Italiano (Italian) ATTENZIONE: se parli Italiano, sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Sono inoltre disponibili gratuitamente ausili e servizi ausiliari adeguati per fornire informazioni in formati accessibili. Chiama l'1-855-393-3154 (tty: 711), sette giorni su sette dalle 8.00 alle 20.00., o parla con il tuo fornitore.

Português (Portuguese) ATENÇÃO: Se fala Português, estão disponíveis para si serviços gratuitos de assistência linguística. Estão também disponíveis gratuitamente ajudas e serviços auxiliares adequados para fornecer informações em formatos acessíveis. Ligue para 1-855-393-3154 (TTY - Dispositivo das telecomunicações para surdos: 711), sete dias por semana, das 8h às 20h., ou fale com o seu prestador.

POLSKI (Polish) UWAGA: Osoby mówiące po polsku mogą skorzystać z bezpłatnej pomocy językowej. Dodatkowe pomoce i usługi zapewniające informacje w dostępnych formatach są również dostępne bezpłatnie. Zadzwoń pod numer 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), siedem dni w tygodniu, od 8:00 do 20:00., lub porozmawiaj ze swoim dostawcą.

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ភាសាខ្មែរ (Cambodian) ចូរចាប់អារម្មណ៍៖ ប្រសិនបើអ្នកនិយាយភាសាផ្សេងទៀត សេវាជំនួយខាងភាសាដោយឥតគិតថ្លៃមានសម្រាប់អ្នក។ សេវា និងជំនួយសមស្របក្នុងការផ្តល់ព័ត៌មានជាទម្រង់ដែលអាចប្រើប្រាស់បានក៏មានដោយមិនគិតថ្លៃផងដែរ។ សូមទូរសព្ទទៅលេខ 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), បានប្រាំពីរថ្ងៃក្នុងមួយសប្តាហ៍ពីម៉ោង 8 ព្រឹកដល់ម៉ោង 8 យប់ ប្រាំពីរថ្ងៃក្នុងមួយសប្តាហ៍ពីម៉ោង 8 ព្រឹកដល់ម៉ោង 8 យប់ ឬនិយាយទៅកាន់អ្នកផ្តល់សេវារបស់អ្នក។

Kreyòl Ayisyen (Haitian Creole) ATANSYON: Si w pale Kreyòl Ayisyen, gen sèvis èd aladispozisyon w gratis pou lang ou pale a. Èd ak sèvis siplemantè apwopriye pou bay enfòmasyon nan fòma aksesib yo disponib gratis tou. Rele nan 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711) oswa pale avèk founisè w la.

Ελληνικά (Greek) ΠΡΟΣΟΧΗ: Εάν μιλάτε ελληνικά, υπάρχουν διαθέσιμες δωρεάν υπηρεσίες υποστήριξης στη συγκεκριμένη γλώσσα. Διατίθενται δωρεάν κατάλληλα βοηθήματα και υπηρεσίες για παροχή πληροφοριών σε προσβάσιμες μορφές. Καλέστε το 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), Επτά ημέρες την εβδομάδα, από τις 8:00 π.μ. έως τις 8:00 μ.μ., ή απευθυνθείτε στον πάροχό σας.

ગુજરાતી (Gujarati) ધ્યાન આપો: જો તમે ગુજરાતી બોલતા હો તો મફત ભાષાકીય સહાયતા સેવાઓ તમારા માટે ઉપલબ્ધ છે. યોગ્ય ઑક્ઝિલરી સહાય અને ઍક્સેસિબલ ફૉર્મેટમાં માહિતી પૂરી પાડવા માટેની સેવાઓ પણ વિના મૂલ્યે ઉપલબ્ધ છે. 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), સપ્તાહના સાતેય દિવસ સવારે 8 વાગ્યાથી રાત્રિના 8 વાગ્યા સુધી., પર કૉલ કરો અથવા તમારા પ્રદાતા સાથે વાત કરો.

Tagalog PAUNAWA: Kung ikaw ay nagsasalita ng ibang lenggwahe, ang libreng tulong sa wika ay maari mong magamit. Ang naaangkop na mga pantulong at serbisyo upang magbigay ng impormasyon na naa-access na pormat ay makukuha rin nang walang bayad. Tumawag sa 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), pitong araw sa isang linggo mula 8:00 ng umaga hanggang 8:00 ng gabi o maaring makipag usap sa provider.

ລາວ(Laos) ຊືນຊາບ: ຖ້າທ່ານເວົ້າພາສາ ລາວ, ຈະມີບໍລິການຊ່ວຍດ້ານພາສາແບບບໍ່ເສຍຄ່າໃຫ້ທ່ານ. ມີເຄື່ອງຊ່ວຍ ແລະ ການບໍລິການແບບບໍ່ເສຍຄ່າທີ່ເໝາະສົມເພື່ອໃຫ້ຂໍ້ມູນໃນຮູບແບບທີ່ສາມາດເຂົ້າເຖິງໄດ້. ໂທຫາເບີ 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), 7 ມື້ຕໍ່ອາທິດແຕ່ 8 ໂມງເຊົ້າ ຫາ 8 ໂມງແລງ., ຫຼື ລົມກັບຜູ້ໃຫ້ບໍລິການຂອງທ່ານ.

Table of contents

Chapter 1: Getting started as a member

Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

Chapter 3: Using our plan's coverage for your health care and other covered services

Chapter 4: Benefits chart

Chapter 5: Getting your outpatient drugs

Chapter 6: What you pay for your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) drugs

Chapter 7: Asking us to pay a bill you got for covered services or drugs

Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Chapter 10: Ending your membership in our plan

Chapter 11: Legal notices

Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Tufts Health One Care *Member Handbook*

January 1, 2027 – December 31, 2027

Your Health and Drug Coverage under Tufts Health One Care (D-SNP)

Member Handbook Introduction

This *Member Handbook,* otherwise known as the *Evidence of Coverage,* tells you about your coverage under our plan through December 31, 2027*.* It explains health care services, behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services, drug coverage, and long-term services and supports. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in **Chapter 12** of this *Member Handbook*.

This is an important legal document. Keep it in a safe place.

When this *Member Handbook* says “we”, “us”, “our”, or “our plan”, it means Tufts Health One Care.

This document is available for free in Spanish.

You can get this document for free in other formats, such as large print, braille, and/or audio by calling Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page. The call is free.

Call Member Services to request materials in languages other than English or in an alternate format or to request future mailings in the alternate language or format at no cost to the member. We will keep your standing request in our records so you will not need to make a separate request each time. You can also call Member Services to change your standing request for preferred language and or format.

Disclaimers

- Tufts Health One Care is a Dual Special Needs Plan (D-SNP) that contracts with both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) to provide benefits of both programs to enrollees. Enrollment in the plan depends on the plan's contract renewal with Medicare.

- Estate Recovery Awareness: MassHealth is required by federal law to recover money from the estates of certain MassHealth members who are age 55 years or older, and who are any age and are receiving long-term care in a nursing home or other medical institution. For more information about MassHealth estate recovery, please visit www.mass.gov/estaterecovery.

- Out-of-network/non-contracted providers are under no obligation to treat Plan members, except in emergency situations. Please call our member service number or see your *Member Handbook* for more information, including the cost-sharing that applies to out-of-network services.

- Benefits may change on January 1, 2028.

- Our covered drugs, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You'll get a notice about any changes that may affect you at least 30 days in advance.

Chapter 1: Getting started as a member

Introduction

This chapter includes information about Tufts Health One Care, a health plan that *covers* all of your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services, and your membership in it. It also tells you what to expect and what other information you'll get from us. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

A. Contents

B. Welcome to our plan 6

C. Information about Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) 6

B1. Medicare 6

B2. MassHealth (Medicaid) 6

D. Advantages of our plan 7

E. Our plan's service area 8

F. What makes you eligible to be a plan member 8

G. What to expect when you first join our health plan 9

H. Your care team and care plan 9

G1. Care team 9

G2. Care plan 10

I. Summary of Important Costs. Eligible members do not have a cost to covered services. 10

J. This *Member Handbook* 10

K. Other important information you get from us 11

J1. Your Member ID Card 11

J2. *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* 12

J3. *List of Covered Drugs* 13

J4. The *Explanation of Benefits* 14

L. Keeping your membership record up to date 14

K1. Privacy of personal health information (PHI) 15

B. Welcome to our plan

Tufts Health One Care is a One Care: MassHealth (Medicaid) plus Medicare plan. A One Care plan is made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of Long-term Services and Supports (LTSS), behavioral health providers, substance use disorder providers, community-based organizations that can assist with health-related social needs, and other health care providers. In a One Care plan, a Care Coordinator will work with you to develop a plan that meets your specific health needs. A Care Coordinator will also help you manage all your providers, services, and supports. They all work together to give you the care you need.

One Care is a program run by Massachusetts and the federal government to provide better health care for people who have both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).

C. Information about Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid)

B1. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for:

- people 65 years of age or over,
- some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, **and**
- people with end-stage renal disease (kidney failure).

B2. MassHealth (Medicaid)

MassHealth (Medicaid) is the name of Massachusetts Medicaid program. MassHealth (Medicaid) is run by Massachusetts and is paid for by Massachusetts and the federal government. MassHealth (Medicaid) helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS) and medical costs. It covers extra services and drugs not covered by Medicare.

Each state decides:

- what counts as income and resources,
- who is eligible,
- what services are covered, **and**
- the cost for services.

States can decide how to run their programs, as long as they follow the federal rules.

Medicare and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts approved our plan. You can get Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services through our plan as long as:

- you're eligible to participate in One Care;
- we offer the plan in your county, **and**
- Medicare and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts allow us to continue to offer this plan.

Even if our plan stops operating in the future, your eligibility for Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services isn't affected.

D. Advantages of our plan

You'll now get all your covered Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services from our plan, including drugs. **You don't pay extra to join this health plan.**

We help make your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits work better together and work better for you. Some of the advantages include:

- You can work with us for **most** of your health care needs.
- You have a care team that you help put together. Your care team may include yourself, your caregiver, doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals.
- You have access to a care coordinator. This is a person who works with you, with our plan, and with your care team to help make a care plan.
- You can also choose to have a Long-term Supports (LTS) Coordinator. Long-term services and supports are for people who need help doing everyday tasks like taking a bath, getting dressed, making food, and taking medicine.
- An LTS Coordinator will help you find and get the right LTSS and/or other community-based or behavioral health services.
    - Both the Care Coordinator and LTS Coordinator work with your Care Team to make sure you get the care you need.
- You're able to direct your own care with help from your care team and care coordinator.
- Your care team and care coordinator work with you to make a care plan designed to meet **your** health needs. The care team helps coordinate the services you need. For example, this means that your care team makes sure:

- Your doctors know about all the medicines you take so they can make sure you're taking the right medicines and can reduce any side effects that you may have from the medicines.
- Your test results are shared with all of your doctors and other providers, as appropriate.

E. Our plan's service area

Our service area includes these counties in Massachusetts: Barnstable, Bristol, Essex, Hampden, Hampshire, Middlesex, Norfolk, Plymouth, Suffolk, and Worcester.

Only people who live in our service area can join our plan.

You can't stay in our plan if you move outside of our service area. Refer to **Chapter 8** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about the effects of moving out of our service area.

F. What makes you eligible to be a plan member

You're eligible for our plan as long as you:

- live in our service area (incarcerated individuals aren't considered living in the service area even if they're physically located in it), **and**
- have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B, **and**
- are a United States citizen or national, or an eligible non-citizen, **and**
- are currently eligible for MassHealth Standard or MassHealth CommonHealth, **and**
- aren't enrolled in a MassHealth Home and Community-based Services (HCBS) waiver; **and**
- have no other health insurance.
- If you lose your MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility but can be expected to regain it, within one month, we'll continue to provide all Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) covered benefits. During this time, we'll assist you to regain MassHealth (Medicaid) covered benefits. During this time, we'll assist you to reagain MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility. If you can't regain MassHealth (Medicaid) within one months we'll disenroll you from Tufts Health One Care. If you regain MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility after being disenrolled you'll need to contact us to reenroll in the plan.

Chapter 4 Section C tells you about coverage and cost-sharing during this period.

Call Member Services for more information.

G. What to expect when you first join our health plan

When you first join our plan, you get a health risk assessment (HRA), also known as a "Comprehensive Assessment," within 90 days of your enrollment in the plan.

We must complete an HRA for you. This HRA is the basis for developing your care plan. The HRA includes questions to identify your medical, behavioral health, and functional needs as well as asks about any housing and food insecurities.

We reach out to you to schedule the HRA. We can complete the HRA by an in-person visit in a location of your choosing, telephone call, or a virtual visit. We'll reach out to you annually to see if any of your needs have changed.

We'll send you more information about this HRA.

If Tufts Health One Care is a new plan for you, you can keep using your doctors and getting your current services for 90 days or until your HRA and care plan are complete. This is called the Continuity of Care period. If you're taking any Medicare Part D drugs when you join our plan, you can get a temporary supply. We'll help you to transition to another drug if necessary.

After the first 90 days, you'll need to use doctors and other providers in the Tufts Health One Care network. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan. Refer to **Chapter 3** for more information on getting care from provider networks.

H. Your care team and care plan

G1. Care team

A care team can help you keep getting the care you need and want. A care team may include your doctor, a care coordinator, your specialists, or other health professional that you choose. Together, you and your Care Team will make your care plan.

A care coordinator is a person trained to help you manage the care you need and want. You get a care coordinator when you enroll in our plan. This person also refers you to other community resources that our plan may not provide and will work with your care team to help coordinate your care. Call us at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information about your care coordinator and care team.

G2. Care plan

Your care team works with you to make a care plan. A care plan tells you and your doctors what services you need and how to get them. It includes your medical, behavioral health, and long-term services and supports.

Your care plan includes:

- the services you will get and how you will get them
- the services that you need for your physical and behavioral health care and long-term services and supports
- your list of health, independent living and recovery goals, as well as any concerns you may have and the steps needed to address them, **and**
- a timeline for getting the services you need.

Your care team meets with you after your HRA. They ask you about services you need. They also tell you about services you may want to think about getting. Your care plan is created based on your needs and goals. You'll be at the center of the process of making your care plan.

Every year, your care team will work with you to update your care plan in case there's a change in the health services you need and want. Your care plan can also be updated as your goals or needs change throughout the year.

I. Summary of Important Costs. Eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

You will not pay any monthly premiums to Tufts Health One Care for your health coverage. If you pay a premium to MassHealth (Medicaid) for CommonHealth, you must continue to pay the premium to MassHealth to keep your coverage. Members who enter a nursing facility may have to pay a Patient Paid Amount to keep your MassHealth (Medicaid) coverage. The Patient Paid Amount is the member's contribution to the cost of care in the facility. MassHealth (Medicaid) will send you a detailed notice should you be expected to pay a Patient Paid Amount.

J. This *Member Handbook*

This *Member Handbook* is part of our contract with you. This means that we must follow all rules in this document. If you think we've done something that goes against these rules, you may be

able to appeal our decision. For information about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227).

You can ask for a *Member Handbook* by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also refer to the *Member Handbook* found on our website at the web address at the bottom of the page.

The contract is in effect for the months you're enrolled in our plan between January 1, 2027 and December 31, 2027.

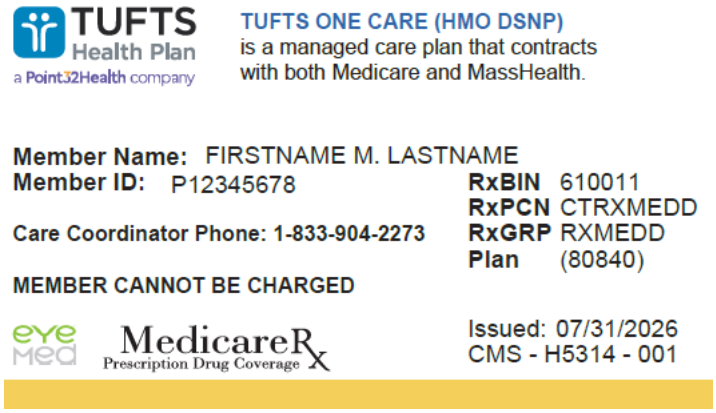
K. Other important information you get from us

Other important information we provide to you includes your Member ID Card, information about how to access a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, and information about how to access a *List of Covered Drugs,* also known as a *Drug List* or *Formulary*.

J1. Your Member ID Card

Under our plan, you have one card for your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services, including LTSS, certain behavioral health services, and prescriptions. You show this card when you get any services or prescriptions. Here is a sample Member ID Card:

Sample image:



IN AN EMERGENCY: If your life is in danger, call 911 or go to the nearest emergency room.

Massachusetts Behavioral Health Help Line: 1-833-773-2445
Member Services/Behavioral Health: 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711)
Provider Services: 1-888-257-1985
DentaQuest: 1-855-418-1625 (TTY 1-800-466-7566)
Eyemed: 1-866-591-1863

Send Medical Claims to: Tufts Health One Care,
P.O. Box 189, Canton, MA 02021-0189
Send Pharmacy Claims to: OptumRx Claims Dept.,
P.O. Box 650287, Dallas TX 75265-0287
Send Dental Claims to: DentaQuest, Tufts Health One Care,
P.O. Box 2906, Milwaukee WI 53201-2906
Website: TuftsHealthOneCare.org

If your Member ID Card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page right away. We'll send you a new card.

As long as you're a member of our plan, you don't need to use your red, white, and blue Medicare card or your MassHealth (Medicaid) card to get most services. Keep those cards in a safe place, in case you need them later. If you show your Medicare card instead of your Member ID Card, the provider may bill Medicare instead of our plan, and you may get a bill. You may be asked to show your Medicare card if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare-approved clinical research studies (also called clinical trials). Refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook* to find out what to do if you get a bill from a provider.

J2. *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists the providers and pharmacies in our plan's network. While you're a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services.

You can ask for a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* (electronically or in hard copy form) by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. Requests for hard copy Provider and Pharmacy Directories will be mailed to you within three business days. You can also refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* at the web address at the bottom of the page.

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* has helpful facts about our providers and pharmacies. It includes details like office addresses; telephone numbers; hours of operation; if a primary care provider (PCP) is accepting new patients; languages spoken; and much more.

You can also find the most current information about our provider network by using our provider search tool at Tuftshealthplan.com/OneCareProviders.

If Tufts Health One Care is a new plan for you, you can keep using your doctors and getting your current services for 90 days or until your HRA/comprehensive assessment and Individualized Care Plan (ICP) are complete. This is called the Continuity of Care period.

Definition of network providers

- Our network providers include:
    - doctors, nurses, and other health care professionals that you can use as a member of our plan;
    - clinics, hospitals, nursing facilities, and other places that provide health services in our plan; **and**
    - home health agencies, durable medical equipment (DME) suppliers, and others who provide goods and services that you get through Medicare or MassHealth (Medicaid).

Network providers agree to accept payment from our plan for covered services as payment in full. You won't have to pay anything more for covered services.

Definition of network pharmacies

- Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to fill prescriptions for our plan members. Use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use.
- Except during an emergency, you must fill your prescriptions at one of our network pharmacies if you want our plan to pay for them.

Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information. Both Member Services and our website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network pharmacies and providers.

J3. *List of Covered Drugs*

Our plan has a *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the *Drug List* for short. It tells you which drugs our plan covers. The drugs on this list are selected by our plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* must meet Medicare's requirements. Drugs with negotiated prices under the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program will be included on your *Drug List* unless they've been removed and replaced as described in **Chapter 5, Section B.** Medicare approved the Tufts Health One Care *Drug List.*

The *Drug List* also tells you if there are any rules or restrictions on any drugs, such as a limit on the amount you can get. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

Each year, we send you *information about how to access* the *Drug List*, but some changes may occur during the year. To get the most up-to-date information about which drugs are covered, call Member Services or visit our website at the address at the bottom of the page.

J4. The *Explanation of Benefits*

When you use your Medicare Part D drug benefits, we send you a summary to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Medicare Part D drugs. This summary is called the *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB).

The EOB tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, spent on your Medicare Part D drugs and the total amount we paid for each of your Medicare Part D drugs during the month. This EOB isn't a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take. **Chapter 6** of this *Member Handbook* gives more information about the EOB and how it helps you track your drug coverage.

You can also ask for an EOB. To get a copy, contact Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

L. Keeping your membership record up to date

You can keep your membership record up to date by telling us when your information changes.

We need this information to make sure that we have your correct information in our records. The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in our plan's network use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and your cost-sharing amounts. Because of this, it's very important to help us keep your information up to date.

Tell us right away about the following:

- changes to your name, address, or phone number;
- changes to any other health insurance coverage, such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, or your domestic partner's employer, or workers' compensation;
- any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident;
- admission to a nursing facility or hospital;
- care from a hospital or emergency room;
- changes in your caregiver (or anyone responsible for you); **and**
- you participate in a clinical research study. (**Note:** You're not required to tell us about a clinical research study you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any information changes, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

You can also make changes to your membership record online. Our member portal is a self-service tool you can use 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Sign up at TuftsHealthOneCare.org.

K1. Privacy of personal health information (PHI)

Information in your membership record may include personal health information (PHI). Federal and state laws require that we keep your PHI private. We protect your PHI. For more details about how we protect your PHI, refer to **Chapter 8** of this *Member Handbook*.

Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

Introduction

This chapter gives you contact information for important resources that can help you answer your questions about our plan and your health care benefits. You can also use this chapter to get information about how to contact your care coordinator and others to advocate on your behalf. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

Table of Contents

A. Member Services 18

B. Your Care Coordinator 21

C. SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) 23

D. Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) 24

E. Medicare 25

F. MassHealth (Medicaid) 27

G. Ombudsman 28

H. Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program 29

I. Programs to Help People Pay for Drugs 30

I1. Extra Help from Medicare 30

J. Social Security 30

K. Railroad Retirement Board (RRB) 31

L. Other resources 31

A. Member Services

CALL	**1-855-393-3154**. This call is free. Member Services representatives are available seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30. After business hours and on federal holidays, please leave a message and we will get back to you the next business day. We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.
TTY	711. This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. Member Services representatives are available seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30. After business hours and on federal holidays, please leave a message and we will get back to you the next business day.
WRITE	Tufts Health Plan Attn: Member Services P.O. Box 524 Canton, MA 02021-0524
EMAIL	Follow the link at https://tuftshealthplan.com/visitor/contact-us/members to email Member Services. You can also email us through your secure member portal.
WEBSITE	TuftsHealthOneCare.org

Contact Member Services to get help with:

- questions about the plan
- questions about claims or billing
- coverage decisions about your health care

- A coverage decision about your health care is a decision about:
  - your benefits and covered services **or**
  - the amount we pay for your health services Call us if you have questions about a coverage decision about your health care.
- To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

- appeals about your health care
  - An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review a decision we made about your coverage and asking us to change it if you think we made a mistake or disagree with the decision.
  - To learn more about making an appeal, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* or contact Member Services.
- complaints about your health care
  - You can make a complaint about us or any provider (including a non-network or network provider). A network provider is a provider who works with our plan. You can also make a complaint to us or to the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) about the quality of the care you received (refer to **Section D**).
  - You can call us and explain your complaint at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711). We are open seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.
  - If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your health care, you can make an appeal (refer to the section above).
  - You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
  - You can also call My Ombudsman for help with **any** complaints or to help you file an appeal. (Refer to **Section G** for My Ombudsman's contact information.)
  - To learn more about making a complaint about your health care, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.
- coverage decisions about your drugs

  - A coverage decision about your drugs is a decision about:
    - your benefits and covered drugs **or**
    - the amount we pay for your drugs.
  - This applies to your Medicare Part D drugs, MassHealth (Medicaid) prescription drugs, and MassHealth (Medicaid) over-the-counter drugs.
  - For more on coverage decisions about your drugs, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.
- appeals about your drugs
  - An appeal is a way to ask us to change a coverage decision.
  - For more on making an appeal about your drugs, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.
- complaints about your drugs
  - You can make a complaint about us or any pharmacy. This includes a complaint about your drugs.
  - If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your drugs, you can make an appeal. (Refer to the section above.)
  - You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
  - For more on making a complaint about your drugs, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.
- payment for health care or drugs you already paid for
  - For more on how to ask us to pay you back, or to pay a bill you got, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.
  - If you ask us to pay a bill and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

B. Your Care Coordinator

Tufts Health One Care works with Cityblock Health to provide care coordination services. Your Care Coordinator is a dedicated health care professional, such as a nurse or case worker. Your Care Coordinator will act as your key point of contact and will coordinate your services with your providers, family, appointed representative and other members of your Care Team.

Within 90 days of becoming a Tufts Health One Care member, you will receive a call from Cityblock to set up an introduction with your Care Coordinator in your home, via video conference, or at another location if you prefer. You'll work together, along with the rest of your Care Team, to develop your Individual Care Plan (ICP) and achieve your personal goals.

If you want to change your Care Coordinator, call or write to Cityblock Member Services at the number or address listed in the table below.

CALL	1-833-904-2273. This call is free. Cityblock's Care Coordinators and clinicians will be available from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday. If your typical Coordinator isn't available, another member of the Cityblock team will take your call. Outside of these hours, you will be able to leave a message with a member of Cityblock's team (if your request is not urgent) or you will be connected to an on-call clinician (if your request is urgent). With your permission, care coordinators may also reach out to you via text message. We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.
TTY	711. This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday
WRITE	Cityblock Health 100 Grove St; Suite 115 Worcester, MA 01603
EMAIL	Please ask your Care Coordinator if you'd like to communicate via email. They can provide you with an email address.
WEBSITE	Cityblock.com

Contact your care coordinator to get help with:

- questions about your health care
- questions about getting behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services
- questions about transportation
- questions about getting medical services and long-term services and supports (LTSS)
- questions about getting help with food, housing, employment, and other health-related social needs
- questions about your care plan
- questions about approvals for services that your providers have requested
- questions about the benefits of Flexible Covered Services and how they can be requested

C. SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state that offers free help, information, and answers to your Medicare questions. In Massachusetts, the SHIP is called SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone).

SHINE is an independent state program (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) that gets money from the federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

CALL	1-800-AGE-INFO (1-800-243-4636), Monday through Friday, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
TTY	1-800-439-2370 *(Massachusetts only)* This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	Call the number above for the address of the SHINE program in your area.
WEBSITE	www.mass.gov/health-insurance-counseling

Contact SHINE for help with:

- questions about Medicare
- SHINE counselors can answer your questions about changing to a new plan and help you:
  - understand your rights,
  - understand your plan choices,
  - answer questions about switching plans,
  - make complaints about your health care or treatment, **and**
  - straighten out problems with your bills.

D. Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)

Our state has an organization called Acentra Health. This is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Acentra Health is an independent organization. It's not connected with our plan.

CALL	1-888-319-8452
TTY	711 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	Acentra Health QIO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609
WEBSITE	www.acentraqio.com

Contact Acentra Health for help with:

- questions about your health care rights
- making a complaint about the care you got if you:
  - have a problem with the quality of care, such as getting the wrong medication, unnecessary tests or procedures, or a misdiagnosis,
  - think your hospital stay is ending too soon, **or**
  - think your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

E. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or over, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including our plan.

CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048. This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
CHAT LIVE	Chat live at www.Medicare.gov/talk-to-someone
WRITE	Write to Medicare at PO Box 1270, Lawrence, KS 66044

WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov • Get information about the Medicare health and drug plans in your area, including what they cost and what services they provide. • Find Medicare-participating doctors or other health care providers and suppliers. • Find out what Medicare covers, including preventive services (like screenings, shots, or vaccines, and yearly “wellness” visits). • Get Medicare appeals information and forms. • Get information about the quality of care provided by plans, nursing homes, hospitals, doctors, home health agencies, dialysis facilities, hospice centers, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and long-term care hospitals. • Look up helpful websites and phone numbers. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

F. MassHealth (Medicaid)

MassHealth (Medicaid) helps with medical and long-term services and supports costs for people with limited incomes and resources.

You're enrolled in Medicare and in MassHealth (Medicaid). If you have questions about the help you get from MassHealth (Medicaid), the contact information is below.

CALL	1-800-841-2900
TTY	711 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	MassHealth Customer Service 55 Summer Street Boston, MA 02110
EMAIL	membersupport@mahealth.net
WEBSITE	www.mass.gov/masshealth

G. Ombudsman

My Ombudsman is an independent program that can help you if you have questions, concerns, or problems related to One Care. My Ombudsman's services are free. My Ombudsman's staff:

- Can answer your questions or refer you to the right place to find what you need.
- Can help you address a problem or concern with One Care or your One Care plan, Tufts Health One Care. My Ombudsman's staff will listen, investigate the issue, and discuss options with you to help solve the problem.
- Help with appeals. An appeal is a formal way of asking your One Care plan, MassHealth (Medicaid), or Medicare to review a decision about your services. My Ombudsman's staff can talk with you about how to make an appeal and what to expect during the appeal process.
- You can call or write My Ombudsman. Please refer to the My Ombudsman website or contact them directly for updated information about location and walk-in hours.

CALL	1-855-781-9898 (Toll Free)
MassRelay and Videophone (VP)	Use 7-1-1 to call 1-855-781-9898 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. Videophone (VP): 339-224-6831 This number is for people who are deaf or hard of hearing.
WRITE	My Ombudsman 25 Kingston Street, 4th floor Boston, MA 02111
EMAIL	info@myombudsman.org
WEBSITE	www.myombudsman.org

H. Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program

The Long-Term Care Ombudsman helps people get information about nursing homes and resolve problems between nursing homes and residents or their families.

The Long-Term Care Ombudsman isn't connected with our plan or any insurance company or health plan.

CALL	617-222-7495

I. Programs to Help People Pay for Drugs

The Medicare website (www.medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs) provides information on how to lower your drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, as described below.

I1. Extra Help from Medicare

Because you're eligible for MassHealth (Medicaid), you qualify for and are getting "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your drug plan costs. You don't need to do anything to get this "Extra Help."

CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov

J. Social Security

Social Security determines Medicare eligibility and handles Medicare enrollment.

If you move or change your mailing address, it's important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

CALL	1-800-772-1213, Calls to this number are free. Available 8 a.m. to 7 p.m., Monday through Friday. You can use their automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

K. Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)

The RRB is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you get Medicare through the RRB, let them know if you move or change your mailing address. For questions about your benefits from the RRB, contact the agency.

CALL	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. Press "0" to speak with a RRB representative from 9 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, and from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m. on Wednesday. Press "1" to access the automated RRB Help Line and get recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. Calls to this number aren't free.
WEBSITE	www.rrb.gov

L. Other resources

For a listing of Massachusetts Independent living centers: https://masilc.org/cils/. For a listing of Aging Services Access Point (ASAPs):

Access Care Partners (formally WestMass Elder Care, Inc.)
AgeSpan (formally Elder Services of Merrimack Valley)
Boston Senior Home Care
Bristol Aging & Wellness, Inc
Central Boston Elder Services
Coastline Elderly Services, Inc.
Elder Services of Cape Cod and the Islands, Inc.
Elder Services of Worcester Area, Inc.
ETHOS
Greater Lynn Senior Services, Inc.

Greater Springfield Senior Services, Inc.
HESSCO Elder Services
Highland Valley Elder Services, Inc.
LifePath
Minuteman Senior Services
Mystic Valley Elder Services, Inc.
Old Colony Elder Services, Inc.
Senior Care, Inc.
Somerville/Cambridge Elder Services, Inc.
Springwell, Inc.

Chapter 3: Using our plan's coverage for your health care and other covered services

Introduction

This chapter has specific terms and rules you need to know to get health care and other covered services with our plan. It also tells you about your care coordinator, how to get care from different kinds of providers and under certain special circumstances (including from out-of-network providers or pharmacies), what to do if you're billed directly for services we cover, and the rules for owning Durable Medical Equipment (DME). Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

Table of Contents

A. Information about services and providers 35

B. Rules for getting services our plan covers 35

C. Your care coordinator 38

C1. What a care coordinator is 38

C2. How you can contact your care coordinator or Long-term Supports Coordinator 38

C3. How you can change your care coordinator 38

D. Care from providers 39

D1. Care from a primary care provider (PCP) 39

D2. Care from specialists and other network providers 41

D3. When a provider leaves our plan 42

D4. Out-of-network providers 43

E. Long-term services and supports (LTSS) 44

F. Behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services 44

G. How to get self-directed care 44

G1. What self-directed care is 44

G2. Who can get self-directed care 44

G3. How to request that a copy of all written notices be sent to care team participants the member identifies 45

H. Transportation services 45

I. Dental and Vision services 46

J. Covered services in a medical emergency, when urgently needed, or during a disaster 47

J1. Care in a medical emergency 47

J2. Urgently needed care 49

J3. Care during a disaster 50

K. What if you're billed directly for covered services. Eligible members are not responsible for cost of covered services. 50

K1. What to do if our plan doesn't cover services 50

L. Coverage of health care services in a clinical research study 51

L1. Definition of a clinical research study 51

L2. Payment for services when you're in a clinical research study 51

L3. More about clinical research studies 52

M. How your health care services are covered in a religious non-medical health care institution 52

M1. Definition of a religious non-medical health care institution 52

M2. Care from a religious non-medical health care institution 52

N. Durable medical equipment (DME) 53

N1. DME as a member of our plan 53

N2. DME ownership if you switch to Original Medicare 53

N3. Oxygen equipment benefits as a member of our plan 54

N4. Oxygen equipment when you switch to Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan 54

A. Information about services and providers

Services are health care, long-term services and supports (LTSS), supplies, behavioral health services, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment and other services. **Covered services** are any of these services that our plan pays for. Covered health care, behavioral health, and LTSS are in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*. Your covered services for prescription and over-the-counter drugs are in **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook*.

Providers are doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care and are licensed by the state. Providers also include hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, behavioral health services, medical equipment, and certain LTSS.

Network providers are providers who work with our plan. These providers agree to accept our payment as full payment. We arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to you. Network providers bill us directly for care they give you. When you use a network provider, you usually pay nothing for covered services.

B. Rules for getting services our plan covers

Our plan covers all services covered by Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid). This includes behavioral health, LTSS, and prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs.

Our plan will pay for health care services, behavioral health services, and LTSS you get when you follow our rules. To be covered by our plan:

- The care you get must be included in our Medical Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.
- The care must be **medically necessary**. By medically necessary, we mean that the services are reasonable and necessary:
  - For the diagnoses and treatment of your illness or injury; **or**
  - To improve the functioning of a malformed body part; **or**
  - Otherwise medically necessary under Medicare law
- In accordance with MassHealth (Medicaid) law and regulation and per MassHealth (Medicaid), services are medically necessary if:

- They could be reasonably calculated to prevent, diagnose, prevent the worsening of, alleviate, correct, or cure conditions that endanger your life, cause you suffering or pain, cause physical deformity or malfunction, threaten to cause or to aggravate a disability, or result in illness or infirmity; **and**
- There's no other medical service or place of service that's available, works as well, and is suitable for you that's less expensive. The quality of medically necessary services must meet professionally recognized standards of health care, and medically necessary services must also be supported by records including evidence of such medical necessity and quality.
- In addition, a service is considered medically necessary when the service can:
  - Help you get better, stay the same, or improve your health or daily functioning; or
  - Prevent your health or functioning from getting worse if care is delayed, reduced, or not provided.

- If you have questions about if a service is medically necessary or not, you can contact *Member Services*.
- For medical services, you must have a network **primary care provider (PCP)** providing and overseeing your care. As a plan member, you must choose a network provider to be your PCP (go to **Section D1** for more information).
- In most cases, your network PCP must give you approval before you can use a provider that isn't your PCP or use other providers in our plan's network. This is called a **referral**. If you don't get approval, we may not cover the services.
- **Note:** In your first 90 days with our plan or until your Individualized Care Plan (ICP) is complete, you can keep going to your current providers, at no cost to you, if they are not a part of our network. This is called the Continuity of Care (COC) period. During the COC period, our Care Coordinator will contact you to help you find providers in our network. After *the COC period*, we will no longer cover your care if you choose to use out-of-network providers.
- You don't need referrals from your PCP for emergency care or urgently needed care or to use a woman's health provider. You can get other kinds of care without having a referral from your PCP (go to **Section D1** for more information).

- **You must get your care from network providers** (for more information, go to **Section D** in this chapter). Usually, we won't cover care from a provider who doesn't work with our health plan. This means that you'll have to pay the provider in full for services you get. Here are some cases when this rule doesn't apply:

  - If you need emergency or urgently needed care from an out-of-network provider (for more information, go to **Section I**).

  - If you need care that our plan covers and our network providers can't give it to you, you can get care from an out-of-network provider. However, authorization must be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, we cover the care at no cost to you. For information about getting approval to use an out-of-network provider, go to **Section D4**.

  - If you need kidney dialysis services when you're outside our plan's service area for a short time or when your provider is temporarily unavailable or not accessible. If possible, call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you're away.

  - If you need family planning services, you may get those services from any One Care plan provider or from any MassHealth (Medicaid) contracted Family Planning Services Provider. For more information about family planning services, refer to **Chapter 4**.

  - When you first join the plan, you can continue going to the providers you use now for the Continuity of Care (COC) period.

    - **Note** for pregnant enrollees: If you enroll in Tufts Health One Care while pregnant, you may choose to remain with your current provider of obstetrical and gynecological services until six weeks after delivery of your child, even if your provider is out of network. We will cover all medically necessary obstetrical and gynecological services through delivery of your child. We will also cover immediate post-partum care and follow-up appointments within the first six weeks of delivery.

C. Your care coordinator

C1. What a care coordinator is

A care coordinator is a trained person who works with our plan to provide care coordination services for you.

Care coordination is a model we follow to help to manage your health care needs. It makes sure all of the people involved in your care work closely together. It helps you use your Tufts Health One Care benefits to get the care and services you need. Care Coordination also helps you connect with community resources. Your Cityblock Care Coordinator is your main contact for Care Coordination. See Chapter 1, Sections F & G for more information.

Everyone who enrolls in a One Care plan also has the right to have an independent Long-term Supports (LTS) Coordinator on their care team.

An LTS Coordinator will work with you as a member of your One Care plan to find resources and services in your community that can support your wellness, independence, and recovery goals. These services are sometimes called long-term services and supports (LTSS). LTS Coordinators may also be able to help you access behavioral health resources and services.

LTS Coordinators don't work for One Care plans. They come from independent community organizations and are experts in areas like independent living, recovery, and aging. This means that they can work for you and help you advocate for your needs.

You can choose to have an LTS Coordinator work with you as a full member of your care team at any time. This is a free service for you.

C2. How you can contact your care coordinator or Long-term Supports Coordinator

Call Cityblock Health at 1-833-904-2273 (TTY: 711) Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. to contact your Care Coordinator. Outside of these hours, leave a message and someone will return your call. Your Care Coordinator can also help you reach your Long-term Supports (LTS) Coordinator.

C3. How you can change your care coordinator

You may request to change your Care Coordinator at any time. To do so, call Cityblock at 1-833-904-2273 (TTY: 711) or write to this address:

Cityblock Health
Attn: Member Services
100 Grove Street, Suite 115
Worcester, MA 01603

D. Care from providers

D1. Care from a primary care provider (PCP)

You must choose a PCP to provide and manage your care.

Definition of a PCP and what a PCP does do for you

- A PCP is the main provider who manages your care.
- You can choose an in-network doctor, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant as your PCP. Please note, a clinic cannot be your PCP.
- Your PCP gives you regular checkups and makes sure you get the health care you need.
- Your PCP knows when to ask us for approval before you can get health care. This may be because the service requires prior authorization. It also could be if your PCP thinks you need care from a provider who is not in our network.

The role of a PCP in

- coordinating covered services
- making decisions about or getting prior authorization (PA), if applicable

Your choice of PCP

To find a PCP and see where the PCP's office is located, please visit TuftsHealthOneCare.org and use the Find a Doctor, Hospital, or Pharmacy tool. You can also call Member Services at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. to help you find and choose a PCP. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.

If you don't choose a PCP, we'll choose a PCP we think is right for you. We'll also choose a PCP for you if the PCP you choose is not available. We will let you know your PCP's name and contact information in the letter that we send with your ID Card. You can always choose a different PCP. See the section below for details.

Option to change your PCP

You can change your PCP for any reason, at any time. It's also possible that your PCP may leave our plan's network. If your PCP leaves our network, we can help you find a new PCP in our network.

To change your PCP:

- Call your Care Coordinator at 1-833-904-2273 to help you choose a new PCP.
- Call us at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30. When you call Member Services, your PCP changes take effect immediately.
- Visit TuftsHealthOneCare.org and use our member portal, an online self-service tool. All PCP changes made online take effect within 24 hours.

If your PCP or another provider leaves our network for any reason, we'll make a good faith effort to give you written notice within 15 days after we receive notice of the disenrollment. If you are undergoing medical treatment, you have the right to ask, and we will work with you to ensure the medically necessary treatment you are getting is not interrupted. Please see Section D3 below for more information.

Services you can get without approval from your PCP

In most cases, you need approval from your PCP before using other providers. This approval is called a **referral**. You can get services like the ones listed below without getting approval from your PCP first:

- Emergency services from network providers or out-of-network providers
- Urgently needed covered services that require immediate medical attention (but not an emergency) if you're either temporarily outside our plan's service area, or if it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically necessary routine provider visits (like annual checkups) aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our network is temporarily unavailable.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you're outside our plan's service area. Call Member Services before you leave the service area. We can help you get dialysis while you're away.
- Flu shots and COVID-19 vaccines, as well as hepatitis B vaccines and pneumonia vaccines*:* as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Routine women's health care and family planning services. This includes breast exams, screening mammograms (X-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.

- Additionally, if eligible to get services from Indian health providers, you may use these providers without a referral.
- Routine dental care provided by a network dentist.
- Medicare-covered preventive services as long as you get them from a network provider.

If you're not sure if you need a referral to get a service or use another provider, ask your Care Coordinator, PCP, or call Member Services 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711).

D2. Care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists, such as:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart problems.
- Orthopedists care for patients with bone, joint, or muscle problems.

How to access specialists and other network providers

- If you need a specialist, you should discuss your need with your PCP first. Your PCP can recommend someone and will provide a referral or request prior authorization, if necessary.
- A referral is an approval from your PCP to seek care from another health care professional, usually a specialist, for treatment or consultation.
- Certain specialists, drugs, equipment, services, and supplies require authorization from Tufts Health One Care prior to services being rendered. Your PCP or other network provider is responsible for obtaining this authorization. Please be sure to check with your PCP or other network provider to be sure this authorization or referral has been provided. For out-of-network services, your PCP is responsible for obtaining an authorization or providing you with a referral depending on the services being rendered.
- If the specialist you need to see requires prior authorization, your PCP or the specialist will ask us for permission. The request will include a date range if you need authorization for ongoing care.
- We may approve, deny, or ask your provider to make a different prior authorization request.

- If we don't give written approval for you to see an out-of-network provider, we won't cover the services. You have the right to appeal that decision. (See Chapter 9 for more information.) If you still choose to get the services, you will be responsible for payment. See the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4, Section D** *for information about which services require prior authorization.*

D3. When a provider leaves our plan

A network provider you use may leave our plan. If one of your providers leaves our plan, you have these rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even if our network of providers change during the year, we must give you uninterrupted access to qualified providers.
- We'll notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
    - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we'll notify you if you visited that provider within the past three years.
    - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we'll notify you if you're assigned to the provider, currently get care from them, or visited them within the past three months.
- We help you select a new qualified in-network provider to continue managing your health care needs.
- If you're currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to ask to continue getting medically necessary treatment or therapies. We'll work with you so you can continue to get care.
- We'll give you information about available enrollment periods and options you may have for changing plans.
- If we can't find a qualified network specialist accessible to you, we must arrange an out-of-network specialist to provide your care when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs. The out-of-network specialist must get prior authorization from Tufts Health One Care before giving you care. Except in an emergency or for urgently needed services, you must get a referral from your PCP and/or receive prior authorization from the plan prior to receiving care out-of-network. Because you get assistance from MassHealth (Medicaid), you have no cost-share for covered services.
- If you find out one of your providers is leaving our plan, contact us. We can help you choose a new provider to manage your care.

- If you think we haven't replaced your previous provider with a qualified provider or that we aren't managing your care well, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO), a quality of care grievance, or both. (Refer to **Chapter 9** more information.)

D4. Out-of-network providers

Your PCP or network provider will provide a referral for you to see an out-of-network provider if no network provider is available. You or your authorized representative may also submit a request to Tufts Health One Care. Authorization from Tufts Health One Care may be required based on the service to be rendered. If you use out-of-network providers without a referral or authorization, payment will not be made by Tufts Health One Care. See **Chapter 4** for more information.

Under limited circumstances, our plan will allow our members to see out-of-network providers.

These circumstances include seeing a provider with a specialty not currently contracted with our plan. We have contracted with providers across our service area to ensure access to care for our members. You must get a referral from your PCP and receive prior authorization from the plan prior to receiving care out-of-network.

If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide that medical care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider and/or facility. However, authorization must be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, if the service is approved, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. You, your PCP, or your representative may call, write or fax our plan to make a request for authorization. For details on how to contact us, go to **Chapter 2, Section A** and look for the section called, "How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care."

Refer to **Section B above in this Chapter 3** for other circumstances when our plan will cover out-of-network services without referral or prior authorization.

*Note: Members are entitled to get services from out-of-network providers **for emergency or urgently needed services**. In addition, plans must cover dialysis services for ESRD members who have traveled outside the plan's service area or when the provider is temporarily unavailable or not accessible and aren't able to access contracted ESRD providers*

If you use an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare and/or MassHealth (Medicaid).

- We can't pay a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare and/or MassHealth (Medicaid).

- If you use a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare, you must pay the full cost of the services you get.
- Providers must tell you if they aren't eligible to participate in Medicare.

E. Long-term services and supports (LTSS)

Long-term supports and services (LTSS) are services that keep you living independently in your home. A LTS Coordinator is an expert in LTSS in your area. This person is a resource you may have on your Care Team.

During the first 90-days on this plan, your Care Coordinator will ensure you complete your health assessment. At that time, they can work with you to select a LTS Coordinator. If you would like an LTS Coordinator present at your initial health assessment, your Care Coordinator will arrange to have one present.

If you decide not to include an LTS Coordinator on your Care Team, you can request one at a later time. Contact your Care Coordinator to learn more about LTSS and LTS Coordinators.

F. Behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services

Behavioral health services care for your behavioral health and substance use disorder needs. See the Benefits Charts in Chapter 4, Section D for details.

Your Care Coordinator or LTS Coordinator can help you connect with behavioral health services in your area. Your PCP can also help you get the right behavioral health services for your needs. You can also go online 24/7 to find providers at TuftsHealthOneCare.org.

G. How to get self-directed care

G1. What self-directed care is

Self-directed care means you can hire and manage a personal care attendant (PCA). PCA services assist you with activities of daily living. See the Benefits Charts in Chapter 4 for more details.

G2. Who can get self-directed care

Self-directed care supports members with disabilities living independently. This includes members with special health care needs. Your Care Team works with you to decide if this service is right for you. It can be part of your Individualized Care Plan (ICP). Your Care

Coordinator can help you access personal care management (PCM) agencies to help find the care you need

G3. How to request that a copy of all written notices be sent to care team participants the member identifies

Send your Care Coordinator a written request for your Care Team to get copies of all written notices related to your self-directed care.

H. Transportation services

You can get rides to medical appointments at no cost to you. Tufts Health One Care covers transportation for medical reasons other than emergencies, too. That includes rides to and from medical appointments, urgent care centers and more! See "Medically necessary non-emergency transportation" in Chapter 4 of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

Your health plan also covers transportation to community services and activities that help you stay independent when these needs are included in your care plan. See "Transportation (non-medical purposes)" in Chapter 4 of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

We work with Coordinated Transportation Solutions (CTS) to meet your transportation needs.

There are 2 ways to schedule a ride:

1. Call CTS directly at 1-833-242-3331 (TTY: 711)
2. Call us at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. and select the prompts for transportation

Make sure you have the following information handy:

- Your Tufts Health One Care member ID number
- The location of your appointment
- The date and time of your appointment
- Where you want the driver to pick you up
- A phone number and/or email address where the driver can reach you

Call and schedule a ride 48 hours in advance. When you make a reservation, ask about expected pick-up and wait times. CTS will call the night before to remind you about the ride. Drivers will call you when they arrive to pick you up.

In some situations, you can schedule rides for the same day you call. Examples of visits that may qualify for same-day rides include:

- Follow-up appointments
- Hospital admissions or discharges
- Outpatient surgery
- Appointments for new medical conditions
- Visits to urgent care centers

Be at the pick up location 10-15 minutes before your scheduled pick up time the day of your appointment.

Services must be provided by the plan-approved transportation provider. Limitations may apply. For more information on this benefit, call Member Services at the numbers listed in the footer of this *Member Handbook*.

I. Dental and Vision services

I1. Dental

Our dental care is provided through DentaQuest. You must go to a DentaQuest-participating dental services professional for all covered dental services. We pay for Medicare-covered services as well as additional services including cleanings, fillings, and dentures through the MassHealth (Medicaid) Dental Program. See *Dental Services* in Chapter 4 of this handbook for more information. You may need to get prior authorization before we cover some of these services. For more information on your dental benefits, please call DentaQuest at 1-855-418-1625 (TTY: 1-800-466-7566), Monday through Friday, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

I2. Vision

We pay for Medicare-covered services such as outpatient doctor services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye. We also cover additional services under your MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit, including routine eye exams (once per benefit year) and eyewear allowance for the purchase of lenses and frames or contact lenses. Refer to the section on **Vision Care** in Chapter 4 of this *Member Handbook* for additional details.

J. Covered services in a medical emergency, when urgently needed, or during a disaster

J1. Care in a medical emergency

A medical emergency is a medical condition with symptoms such as illness, severe pain, serious injury, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse. The condition is so serious that, if it doesn't get immediate medical attention, you or anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in:

- serious risk to your life and, if you're pregnant, loss of an unborn child; **or**
- loss of or serious harm to bodily functions; **or**
- loss of a limb or function of a limb; **or**
- In the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when:
    - There isn't enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery.
    - A transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety or to that of your unborn child.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as fast as possible.** Call 911 or use the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You **don't** need approval or a referral from your PCP. You don't need to use a network provider. You can get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the U.S. or its territories, from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they're not part of our network.

As soon as possible, tell our plan about your emergency. We follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. However, you won't pay for emergency services if you delay telling us. After an emergency, call us at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30. You can also find our telephone number on the back of your Member ID Card.

Covered services in a medical emergency

You may get covered emergency care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories.

If you need an ambulance to get to the emergency room, our plan covers that. We also cover medical services during the emergency. To learn more, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4**.

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency. To learn more, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.

The providers who give you emergency care decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over. They'll continue to treat you and will contact us to make plans if you need follow-up care to get better.

Our plan covers your follow-up care. If you get your emergency care from out-of-network providers, we'll try to get network providers to take over your care as soon as possible.

Our plan also covers emergency medical care worldwide through your MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit. Medicare does not provide coverage for emergency or urgent care services outside the US and its territories.

What to do if you have a behavioral health emergency

In a behavioral health emergency, call 911, 988 (Suicide and Crisis Lifeline) or go to the nearest emergency room. No prior authorization is required for emergency room care. To learn more, see the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section D.

You can also call or text the Massachusetts Behavioral Health Help Line at 833-773-2445 or visit masshelpline.com 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Real-time interpretation is available in 200+ languages.

Another option is to go to your local Community Behavioral Health Center (CBHC). CHBCs are one-stop shops for a wide range of behavioral health and substance use disorder treatment programs. The statewide network includes 31 CBHCs in communities across Massachusetts. CBHCs offer immediate care for behavioral health and substance use disorder needs, both in crisis situations and the day-to-day. Find the CBHC closest to you by going to https://www.mass.gov/find-a-cbhc.

You can always contact your Care Coordinator at 1-833-904-2273 for help finding the services you need.

Getting emergency care if it wasn't an emergency

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical or behavioral health emergency. You may go in for emergency care and the doctor says it wasn't really an emergency. As long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we cover your care.

However, after the doctor says it wasn't an emergency, we cover your additional care only if:

- You use a network provider **or**
- The additional care you get is considered "urgently needed care" and you follow the rules for getting it. Refer to the next section.

J2. Urgently needed care

Urgently needed care is care you get for a situation that isn't an emergency but needs care right away. For example, you might have a flare-up of an existing condition or an unforeseen illness or injury.

Urgently needed care in our plan's service area

In most cases, we cover urgently needed care only if:

- You get this care from a network provider **and**
- You follow the rules described in this chapter.

If it isn't possible or reasonable to get to a network provider, given your time, place or circumstances we cover urgently needed care you get from an out-of-network provider.

In urgent situations, call your PCP or behavioral health provider. You can contact any of your providers' offices 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Your provider must see you within 48 hours for urgent care appointments.

You can always contact your Care Coordinator at 1-833-904-2273 for help finding the services you need. Cityblock also offers over-the-phone or at-home urgent care support at this number. Providers are able to review your health record, respond to your health or medical concerns, and provide options for care outside of regular business hours or going to the emergency room.

If your condition gets worse before your PCP or behavioral health provider sees you, call 911, 988 (Suicide and Crisis Lifeline), or go to the emergency room. If you have a behavioral health concern, you may also call any of the following to help you: your local Community Behavioral Health Center (CBHC). Go to https://www.mass.gov/find-a-cbhc to find the CBHC closest to you.

The Massachusetts Behavioral Health Help Line (BHHL) at 833-773-2445; 24/7 including holidays. You can call or text this number for help or chat online at masshelpline.com.

Urgently needed care outside our plan's service area

When you're outside our plan's service area, you may not be able to get care from a network provider. In that case, our plan covers urgently needed care you get from any provider. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

Our plan covers worldwide *emergency and urgently needed care* services outside the United States and its territories.

J3. Care during a disaster

If the governor of Massachusetts, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the president of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you're still entitled to care from our plan.

Visit our website for information on how to get care you need during a declared disaster: TuftsHealthOneCare.org.

During a declared disaster, if you can't use a network provider, you can get care from out-of-network providers at no cost to you. If you can't use a network pharmacy during a declared disaster, you can fill your drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

K. What if you're billed directly for covered services. Eligible members are not responsible for cost of covered services.

If you paid for your covered services or if you got a bill for covered medical services, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook* to find out what to do.

You shouldn't pay the bill yourself. If you do, we may not be able to pay you back.
Note: Eligible members do not have a cost for covered services.

K1. What to do if our plan doesn't cover services

Our plan covers all services:

- that are determined medically necessary, **and**
- that are listed in our plan's Benefits Chart (refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*), **and**
- that you get by following plan rules.

If you get services that our plan doesn't cover, **you pay the full cost yourself**.

If you want to know if we pay for any medical service or care, you have the right to ask us. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we won't pay for your services, you have the right to appeal our decision.

Chapter 9 of this *Member Handbook* explains what to do if you want us to cover a medical service or item. It also tells you how to appeal our coverage decision. Call Member Services to learn more about your appeal rights.

We pay for some services up to a certain limit. If you go over the limit, you pay the full cost to get more of that type of service. Refer to **Chapter 4** for specific benefit limits. Call Member Services to find out what the benefit limits are and how much of your benefits you've used.

L. Coverage of health care services in a clinical research study

L1. Definition of a clinical research study

A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way doctors test new types of health care or drugs. A clinical research study approved by Medicare typically asks for volunteers to be in the study. When you're in a clinical research study, you can stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (care that's not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to take part in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you **don't** need to tell us or get approval from us or your primary care provider. Providers that give you care as part of the study **don't** need to be network providers. This doesn't apply to covered benefits that require a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit, including certain benefits requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies. These benefits may also be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

We encourage you to tell us before you take part in a clinical research study.

If you plan to be in a clinical research study, covered for enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you or your care coordinator to contact Member Services to let us know you'll take part in a clinical trial.

L2. Payment for services when you're in a clinical research study

If you volunteer for a clinical research study that Medicare approves, you pay nothing for the services covered under the study. Medicare pays for services covered under the study as well as routine costs associated with your care. Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you're covered for most services and items you get as part of the study. This includes:

- room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study
- an operation or other medical procedure that's part of the research study

- treatment of any side effects and complications of the new care

If you're part of a study that Medicare **hasn't** approved, you pay any costs for being in the study.

L3. More about clinical research studies

You can learn more about joining a clinical research study by reading "Medicare & Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (https://www.medicare.gov/coverage/clinical-research-studies). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

M. How your health care services are covered in a religious non-medical health care institution

M1. Definition of a religious non-medical health care institution

A religious non-medical health care institution is a place that provides care you would normally get in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against your religious beliefs, we cover care in a religious non-medical health care institution.

This benefit is only for Medicare Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

M2. Care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you're against getting medical treatment that's "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical treatment is any care or treatment that's **voluntary and not required** by any federal, state, or local law.
- "Excepted" medical treatment is any care or treatment that's **not voluntary and is required** under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan only covers non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution provided to you in a facility:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to get covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.

- You must get approval from us before you're admitted to the facility, or your stay **won't** be covered.

There are no day limitations for this benefit. See **Chapter 4, Section D** for more information.

N. Durable medical equipment (DME)

N1. DME as a member of our plan

DME includes certain medically necessary items ordered by a provider, such as wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, intravenous (IV) infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

You always own some DME items, such as prosthetics.

Other types of DME you must rent. As a member of our plan, you **won't** own the rented DME items, no matter how long you rent it.

In some limited situations, we transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services at the phone number at the bottom of the page for more information.

Even if you had DME for up to 12 months in a row under Medicare before you joined our plan, you **won't** own the equipment.

N2. DME ownership if you switch to Original Medicare

In the Original Medicare program, people who rent certain types of DME own it after 13 months. In a Medicare Advantage (MA) plan, the plan can set the number of months people must rent certain types of DME before they own it.

You'll have to make 13 payments in a row under Original Medicare, or you'll have to make the number of payments in a row set by the MA plan, to own the DME item if:

- you didn't become the owner of the DME item while you were in our plan, **and**
- you leave our plan and get your Medicare benefits outside of any health plan in the Original Medicare program or an MA plan.

If you made payments for the DME item under Original Medicare or an MA plan before you joined our plan, **those Original Medicare or MA plan payments don't count toward the payments you need to make after leaving our plan**.

- You'll have to make 13 new payments in a row under Original Medicare or a number of new payments in a row set by the MA plan to own the DME item.
- There are no exceptions to this when you return to Original Medicare or an MA plan.

N3. Oxygen equipment benefits as a member of our plan

If you qualify for oxygen equipment covered by Medicare we cover:

- rental of oxygen equipment
- delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- tubing and related accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

Oxygen equipment must be returned when it's no longer medically necessary for you or if you leave our plan.

N4. Oxygen equipment when you switch to Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to Original Medicare**, you rent it from a supplier for 36 months. Your monthly rental payments cover the oxygen equipment and the supplies and services listed above.

If oxygen equipment is medically necessary **after you rent it for 36 months**, your supplier must provide:

- oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months
- oxygen equipment and supplies for up to five years if medically necessary

If oxygen equipment is still medically necessary **at the end of the five-year period**:

- Your supplier no longer has to provide it, and you may choose to get replacement equipment from any supplier.
- A new five-year period begins.
- You rent from a supplier for 36 months.
- Your supplier then provides the oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months.

- A new cycle begins every five years as long as oxygen equipment is medically necessary.

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to another MA plan**, the plan will cover at least what Original Medicare covers. You can ask your new MA plan what oxygen equipment and supplies it covers and what your costs will be.

Chapter 4: Benefits chart

Introduction

This chapter tells you about the services our plan covers and any restrictions or limits on those services . It also tells you about benefits not covered under our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

Table of Contents

A. Your covered services 57

B. Rules against providers charging you for services 57

C. About our plan's Benefits Chart 57

D. Our plan's Benefits Chart 60

E. Benefits covered outside of our plan 137

E1. Services Covered by MassHealth (Medicaid) Fee-For-Service 137

E2. State Agency Services 137

F. Benefits not covered by our plan, Medicare, or MassHealth (Medicaid) 137

A. Your covered services

This chapter tells you about services our plan covers. You can also learn about services that aren't covered. Information about drug benefits is in **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook*. This chapter also explains limits on some services.

Because you get help from MassHealth (Medicaid), you pay nothing for your covered services as long as you follow our plan's rules. Refer to **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* for details about our plan's rules.

If you need help understanding what services are covered, call Member Services at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711).

B. Rules against providers charging you for services

We don't allow our providers to bill you for in network covered services. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service.

You should never get a bill from a provider for covered services. If you do, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook* or call Member Services.

C. About our plan's Benefits Chart

Tufts Health One Care offers long-term care and home and community-based services to members that require additional services where they reside. Home and community-based services are organized through regional Aging Service Access Points (ASAPs) and Independent Living Centers (ILCs).

The Benefits Chart tells you the services our plan pays for. (Drug coverage is in **Chapter 5**.) It lists covered services in alphabetical order and explains them.

We pay for the services listed in the Benefits Chart when the following rules are met. You **don't** pay anything for the services listed in the Benefits Chart, as long as you meet the requirements described below.

- We provide covered Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) covered services according to the rules set by Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).
- The services *(including medical care, mental health and substance use services, long-term services and supports, supplies, equipment, and drugs)* must be "medically necessary." Medically necessary describes services, supplies, or

drugs you need to prevent, diagnose, or treat a medical condition or to maintain your current health status. This includes care that keeps you from going into a hospital or nursing facility. It also means the services, supplies, or drugs meet accepted standards of medical practice. In addition, a service is considered medically necessary if it can help you get better, stay the same, or improve your health or daily functioning, or prevent your health or functioning from getting worse if care is delayed, reduced, or not provided.

- For new enrollees, for the first 90 days we may not require you to get approval in advance for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that began with an out-of-network provider.
- You get your care from a network provider. A network provider is a provider who works with us. In most cases, care you get from an out-of-network provider won't be covered unless it's an emergency or urgently needed care, or unless our plan or a network provider gave you a referral. **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* has more information about using network and out-of-network providers.
- You have a primary care provider (PCP) or a care team providing and managing your care. In most cases, your PCP must give you approval before you can use a provider that isn't your PCP or use other providers in our plan's network. This is called a referral. **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* has more information about getting a referral and when you **don't** need one.
  - If you have an unexpected hospital or inpatient visit, your care coordinator will reach out to you to understand any changes in medication or health status. They will work with you to make sure you have what you need to recover in your home.
- We cover some services listed in the Benefits Chart only if your doctor or other network provider gets our approval first. This is called prior authorization (PA). We mark covered services in the Benefits Chart that need PA in italic type.
- If our plan provides approval of a PA request for a course of treatment, the approval must be valid for as long as medically reasonable and necessary to avoid disruptions in care based on coverage criteria, your medical history, and the treating provider's recommendations.
- Some of the services in the Benefits Charts are covered only if you and your Care Team *decide that they are right for you and they are in your Individualized Care Plan (ICP).*
- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. (To learn more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, go to

your *Medicare & You 2027* handbook. View it online at www.Medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.)

- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2027, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.
- If you lose your MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility but can be expected to regain it within *one month*, we'll continue to provide all Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) covered benefits. During this time, we'll assist you to regain MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility. If you can't regain MassHealth (Medicaid) within one month we'll disenroll you from Tufts Health One Care. If you regain MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility after being disenrolled, you'll need to contact us to reenroll in the plan.

All preventive services are free. This apple 🍎 shows the preventive services in the Benefits Chart.

D. Our plan's Benefits Chart

Covered Service		What you pay
🍎	**Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening** We pay for a one-time ultrasound screening for people at risk. Our plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant (PA), nurse practitioner (NP), or clinical nurse specialist (CNS).	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Abortion services Abortion services are covered under your MassHealth (Medicaid) state benefit.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Acupuncture We pay for acupuncture services: • to treat pain; • as part of SUD treatment; and • for related evaluation and treatment planning office visits We require prior approval after 20 acupuncture treatments in each year for pain or SUD treatment. Your provider may also change or stop your treatment plan if you're not getting better after the first four treatments. For chronic low back pain, we pay for up to 12 acupuncture visits in 90 days. Chronic low back pain is defined as: • lasting 12 weeks or longer; • not specific (having no systemic cause that can be identified, such as not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, or infectious disease); • not associated with surgery; • not associated with pregnancy. We'll also pay for an additional eight sessions of acupuncture for chronic low back pain if you show improvement in the first 12 visits. Acupuncture treatments must be stopped if you don't get better or if you get worse. Provider Requirements: Physicians may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements. Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have: **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required for additional acupuncture services beyond 20 visits.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Acupuncture (continued) • a master's or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and, • a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia. Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations.	
	Adult day health services The plan covers services from adult day health providers at an organized program. These services may include the following: • nursing services and health oversight • therapy • assistance with activities of daily living • nutritional and dietary services • counseling services • activities • case management • transportation	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0
	Adult foster care services The plan covers services from adult foster care providers in a residential setting. These services may include the following: • assistance with activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, and personal care • supervision • nursing oversight	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
🍎	**Alcohol misuse screening and counseling** We pay for one alcohol-misuse screening for adults who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol dependent. This includes pregnant women. If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief, face-to-face counseling sessions each year (if you're able and alert during counseling) with a qualified primary care provider (PCP) or practitioner in a primary care setting.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Ambulance services Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include ground and air (airplane and helicopter), and ambulance services. The ambulance will take you to the nearest place that can give you care. Your condition must be serious enough that other ways of getting to a place of care could risk your health or life. Ambulance services are covered worldwide. Ambulance services for other cases (non-emergent) must be approved by us. In cases that aren't emergencies, we may pay for an ambulance. Your condition must be serious enough that other ways of getting to a place of care could risk your life or health. For more information about non-emergency transportation services covered by our plan, see **Medically necessary non-emergency transportation** and **Transportation** (non-medical purposes) sections listed later in this chart.	*Prior authorization is required for non-emergency ambulance services farther than 50 miles from your pick-up address.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Annual physical exam The Annual Physical Exam is a more comprehensive examination than an annual wellness visit. Services will include the following: bodily systems examinations, such as heart, lung, head and neck, and neurological system; measurement and recording of vital signs such as blood pressure, heart rate, and respiratory rate; a complete prescription medication review; and a review of any recent hospitalizations. Covered once every calendar year.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
🍎	**Annual wellness visit** You can get an annual checkup. This is to make or update a prevention plan based on your current risk factors. We pay for this once every calendar year. **Note:** Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your **Welcome to Medicare** visit. However, you don't need to have had a **Welcome to Medicare** visit to get annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Audiologist services The plan covers audiologist (hearing) exams and evaluations.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* *No referral is required for an annual routine hearing test, but you must use a Plan provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Bone mass measurement We pay for certain procedures for members who qualify (usually, someone at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis). These procedures identify bone mass, find bone loss, or find out bone quality. We pay for the services once every 24 months, or more often if medically necessary. We also pay for a doctor to look at and comment on the results.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Breast cancer screening (mammograms) We pay for the following services: • one baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 • one screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and over • clinical breast exams once every 24 months • diagnostic breast examinations for breast cancer, digital breast tomosynthesis screening and medically necessary and appropriate screening with breast MRIs or screening breast ultrasounds	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Cardiac (heart) rehabilitation services We pay for cardiac rehabilitation services such as exercise, education, and counseling. Members must meet certain conditions and have a doctor's order. We also cover intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs, which are more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs. We cover these comprehensive programs if you've had at least one of these conditions: • heart attack in the last 12 months • coronary artery bypass surgery • stable angina pectoris (chest pain) • heart valve repair or replacement • coronary angioplasty (a medical procedure used to open a blocked artery) or coronary stenting (a procedure used to keep an artery open) • heart or heart and lung transplant • stable chronic heart failure Coverage limitations: You can get up to 36 cardiac rehabilitation sessions. You can have two sessions per day (each lasting one hour), and the program can last up to 36 weeks. If you qualify, you may be able to get 36 more sessions that can be spread out over a longer time period.	*Prior authorization may be required.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive these services. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Cardiovascular (heart) disease risk reduction visit (therapy for heart disease) We pay for one visit a year, or more if medically necessary, with your primary care provider (PCP) to help lower your risk for heart disease. During the visit, your doctor may: • discuss aspirin use, • check your blood pressure, **and/or** • give you tips to make sure you're eating well.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Cardiovascular (heart) disease screening tests We pay for blood tests to check for cardiovascular disease once every five years (60 months). These blood tests also check for defects due to high risk of heart disease.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Cervical and vaginal cancer screening We pay for the following services: • for all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams once every 24 months • for women who are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer: one Pap test every 12 months • for women who have had an abnormal Pap test within the last three years and are of childbearing age: one Pap test every 12 months	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Chiropractic services We pay for the following services: • initial chiropractic evaluation • adjustments of the spine to correct alignment, office visits, and radiology services • chiropractic manipulative treatment and radiology services. We cover up to 20 office visits for chiropractic manipulation treatment.	*Prior authorization may be required.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive these services. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on the referral process. $0

Covered Service	What you pay
Colorectal cancer screening We pay for the following services: • Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (ten years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who aren't at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy. • Computed tomography colonography for patients 45 years and older who aren't at high risk of colorectal cancer is covered when at least 59 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography was performed, or when 47 months have passed following the month in which the last screening flexible sigmoidoscopy or screening colonoscopy was performed. For patients at high risk for colorectal cancer, payment may be made for a screening computed tomography colonography performed after at least 23 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography or the last screening colonoscopy was performed. • Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient got a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or computed tomography colonography. • Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months. • Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every three years. • Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every three years. **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Colorectal cancer screening (continued) • Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result. • Colorectal cancer screening tests include a planned screening flexible sigmoidoscopy or screening colonoscopy that involves the removal of tissue or other matter, or other procedure furnished in connection with, as a result of, and in the same clinical encounter as the screening test.	
	Community health center services The plan covers services from a community health center. Examples include the following: • office visits for primary care provider and specialists • OB/GYN and prenatal care • health education • medical social services • nutrition services, including diabetes self-management training and medical nutrition therapy • tobacco-cessation services • vaccines not covered by the Massachusetts Department of Public Health (MDPH)	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Day habilitation services The plan covers a program of services offered by day habilitation providers if you qualify because you have an intellectual or developmental disability. At this program, you develop a service plan that includes your goals and objectives and the activities to help you meet them. These services may include the following: • nursing services and health care supervision • developmental-skills training • therapy services • life skills/adult daily living training	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

	Dental services The plan covers preventive, restorative and emergency oral health care. We pay for some dental services when the service is an integral part of specific treatment of a person's primary medical condition. Examples include reconstruction of the jaw after a fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams prior to organ transplantation. Additionally, we cover: <u>Preventive/Diagnostic:</u> • Preventive (cleanings) • Routine exam • X-rays <u>Restorative:</u> • Fillings • Crowns • Endodontic therapy • Apicoectomy/periradicular surgery <u>Periodontics</u>: • Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty • Periodontal scaling and root planing <u>Prosthodontics, removable</u>: • Complete denture • Partial denture • Reline complete denture <u>Prosthodontics, fixed</u> <u>Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery:</u> • Extractions (removing teeth) • Some oral surgery, such as biopsies and soft-tissue surgery • Alveoloplasty • Oral and maxillofacial Surgery <u>Emergency Care Visits</u>	*Prior authorization may be required for Medicare covered dental services.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive *Medicare covered dental services.* Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. Services must be performed by a DentaQuest provider. Limitations may apply. For more information, contact DentaQuest at 1-855-418-1625 (TTY: 1- 800-466-7566). $0

Covered Service		What you pay
🍎	**Depression screening** We pay for one depression screening each year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can give follow-up treatment and/or referrals.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
🍎	**Diabetes screening** We pay for this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: • high blood pressure (hypertension) • history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia) • obesity • history of high blood sugar (glucose) Tests may be covered in some other cases, such as if you're overweight and have a family history of diabetes. You may qualify for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening test.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

	Diabetic self-management training, services, and supplies We pay for the following services for all people who have diabetes (whether they use insulin or not): • Supplies to monitor your blood glucose, including the following: ○ a blood glucose monitor ○ blood glucose test strips ○ lancet devices and lancets ○ glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors • For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease, we pay for the following: ○ one pair of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts), including the fitting, and two extra pairs of inserts each calendar year, **or** ○ one pair of depth shoes, including the fitting, and three pairs of inserts each year (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes) • In some cases, we pay for training to help you manage your diabetes. To find out more, contact Member Services. The plan covers two additional pairs of therapeutic, custom-molded shoes under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits for members who have severe diabetic foot disease and meet the requirements as defined by Medicare. Coverage includes fitting. Diabetic testing supplies including blood glucose monitors, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices, lancets, glucose control solutions, and Continuous Glucose Monitoring Systems (CGMs) are covered under the plan's medical benefit at participating retail or mail-order pharmacies. We cover: Accu-Chek Test Strips **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required for diabetic services and supplies.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Diabetic self-management training, services, and supplies (continued) Accu-Chek Meters (Quantity Limit: 1 meter per 180 days) Dexcom and FreeStyle Libre CGMs that are considered Durable Medical Equipment (DME) by Medicare	

Covered Service		What you pay
	Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies Refer to **Chapter 12** of this *Member Handbook* for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." We cover the following items: • wheelchairs • crutches • powered mattress systems • diabetic supplies • hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home • intravenous (IV) infusion pumps and pole • speech generating devices • oxygen equipment and supplies • nebulizers • walkers • standard curved handle or quad cane and replacement supplies • cervical traction (over the door) • bone stimulator • dialysis care equipment • breast pumps Other items may be covered. **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued) We pay for all medically necessary DME that Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) usually pay for. If our supplier in your area doesn't carry a particular brand or maker, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. To find a DME supplier, see our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory.* **Note**: o For coverage, the item/supplies must be **covered by the plan**; **medically necessary**; provided by an **in-network DME supplier**; and in some instances, have a **prior authorization** on file. For help determining whether items/supplies are covered, and/or whether prior authorization is required, and/or whether a DME supplier is in our network, call Member Services.	

Covered Service		What you pay
	Emergency care Emergency care means services that are: • given by a provider trained to give emergency services, • needed to evaluate or treat a medical emergency. A medical emergency is an illness, injury, severe pain, or medical condition that's quickly getting worse. The condition is so serious that, if it doesn't get immediate medical attention, anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in: • serious risk to your life or to that of your unborn child; **or** • serious harm to bodily functions; **or** • loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. • In the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when: ○ There isn't enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery. ○ A transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety or to that of your unborn child. Emergency care is covered for inpatient and outpatient medical and behavioral health and/or substance use services that are needed to evaluate or stabilize a member's emergency medical condition. Emergency services include post-stabilization services provided after an emergency is stabilized in order to maintain the stabilized condition or to improve or resolve the member's condition. The attending emergency physician, or the provider actually treating the member, is responsible for determining when the member is sufficiently stabilized for transfer. Your plan includes worldwide coverage for emergency care.	If you get emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency is stabilized, *you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by the plan.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Group adult foster care The plan covers services provided by group adult foster care providers for members who qualify. These services are offered in a group-supported housing environment and may include the following: ● assistance with activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, and personal care ● supervision ● nursing oversight ● care management	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0
	Hearing services, including hearing aids We pay for hearing and balance tests done by your provider. These tests tell you whether you need medical treatment. They're covered as outpatient care when you get them from a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider. The plan also covers the following: ● One routine hearing test every calendar year ● providing and dispensing hearing aids, batteries, and accessories ● instruction in the use, care, and management of hearing aids ● ear molds ● ear impressions ● loan of a hearing aid, when necessary	*Prior authorization is not required for most services provided by a network provider.* Some hearing aids may require prior authorization. *Prior authorization is required for monaural (one ear) more than $500 or binaural (two ears) more than $1,000. Prior authorization is required for all out-of-network providers.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	HIV screening We pay for one HIV screening exam every 12 months for people who: • ask for an HIV screening test, **or** • are at increased risk for HIV infection. If you're pregnant, we pay for up to three HIV screening tests during a pregnancy.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Home health agency care Before you can get home health services, a doctor must tell us you need them, and they must be provided by a home health agency. We pay for the following services provided by a home health agency, and maybe other services not listed here: • part-time, intermittent, and continous skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than eight hours per day and 35 hours per week.) • medication administration • physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy • medical and social services • medical equipment and supplies	*Prior authorization may be required.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive these services. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Home health aide services The plan covers services from a home health aide, under the supervision of a licensed RN or other professional, for members who qualify. Services may include the following: • simple dressing changes • assistance with medications • activities to support skilled therapies • routine care of prosthetic and orthotic devices	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0
	Home infusion therapy Our plan pays for home infusion therapy, defined as drugs or biological substances administered into a vein or applied under the skin and provided to you at home. The following are needed to perform home infusion: • the drug or biological substance, such as an antiviral or immune globulin; • equipment, such as a pump; **and** • supplies, such as tubing or a catheter. Our plan covers home infusion services that include but aren't limited to: • professional services, including nursing services, provided in accordance with your care plan; • member training and education not already included in the DME benefit; • remote monitoring; **and** • monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier.	*Prior authorization may be required for certain drugs or biological substances.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Homeless medical respite services You have access to pre- and post- colonoscopy support to prepare for and recover after a colonoscopy procedure. You have access to recovery support post-acute medical issues, case management and health and referral navigation to address other health and social needs, and planning support for transition to settings in the community.	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

	Hospice care You have the right to elect hospice if your provider and hospice medical director determine you have a terminal prognosis. This means you have a terminal illness and are expected to have six months or less to live. You can get care from any hospice program certified by Medicare. Our plan must help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including programs we own, control, or have a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider. Covered services include: • drugs to treat symptoms and pain • short-term respite care • home care When you're admitted to a hospice, you have the right to stay in our plan. If you choose to get your hospice care in a nursing facility, Tufts Health One Care will cover the cost of room and board. **For hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B that relate to your terminal prognosis are billed to Medicare:** • Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A or B services related to your terminal illness. While you're in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services Original Medicare pays for. **For services covered by our plan but not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B:** • Our plan covers services not covered under Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B. We cover the services whether or not they relate to your terminal prognosis. You pay nothing for these services. **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization is not required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Hospice care (continued) **For drugs that may be covered by our plan's Medicare Part D benefit:** • Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook*. **Note:** If you need non-hospice care, call your care coordinator and/or member services to arrange the services. Non-hospice care is care that **isn't** related to your terminal prognosis. Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill member who hasn't chosen the hospice benefit.	
	Immunizations We pay for the following services: • pneumonia vaccines • flu/influenza shots, once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu/influenza shots if medically necessary • hepatitis B vaccines if you've never received a complete series, you don't know your vaccination history, or you have any other condition that puts you at high or intermediate risk of getting hepatitis B • COVID-19 vaccines • other vaccines if you're at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules We pay for other vaccines that meet the Medicare Part D coverage rules. Refer to **Chapter 6** of this *Member Handbook* to learn more.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Independent nursing The plan covers care from an independent nurse in your home. This would include a nursing visit of more than two continuous hours of nursing services for individuals living in the community.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Inpatient behavioral health care Inpatient services, such as: ● inpatient mental health services to evaluate and treat an acute psychiatric condition ● inpatient substance use disorder services ● observation/holding beds ● administratively necessary day services ● for inpatient behavioral health/substance use disorder services, you may be required to use the hospital designated by your Primary Care Physician (PCP/PCT) for behavioral health services. This may require a transfer from the hospital your PCP/PCT uses for medical and surgical services to the facility designated for behavioral health services. Under this plan, there's no lifetime limit on the number of days a member can have in an inpatient behavioral health care facility.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Inpatient hospital care Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you're formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you're discharged is your last inpatient day. We pay for the following services and other medically necessary services not listed here: • semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary) • meals, including special diets • regular nursing services • costs of special care units, such as intensive care or coronary care units • drugs and medications • lab tests • X-rays and other radiology services • needed surgical and medical supplies • appliances, such as wheelchairs • operating and recovery room services • physical, occupational, and speech therapy • inpatient substance use services • in some cases, the following types of transplants: corneal, kidney, kidney/pancreas, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required before you receive certain inaptient hospital care.* *Prior authorization is not required for behavioral health inpatient hospital services, such as inpatient substance use disorder services.* You must get approval from our plan to get inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency is stabilized. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Inpatient hospital care (continued) If you need a transplant, a Medicare-approved transplant center will review your case and decide if you're a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If local transplant providers are willing to accept the Medicare rate, then you can get your transplant services locally or outside the pattern of care for your community. If our plan provides transplant services outside the pattern of care for our community and you choose to get your transplant there, we arrange or pay for lodging and travel costs for you and one other person. • blood, including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells starts only with the fourth pint of blood you need. You must either pay the costs for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered starting with the first pint. • physician services **Note:** To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you're not sure if you're an inpatient or an outpatient, ask the hospital staff. Get more information in the Medicare fact sheet *Medicare Hospital Benefits*. This fact sheet is available at Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.	

Covered Service		What you pay
	Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital We pay for mental health care services that require a hospital stay. Medicare covers up to 90 days per benefit period with a limit of up to 190 days of inpatient psychiatric hospital care in a lifetime. The 190-day limit doesn't apply to inpatient behavioral health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital. MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits cover all approved stays in excess of the Medicare limit.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Inpatient stay: Covered services in a hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF) during a non-covered inpatient stay We pay for the following services while you're in the hospital or a nursing facility, and maybe other services not listed here: • doctor services • diagnostic tests, like lab tests • X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy, including technician materials and services • surgical dressings • splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations • prosthetics and orthotic devices, other than dental, including replacement or repairs of such devices. These are devices that replace all or part of: ○ an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), **or** ○ the function of an inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ. • leg, arm, back, and neck braces, trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes. This includes adjustments, repairs, and replacements needed because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in your condition • physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Institutional care Services such as nursing, medical social work, assistance with activities of daily living, therapies, nutrition, and drugs and biologicals provided at a skilled nursing facility or other nursing facility. Members are followed throughout the continuum of health, including any time spent in a skilled nursing facility and/or long-term care facility. Tufts Health One Care will direct you to selected facilities to best manage your specific needs while receiving care in an Institutional setting. Team members may include a Nurse Practitioner or Physician-assigned, facility-based, and community-based care managers, and specialists. You will work with your Primary Care Team (PCT) to select a facility from the identified options. This means in most cases you will not have full access to the network facilities for these services. Exclusions include instances in which a spouse lives at a facility you are requesting or if you currently live in a facility and join our program.	*You pay $0 for covered services unless MassHealth (Medicaid) determines you have a monthly Patient Paid Amount (PPA) for which you are responsible. You must pay the PPA directly to the nursing facility.*

Covered Service		What you pay
	Kidney disease services and supplies We pay for the following services: • Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help you make good decisions about your care. You must have stage IV chronic kidney disease, and your doctor must refer you. We cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services. • Outpatient dialysis treatments, including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook*, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. • Inpatient dialysis treatments if you're admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care • Self-dialysis training, including training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments • Home dialysis equipment and supplies • Certain home support services, such as necessary visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and to check your dialysis equipment and water supply. • Laboratory • Tubing change and adaptor change • Hemodialysis; intermittent peritoneal dialysis; continuous cycling peritoneal dialysis; and continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis Medicare Part B pays for some drugs for dialysis. For information, refer to "Medicare Part B drugs" in this chart.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Lung cancer screening with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) Our plan pays for lung cancer screening every 12 months if you: • are aged 50-77, **and** • have a counseling and shared decision-making visit with your doctor or other qualified provider, **and** • have smoked at least one pack a day for 20 years with no signs or symptoms of lung cancer or smoke now or have quit within the last 15 years After the first screening, our plan pays for another screening each year with a written order from your doctor or other qualified provider. If a provider elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for lung cancer screenings, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Medical nutrition therapy The plan covers nutritional diagnostic therapy and counseling services to help you manage a medical condition (such as diabetes or kidney disease).	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Medically necessary non-emergency transportation The plan covers transportation you need for medical reasons other than emergencies. This includes chair car, taxi, common carriers, and ambulance (land) services as needed to help you get to a service we pay for (in-state or out-of-state). Please refer to **Chapter 3 Section H** in this *Member Handbook* for details on how to schedule a ride with the plan-approved vendor.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	**Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)** Our plan pays for MDPP services for eligible people. MDPP is designed to help you increase healthy behavior. It provides practical training in: • long-term dietary change, **and** • increased physical activity, **and** • ways to maintain weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Medicare Part B drugs These drugs are covered under Part B of Medicare. Our plan pays for the following drugs: • drugs you don't usually give yourself and are injected or infused while you get doctor, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgery center services • insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump) • other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that our plan authorized • the Alzheimer's drug Leqembi® (generic lecanemab) which is given intravenously (IV). In addition to medication costs, you may need additional scans and tests before and/or during treatment. Talk to your doctor about what scans and tests you may need as part of your treatment. • clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia • transplant/immunosuppressive drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs. Medicare Part D covers immunosuppressive drugs if Part B doesn't cover them • osteoporosis drugs that are injected. We pay for these drugs if you're homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and can't inject the drug yourself **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required for certain drugs or biological substances.* Part B drugs may be subject to Step Therapy requirements including Part B to Part B, Part B to Part D, and Part D to Part B drugs. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Medicare Part B drugs (continued) • some antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision • certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a drug that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active ingredient found in the injectable drug). As new oral cancer drugs become available, Part B may cover them. If Part B doesn't cover them, Part D does • oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti-nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement for an intravenous anti-nausea drug • certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs covered under Medicare Part B if the same drug is available in injectable form and the Part B ESRD benefit covers it • calcimimetic and phosphate binder medications under the ESRD payment system, including the intravenous medication Parsabiv®, and the oral medication Sensipar • certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin (when medically necessary) and topical anesthetics • erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have ESRD or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Procrit®, or Retacrit®,) **This benefit is continued on the next page**	

Covered Service		What you pay
	Medicare Part B drugs (continued) • IV immune globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases • parenteral and enteral nutrition (IV and tube feeding) The following link takes you to a list of Medicare Part B drugs that may be subject to step therapy: https://www.point32health.org/provider/medical-benefit-drug-medical-necessity-guidelines.. We also cover some vaccines under our Medicare Part B and most adult vaccines under our Medicare Part D drug benefit. **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* explains our drug benefit. It explains rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. **Chapter 6** of this *Member Handbook* explains what you pay for your drugs through our plan.	

Covered Service		What you pay
	Nursing facility care A nursing facility (NF) is a place that provides care for people who can't get care at home but who don't need to be in a hospital. Services that we pay for include, but aren't limited to, the following: • semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) • meals, including special diets • nursing services • physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy • respiratory therapy • drugs given to you as part of your plan of care. (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood-clotting factors.) • blood, including storage and administration, • medical and surgical supplies usually given by nursing facilities • lab tests usually given by nursing facilities • X-rays and other radiology services usually given by nursing facilities • use of appliances, such as wheelchairs usually given by nursing facilities **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Nursing facility care (continued) • physician/practitioner services • durable medical equipment • dental services, including dentures • vision benefits • hearing exams • chiropractic care • podiatry services You usually get your care from network facilities. However, you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment: • a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care). • a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital.	
	Obesity screening and therapy to keep weight down If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we pay for counseling to help you lose weight. You must get the counseling in a primary care setting. That way, it can be managed with your full prevention plan. Talk to your primary care provider to find out more.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Opioid treatment program (OTP) services Our plan pays for the following services to treat opioid use disorder (OUD) through an OTP which includes the following services: • intake activities • periodic assessments • medications approved by the FDA and, if applicable, managing and giving you these medications • substance use counseling • individual and group therapy • testing for drugs or chemicals in your body (toxicology testing) ***Note**: OTP services may also be referred to as "Medication-Assisted Treatment" (MAT).*	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* *Prior authorization may be required for certain medications.* $0
	Orthotic services The plan covers braces (non-dental) and other mechanical or molded devices to support or correct the form or function of the human body.	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies We pay for the following services and other medically necessary services not listed here: • X-rays • radiation (radium and isotope) therapy, including technician materials and supplies • surgical supplies, such as dressings • splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations • lab tests • blood, including storage and administration • diagnostic non-laboratory tests such as CT scans, MRIs, EKGs, and PET scans when your doctor or other health care provider orders them to treat a medical condition • other outpatient diagnostic tests	*Prior authorization may be required*. $0
	Outpatient drugs Please read **Chapter 5** for information on drug benefits, and **Chapter 6** for information on what you pay for drugs.	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Outpatient hospital observation We pay for outpatient hospital observation services to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged. The services must meet Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another person authorized by state law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests. **Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you aren't sure if you're an outpatient, ask hospital staff. Get more information from the Medicare fact sheet *Medicare Hospital Benefits* available at Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Outpatient hospital services We pay for medically necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury, such as: • Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as outpatient surgery or observation services • Labs and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital • Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be needed without it • X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital • Medical supplies, such as splints and casts • Some drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself	*Prior authorization may be required.* *Note: See also "Outpatient surgery."* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive these services. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Outpatient behavioral health care We pay for mental health services provided by: • a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor • a clinical psychologist (CSW) • a clinical social worker (CNS) • a clinical nurse specialist • a licensed professional counselor (LPC) • a licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT) • a nurse practitioner (NP) • a physician assistant (PA) • any other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws The plan covers services including: • individual, group, and couples/family treatment • medication visit • diagnostic evaluation • family consultation • case consultation • psychiatric consultation on an inpatient medical unit • inpatient-outpatient bridge visit • acupuncture treatment • opioid replacement therapy • ambulatory detoxification (Level II.d) **This benefit is continued on the next page**	A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive certain services. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Outpatient mental health care (continued) • psychological testing • Dialectical Behavioral Therapy • Emergency Department-based Crisis Intervention Mental Health Services • Electro-Convulsive Therapy • Repetitive Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (rTMS) • Specialing You have the option of getting these services through an inperson visit or by telehealth. You can connect with a telehealth provider by phone or video. Talk with your provider to understand the specific types of telehealth options they have available.	
	Outpatient rehabilitation and therapy services We pay for physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy, and related comprehensive evaluations. You can get outpatient rehabilitation and therapy services from hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs), and other facilities.	*Prior authorization may be required.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive these services. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Outpatient substance use disorder services We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here: • alcohol misuse screening and counseling • treatment of substance use disorder • group or individual counseling by a qualified clinician • subacute detoxification in a residential recovery program • alcohol and/or substance use services in an intensive outpatient treatment center • extended-release Naltrexone (vivitrol) treatment You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. You can connect with a telehealth provider by phone or video. Talk with your provider to understand the specific types of telehealth options they have available.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Outpatient surgery We pay for outpatient surgery and services at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers. The plan covers gender reassignment services. Services may include the following: mastectomy, breast augmentation, hysterectomy, salpingectomy, oophorectomy, or genital reconstructive surgery. Services and procedures that are considered cosmetic and reversal of gender reassignment surgery are not covered. Your provider will be required to submit your medical records for review. For more information or help, please contact your care team. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient. **Note:** If you're having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you'll be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.	*Prior authorization may be required.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive these services. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Over-the-Counter (OTC) Rx drugs Over-the-Counter (OTC) and prescription medicines: Please see OTC “Drug List” Additional coverage for OTC Rx In addition to the OTC “Drug List”, Tufts Health One Care provides coverage for the following OTC Rx drugs: You have additional coverage for the following OTC Rx items: Methylsulfonylmethane (MSM) Glucosamine/Chondroitin/MSM Glucosamine/MSM Chondroitin/MSM Omega 3/Fish Oil Benzonatate Robitussin Cough + Chest Congestion DM (liquid) Mucinex 600 mg Non-brand-name (generic) OTC medications will be dispensed unless otherwise approved by Tufts Health One Care**. See formulary.**	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* You pay $0 for covered OTC medications. Before you receive OTC medications you must first obtain a prescription from your treating provider. $0
	Oxygen and respiratory therapy equipment The plan covers services including oxygen systems, refills, and oxygen therapy equipment rental.	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services **Partial hospitalization** is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment. It's offered as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health centerthat's more intense than the care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office. It can help keep you from having to stay in the hospital. **Intensive outpatient service** is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, a community mental health center, a federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that's more intense than care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, LMFT, or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.	*Prior authorization is not required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Personal care attendant services The plan covers personal care attendant services to assist you with activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living if you qualify. These include, for example: • bathing • meal preparation and eating • dressing and grooming • medication management • moving from place to place • toileting • transferring • laundry • housekeeping You can hire a worker yourself to help you with hands-on tasks. Your care team will work with you to decide if that service is right for you and will be in your care plan.	*Prior authorization may be required.* Before you receive Personal Care Attendant (PCA) services, you must first discuss these services with your care coordinator or LTS coordinator. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits We pay for the following services: • medically necessary health care or surgery services given in places such as: ○ physician's office ○ certified ambulatory surgical center ○ hospital outpatient department ○ any other location • consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist • basic hearing and balance exams given by your primary care provider ***or*** specialist, if your doctor orders them to find out whether you need treatment **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required for certain services.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive specialist services in person or via telehealth. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued) ○ You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. ○ Certain telehealth services, including for medical, behavioral health, ancillary health, and home health care visits, when clinically appropriate and do not require in-person assessment and/or treatment. ○ telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease (ESRD) related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or at home ○ telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke ○ telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of your location **This benefit is continued on the next page**	

Covered Service		What you pay
	Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued) • telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders • telehealth services for mental health visits provided by rural health clinics and federally qualified health centers. • telehealth services provided by qualified occupational therapists (OTs), physical therapists (PTs), speech-language pathologists (SLPs), and audiologists • virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for five -ten minutes **if** ○ you're not a new patient **and** ○ the check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past seven days **and** ○ the check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment • evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours **if**: ○ you're not a new patient and ○ the evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past seven days **and** ○ the evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment **This benefit is continued on the next page**	

	Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued) • Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, the Internet, or electronic health record if you're not a new patient • Second opinion by another network provider before surgery • non-routine dental care. Covered services are limited to the following: o surgery of the jaw or related structures o setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones o pulling teeth before radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer, **or** services that would be covered when provided by a physician • Annual Physical Exam (a more comprehensive examination than an annual wellness visit). Services will include the following: bodily systems examinations, such as heart, lung, head and neck; neurological system/measurement; recording of vital signs such as blood pressure, heart rate, and respiratory rate; a complete prescription medication review; and a review of any recent hospitalizations). Covered once every calendar year. • follow-up office visits following discharge from hospital, SNF, Community Behavioral Health Centers stay, outpatient observation, or partial hospitalization • additional telehealth services not covered by Medicare, including: o Primary Care Physician Services and Other Health Care Professionals (PAs & NPs) o Physician Specialist Services **This benefit is continued on the next page**	

	Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued) ○ Individual and Group Sessions for Behavioral Health Specialty Services ○ Individual and Group Sessions for Psychiatric Services ○ Opioid Treatment Program Services ○ Observation Services ○ Individual and Group Sessions for Outpatient Substance use Disorder Services ○ Kidney Disease Education Services ○ Diabetes Self-Management Training ○ Urgently Needed Services ○ Physical Therapy and Speech-Language Pathology Services ○ Pulmonary Rehabilitation Services ○ Partial Hospitalization Services ○ Intensive Outpatient Services ○ Cardiac Rehabilitation Services ○ Intensive Cardiac Rehabilitation Services ○ Remote Patient Monitoring Services • additional telehealth coverage includes only synchronous audio and visual consultations with your physician using a HIPAA-compliant communication software **This benefit is continued on the next page**	

Covered Service		What you pay
	Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued) • additional telehealth services are covered with your existing providers from any location, or from any provider with a referral for a telemedicine visit from your PCP You have the option of receiving these services either through an in-person visit or via telehealth. If you choose to receive one of these services via telehealth, you must use a network provider that currently offers the service via telehealth	
	Physician, nurse practitioner, and nurse midwife services The plan covers physician, nurse practitioner, and nurse midwife services. These include, for example: • office visits for primary care and specialists • OB/GYN and prenatal care • diabetes self-management training • medical nutritional therapy • tobacco-cessation services	*Prior authorization may be required for certain services.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive specialist services. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Podiatry services We pay for the following services: • diagnosis and medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the foot (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) • routine foot care for members with conditions affecting the legs, such as diabetes	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive these services. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0
	Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) for HIV prevention If you don't have HIV, but your doctor or other health care practitioner determines you're at an increased risk for HIV, we cover pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) medication and related services. If you qualify, covered services include: • FDA-approved oral or injectable PrEP medication including the fee for injecting the drug, if applicable. • Up to eight individual counseling sessions (including HIV risk assessment, HIV risk reduction, and medication adherence) every 12 months. • Up to eight HIV screenings every 12 months. • A one-time hepatitis B virus screening.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Prostate cancer screening exams For men aged 50 and over, we pay for the following services once every 12 months: • a digital rectal exam • a prostate specific antigen (PSA) test	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

	Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies Prosthetic devices replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but aren't limited to: • testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices • colostomy bags and supplies related to colostomy care • pacemakers • braces • prosthetic shoes • artificial arms and legs • breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy) We pay for some supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices. We also pay to repair or replace prosthetic and orthotic devices. We offer some coverage after cataract removal or cataract surgery. Refer to "Vision care" later in this chart for details. **Note:** o For coverage, the device/supplies must be **covered by the plan; medically necessary;** provided by an **in-network DME or Orthotics and Prosthetics (O&P) supplier**; and in some instances, have a **prior authorization** on file. o For help determining whether devices/supplies are covered, and/or whether prior authorization is required, and/or whether a DEM or Orthotics and Prosthetics (O&P) supplier is in our network, call Member Services. **Lymphedema Compression Treatment Items** The plan covers lymphedema compression treatment items up to 12 garments and related accessories every 6 months for members with any diagnosis of lymphedema. The **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies (continued) lymphedema compression treatment items must be prescribed by a physician (or a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or a clinical nurse specialist). Lymphedema compression treatment items for any non-lymphedema diagnosis are not covered. The items must be furnished by an enrolled Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetic Devices, Prosthetics, Orthotics, & Supplies (DMEPOS) supplier. All suppliers, including physical therapists and other practitioners furnishing bandaging systems must be enrolled as a DMEPOS supplier to be paid for furnishing lymphedema compression treatment items. The following categories of lymphedema compression treatment items are covered when determined to be reasonable and necessary for the treatment of lymphedema: o Standard daytime gradient compression garments o Custom daytime gradient compression garments o Nighttime gradient compression garments o Gradient compression wraps with adjustable straps o Accessories (e.g., zippers, linings, padding, or fillers, etc.) necessary for the effective use of a gradient compression garment or wrap o Compression bandaging supplies o Other items determined by CMS to be lymphedema compression items **Medical Supplies** Medically necessary items or other materials that are used once, and thrown away, or somehow used up. Includes but not limited to: catheters, gauze, surgical dressing upplies, bandages, sterile water, and tracheostomy supplies	

Covered Service		What you pay
	Pulmonary rehabilitation services We pay for pulmonary rehabilitation programs for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). You must have an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor or provider treating the COPD.	*Prior authorization maybe be required.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive these services.Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this*Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0
	Remote patient monitoring (RPM) The use of select medical devices that transmit digital personal health information in a synchronous or asynchronous manner from an at-risk patient to a treating provider at a distant location, enabling the provider to respond to the patient and manage their condition. RPM is available to members who meet certain clinical criteria.	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service	What you pay
Screening for Hepatitis C Virus infection We cover one Hepatitis C screening if your primary care doctor or other qualified health care provider orders one and you meet one of these conditions: • You're at high risk because you use or have used illicit injection drugs. • You had a blood transfusion before 1992. • You were born between 1945-1965. If you were born between 1945-1965 and aren't considered high risk, we pay for a screening once. If you're at high risk (for example, you've continued to use illicit injection drugs since your previous negative Hepatitis C screening test), we cover yearly screenings.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Sexual and reproductive health/family planning services The law lets you choose any provider – whether a network provider or out-of-network provider – for certain family planning services. This means any doctor, clinic, hospital, pharmacy or family planning office. We pay for the following services: • family planning exam and medical treatment • family planning lab and diagnostic tests • family planning methods (IUC/IUD, implants, injections, birth control pills, patch, or ring) • family planning supplies with prescription (condom, sponge, foam, film, diaphragm, cap) • counseling and diagnosis of infertility and related services • counseling, testing, and treatment for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) • counseling and testing for HIV and AIDS, and other HIV-related conditions • permanent contraception (You must sign a federal sterilization consent form at least 30 days, but not more than 180 days before the date of surgery.) • genetic counseling We also pay for some other family planning services. However, you must use a provider in our provider network for the following services: • treatment for medical conditions of infertility (This service doesn't include artificial ways to become pregnant.) • treatment for AIDS and other HIV-related conditions • genetic testing	*Prior authorization is not required for family planning services provided by a network or MassHealth (Medicaid) provider.* *Prior authorization is required for genetic testing.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) screening and counseling We pay for screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and hepatitis B. We also pay for up to two face-to-face, high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. Each session can be 20 to 30 minutes long. We pay for these counseling sessions as a preventive service only if given by a primary care provider. The sessions must be in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, go to **Chapter 12.** You are covered for up to 100 days each benefit period under Medicare. No prior hospital stay is required. If you exhaust your Medicare benefit, you are still covered under MassHealth (Medicaid). We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here: • a semi-private room, or a private room if it's medically necessary • meals, including special diets • skilled nursing services • physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy • drugs you get as part of your plan of care, including substances that are naturally in the body, such as blood-clotting factors • blood, including storage and administration • medical and surgical supplies given by SNFs • lab tests given by SNFs • X-rays and other radiology services given by nursing facilities • appliances, such as wheelchairs, usually given by nursing facilities • physician/provider services **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued) You usually get SNF care from network facilities. Under certain conditions you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment: • a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where you lived before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care) • a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner lives at the time you leave the hospital	

	Smoking and tobacco use cessation Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling is covered for outpatient and hospitalized patients who meet these criteria: • use tobacco, regardless of whether they exhibit signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease • are competent and alert during counseling • a qualified physician or other Medicare-recognized practitioner provides counseling We cover two cessation attempts per year (each attempt may include a maximum of four intermediate or intensive sessions, with up to eight sessions per year). We cover face-to-face individual and group tobacco cessation counseling and pharmacotherapy treatment, including nicotine replacement therapy (NRT). This is in addition to any services that are covered by Medicare. • Smoking cessation telephonic counseling is also available through the Massachusetts Tobacco Cessation and Prevention Program (MTCP). MTCP is a free, evidence-based stop-smoking service developed by the Massachusetts Department of Public Health. If you are ready to quit or are thinking about it, ask your doctor about the Massachusetts Tobacco Cessation and Prevention Program (MTCP), or visit www.mass.gov/take-the-first-step-toward-a-nicotine-free-life, or call 1-800-QUIT-NOW (1-800-784-8669). • Check your Tufts Health One Care Formulary for covered smoking cessation agents. Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling is covered for outpatient and hospitalized patients who meet these criteria: •use tobacco, regardless of whether they exhibit signs or symptoms of tobacco-relateddisease •are competent and alert during counseling **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Smoking and tobacco use cessation (continued) a qualified physician or other Medicare-recognized practitioner provides counseling We cover two cessation attempts per year (each attempt may include a maximum of four intermediate or intensive sessions, with up to eight sessions per year).	
	Supervised exercise therapy (SET) We pay for SET for members with symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) who have a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment. Our plan pays for: • up to 36 sessions during a 12-week period if all SET requirements are met • an additional 36 sessions over time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider The SET program must be: • 30 to 60-minute sessions of a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in members with leg cramping due to poor blood flow (claudication) • in a hospital outpatient setting or in a physician's office • delivered by qualified personnel who make sure benefit exceeds harm and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD • under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant (PA), or nurse practitioner (NP)/clinical nurse specialist (CNS) trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques	*Prior authorization may be required.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive this service. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Transitional living program The plan covers services provided by a transitional living provider for members who qualify. These services are provided in a residential setting and may include the following: • personal care attendant services • on-site 24-hour nurse oversight • meals • skills trainers • assistance with Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (e.g., laundry, shopping, cleaning)	*Prior authorization may be required.* $0
	Transportation (non medical purposes) Eight round trips per month (up to 96 round trips per calendar year) are provided for non-medical purposes. Limit of 20 miles each way. Services must be provided by the plan-approved transportation provider. Limitations may apply. Please refer to Chapter 3 Section H in this Member Handbook for details on how to schedule a ride with the plan-approved vendor. **For more information on this benefit, call Member Services at the numbers listed in the footer of this *Member Handbook*.**	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Urgently needed care Urgently needed care is care given to treat: • a non-emergency that requires immediate medical care, **or** • an unforeseen illness, **or** • an injury, **or** • a condition that needs care right away. If you require urgently needed care, you should first try to get it from a network provider. However, you can use out-of-network providers when you can't get to a network provider because given your time, place, or circumstances, it's not possible, or it's unreasonable to get this service from network providers (for example, when you're outside the plan's service area and you require medically needed immediate services for an unseen condition but it's not a medical emergency). In urgent situations, call your PCP or behavioral health provider. You can contact any of your providers' offices 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Your provider must see you within 48 hours for urgent care appointments. You can always contact your Care Coordinator at 1-833-904-2273 for help finding the services you need. Cityblock also offers over-the-phone or at-home urgent care support at this number. Providers are able to review your health record, respond to your health or medical concerns, and provide options for care outside of regular business hours or going to the emergency room. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable. Your plan includes worldwide coverage for urgently needed care.	*Prior authorization is not required.* $0

	Vision care We pay for: • comprehensive eye exams • vision training • eye glasses • contact lenses and other visual aids We also pay for outpatient doctor services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye. For example, treatment for age-related macular degeneration. For people at high risk of glaucoma, we pay for one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: • people with a family history of glaucoma • people with diabetes • African-Americans who are 50 and over • Hispanic Americans who are 65 and over For people with diabetes, we pay for screening for diabetic retinopathy once per year. We pay for one pair of glasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery when the doctor inserts an intraocular lens. If you have two separate cataract surgeries, you must get one pair of glasses after each surgery. You can't get two pairs of glasses after the second surgery, even if you didn't get a pair of glasses after the first surgery. Corrective lenses/frames (and replacements) needed after a cataract removal with a lens implant (Tints, anti-reflective coating, U-V lenses, or oversize lenses) are covered only when deem medically necessary by the treating physician. **Note**: Coverage includes standard fitting and follow up after insertion of contact lenses as follows: **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* A referral may be required from your PCP before you receive services from an opthalmologist for diagnosis and/or treatment of a medical condition of the eye. Your PCP will provide this referral if needed. Refer to Chapter 3 Section D in this *Member Handbook* for more details on referral process. No referral is required to see an optometrist, but you must use a provider in the EyeMed Vision Care network. You must obtain the eyeglasses with frames or contact lenses after cataract surgery from a provider in the EyeMed Vision Care network. You will pay any cost over the Medicare-allowed charge.

	Vision care (continued) ○ Members will receive an initial contact lens fitting and up to 2 follow-up visits are available once a comprehensive eye exam has been completed. ○ Member must complete the folow-up within 45 calendar days of the fitting, and the fitting and follow-up must be done by the same provider. ○ One pair of therapeutic (prescription) eyeglasses every calendar year (includes one pair of frames and single vision, bifocal, or trifocal lenses) or contact lenses for Keratoconus, Anisometropia, High Myopia, Aphakia, Congenital Aphakia, or Pseudoaphakia. MassHealth also covers adjustments and a second pair of contacts. **Note**: Coverage includes standard fitting and follow-up after insertion of contact lenses as follows: ○ Members will receive an initial contact lens fitting and up to 2 follow-up visits are available once a comprehensive eye exam has been completed. ○ Member must complete the follow-up within 45 calendar days of the fitting, and the fitting and follow-up must be done by the same provider. One routine eye exam each calendar year. • Eyewear Allowance (lenses and frames, or contact lenses) Routine eyeglasses (prescription lenses, frames, a combination of lenses and frames) and/or contact lenses up to the allowed calendar year amount. **This benefit is continued on the next page**	You will pay any cost over the allowed charge. No referral is required for an annual routine eye exam, but you must use a provider in the EyeMed Vision Care network. Eye refractions are not covered if billed separately from the routine eye exam. Refractions are not covered except when included and billed as a component of the routine eye exam. You get up to $300 per calendar year applied at the time of service for purchases at EyeMed Vision Care participating providers. The EyeMed Vision Care Provider willl process the claim. You will be reimbursed up to $300 per calendar year if you use a non-participating provider. You would need to pay out-of-pocket and submit for reimbursement. Sales tax is not eligible for reimbursement.

Covered Service		What you pay
	Vision care (continued) To access the routine eyewear benefit, you may purchase eyewear from any provider. Only one purchase is allowed per calendar year up to the benefit amount; any unused amount after the single purchase will expire and cannot be applied toward another purchase during the calendar year. If the cost of the item(s) purchased exceeds the annual benefit amount, you would be responsible to pay for the balance. To contact EyeMed Vision Care if you have any questions about this benefit, call 1-866-591-1863. For members with hearing impairment, EyeMed provides a relay system to ensure that you can receive service whether you have a TDD/TTY-enabled system or not. Using this system is really easy. Simply dial 711, ask the operator to contact EyeMed at 1-844-230-6498, and you will be assisted through a conference call between you, the 711 operator, and a representative. The plan provider for services, glasses, or contacts for routine vision care may be different from the plan provider of services, glasses, or contacts to treat medical conditions. Call Member Services if you have questions about your vision benefits.	Call Member Services for the claim form. $0
	"Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit We cover the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes: • a review of your health, • education and counseling about preventive services you need (including screenings and shots (or vaccines)), **and** • referrals for other care if you need it. **Note:** We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only during the first 12 months that you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, tell your doctor's office you want to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0

Covered Service		What you pay
	Wellness visit The plan covers wellness checkups. This is to make or update a prevention plan**.**	*Prior authorization is not required for services provided by a network provider.* $0
	Wigs Wigs are covered for members who experience hair loss due to treatment for cancer. To obtain this reimbursement, please submit a member reimbursement form along with proof of payment and any additional information outlined on the form. Proof of payment must be in the member's name or, alternatively, in the name of the member's representative on record. Call Member Services to request a reimbursement form. Send the completed form with any required documents to the address shown on the form. If you have any questions, contact Member Services.	Plan covers up to $350 per year. To access the wig benefit, you may purchase the wig from any provider. If you choose a participating provider, you have the benefit of $350 per year applied at the time of service, and would be responsible to pay for the balance. If you use a non-participating provider, you would need to pay out-of-pocket and submit for reimbursement. You must file a claim with the plan to get reimbursed. Sales tax is not eligible for reimbursement. Call Member Services for the claim form. $0

In addition to the general services, our plan also covers community-based behavioral health care services. These are sometimes called “diversionary behavioral health services.” These are services that you may be able to use instead of going to the hospital or a facility for some behavioral health needs. Your care team will work with you to decide if these services are right for you and will be in your Individualized Care Plan (ICP).

Community-based (diversionary) behavioral health care services that our plan covers	
These services include the following: • Medically Monitored Intensive Services - Acute Treatment Services (ATS) for substance use disorders • Clinical Stabilization Services - clinically managed population-specific high intensity residential services • Community Crisis Stabilization • Community Support Program (CSP), including CSP for homeless individuals, CSP for justice involved, and CSP Tenancy Preservation Program • Adult Mobile Crisis Intervention (formerly Emergency Services Program (ESP)) You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. You can connect with a telehealth provider by phone or video. Talk with your provider to understand the specific types of telehealth options they have available. • Partial Hospitalization (PHP) services o Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment. It's offered as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center. It's more intense than the care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, or licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT) or licensed professional counselor's office. It can help keep you from having to stay in the hospital. o Intensive Outpatient (IOP) services and IOP programs **This benefit is continued on the next page**	*Prior authorization may be required.*

Community-based (diversionary) behavioral health care services that our plan covers	
• Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided at a hospital outpatient service, a community mental health center, a federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that's more intense than the care received in your doctor's, therapist's, LMFT, or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization. • An IOP program provides time-limited, comprehensive, and coordinated multidisciplinary treatment and are designed to improve Functional Status, provide stabilization in the community, divert an admission to an Inpatient Service, or facilitate a rapid and stable reintegration into the community following a discharge from an inpatient service. • Program of Assertive Community Treatment (PACT) • psychiatric day treatment • recovery coaching • recovery support navigators • Residential Rehabilitation Services for Substance Use Disorders, including: • Adult RRS • Family RRS • Young Adult RRS • Co-occuring Enhanced RRS (COE-RRS) • Pregnancy Enhanced RRS • Structured Outpatient Addiction Program (SOAP) • Certified Peer Specialist	

Your care team may offer additional ways to ensure your needs are being met through your Individualized Care Plan (ICP). For more information, call your care coordinator and/or Member Services at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711).

E. Benefits covered outside of our plan

We don't cover the following services, but they're available through MassHealth (Medicaid).

E1. Services Covered by MassHealth (Medicaid) Fee-For-Service

Doula Services

Doula services are available to pregnant members. MassHealth (Medicaid) fee-for-service covers up to eight hours of doula service for members during the perinatal period encompassing pregnancy and labor and delivery, through 12 months following delivery, inclusive of all pregnancy outcomes.

For members needing more than eight hours of doula service, prior authorization is required.

Doulas must be a MassHealth (Medicaid) contracted provider.

E2. State Agency Services

Psychosocial Rehabilitation and Targeted Case Management

If you're getting Psychosocial Rehabilitation from the Department of Mental Health or Targeted Case Management from the Department of Mental Health or Department of Developmental Services, your services will continue to be provided directly from the state agency. However, Tufts Health One Care will assist in coordinating with these providers as a part of your overall care plan.

Rest Home Room and Board

If you live in a rest home and join One Care, the Department of Transitional Assistance will continue to be responsible for your room and board payments.

F. Benefits not covered by our plan, Medicare, or MassHealth (Medicaid)

This section tells you about benefits excluded by our plan. "Excluded" means that we don't pay for these benefits. Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) don't pay for them either.

The list below describes some services and items not covered by us under any conditions and some excluded by us only in some cases.

We don't pay for excluded medical benefits listed in this section (or anywhere else in this *Member Handbook*) except under specific conditions listed. Even if you get the services at an emergency facility, the plan won't pay for the services. If you think that our plan should pay for a service that isn't covered, you can request an appeal. For information about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

In addition to any exclusions or limitations described in the Benefits Chart, our plan doesn't cover the following items and services:

- services considered not "reasonable and medically necessary", according Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) standards, unless we list these as covered services
- experimental medical and surgical treatments, items, and drugs, unless Medicare, a Medicare-approved clinical research study, or our plan covers them. Refer to **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* for more information on clinical research studies. Experimental treatment and items are those that aren't generally accepted by the medical community.
- surgical treatment for morbid obesity, except when medically necessary and Medicare pays for it
- a private room in a hospital, except when medically necessary
- personal items in your room at a hospital or a nursing facility, such as a telephone or television
- full-time nursing care in your home
- fees charged by your immediate relatives or members of your household
- meals delivered to your home
- elective or voluntary enhancement procedures or services (including weight loss, hair growth, sexual performance, athletic performance, cosmetic purposes, anti-aging and mental performance), except when medically necessary
- cosmetic surgery or other cosmetic work, unless it's needed because of an accidental injury or to improve a part of the body that isn't shaped right. However, we pay for reconstruction of a breast after a mastectomy and for treating the other breast to match it
- chiropractic care, other than manual manipulation of the spine consistent with coverage guidelines

- routine foot care, except as described in Podiatry services in the Benefits Chart in **Section D**
- orthopedic shoes, unless the shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease
- supportive devices for the feet, except for orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease
- regular hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids (hearing aids and fittings are covered under your MassHealth Standard (Medicaid) benefits
- radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low-vision aids
- reversal of sterilization procedures and non-prescription contraceptive supplies
- naturopath services (the use of natural or alternative treatments)
- services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities. Tufts Health One Care members are not responsible for out-of-pocket costs and the plan will reimburse veterans for cost-sharing incurred from emergency services.

Chapter 5: Getting your outpatient drugs

Introduction

This chapter explains rules for getting your outpatient drugs. These are drugs that your provider orders for you that you get from a pharmacy or by mail-order. They include drugs covered under Medicare Part D and MassHealth (Medicaid). Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

We also cover the following drugs, although they're not discussed in this chapter:

- **Drugs covered by Medicare Part A.** These generally include drugs given to you while you're in a hospital or nursing facility.
- **Drugs covered by Medicare Part B.** These include some chemotherapy drugs, some drug injections given to you during an office visit with a doctor or other provider, and drugs you're given at a dialysis clinic. To learn more about what Medicare Part B drugs are covered, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.
- In addition to the plan's Medicare Part D and medical benefits coverage, your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you're in Medicare hospice. For more information, please refer to **Chapter 5**, **Section F3** "In a Medicare-certified hospice program."

Rules for our plan's outpatient drug coverage

We usually cover your drugs as long as you follow the rules in this section.

You must have a provider (doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write your prescription, which must be valid under applicable state law. This person often is your primary care provider (PCP). It could also be another provider if your PCP has referred you for care.

Your prescriber must **not** be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists

You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription (Refer to **Section A1** for more information). Or you can fill your prescription through the plan's mail-order service.

Your prescribed drug must be on our plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the *Drug List* for short. (Refer to **Section B** of this chapter.)

- If it isn't on the *Drug List*, we may be able to cover it by giving you an exception.

- Refer to **Chapter 9** to learn about asking for an exception.

Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. This means that use of the drug is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Your prescriber may be able to help identify medical references to support the requested use of the prescribed drug.

Your drug may require approval from our plan based on certain criteria before we'll cover it. (Refer to **Section C** in this chapter.)

Table of Contents

A. Getting your prescriptions filled 142

A1. Filling your prescription at a network pharmacy 142

A2. Using your Member ID Card when you fill a prescription 142

A3. What to do if you change your network pharmacy 143

A4. What to do if your pharmacy leaves the network 143

A5. Using a specialized pharmacy 143

A6. Using mail-order services to get your drugs 144

A7. Getting a long-term supply of drugs 145

A8. Using a pharmacy not in our plan's network 145

A9. Paying you back for a prescription 147

B. Our plan's *Drug List* 147

B1. Drugs on our *Drug List* 147

B2. How to find a drug on our *Drug List* 148

B3. Drugs not on our *Drug List* 148

C. Limits on some drugs 149

D. Reasons your drug might not be covered 151

D1. Getting a temporary supply 151

D2. Asking for a temporary supply 153

D3. Asking for an exception 153

E. Coverage changes for your drugs 154

F. Drug coverage in special cases 156

F1. In a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that our plan covers 156

F2. In a long-term care facility 156

F3. In a Medicare-certified hospice program 156

G. Programs on drug safety and managing drugs 157

G1. Programs to help you use drugs safely 157

G2. Programs to help you manage your drugs 157

G3. Drug management program (DMP) to help members safely use opioid medications 158

A. Getting your prescriptions filled

A1. Filling your prescription at a network pharmacy

In most cases, we pay for prescriptions only when filled at any of our network pharmacies. A network pharmacy is a drug store that agrees to fill prescriptions for our plan members. You may use any of our network pharmacies. (Refer to **Section A8** for information about when we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

To find a network pharmacy, refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org or contact Member Services.

A2. Using your Member ID Card when you fill a prescription

To fill your prescription, **show your Member ID Card** at your network pharmacy. The network pharmacy bills us for your covered drug.

If you don’t have your Member ID Card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call us to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy can't get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. Then you can ask us to pay you back. **If you can't pay for the drug, contact Member Services right away.** We'll do everything we can to help. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost for covered services.

- To ask us to pay you back, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.
- If you need help getting a prescription filled, contact Member Services at **1-855-393-3154** (TTY: 711). We are open seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.

A3. What to do if you change your network pharmacy

If you change pharmacies and need a prescription refill, you either ask to have a new prescription written by a provider *or* ask your pharmacy to transfer the prescription to the new pharmacy if there are any refills left.

If you need help changing your network pharmacy, contact Member Services.

A4. What to do if your pharmacy leaves the network

If the pharmacy you use leaves our plan's network, you need to find a new network pharmacy.

To find a new network pharmacy, refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Services.

A5. Using a specialized pharmacy

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy. Our plan will cover home infusion therapy if:
  - your prescription drug is on our Drug List or an exception has been granted for your prescription;
  - your prescription drug is not otherwise covered under our plan's medical benefit;
  - our plan has approved your prescription for home infusion therapy; or
  - your prescription is written by an authorized prescriber.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility.

  - Usually, long-term care facilities have their own pharmacies. If you're a resident of a long-term care facility, we make sure you can get the drugs you need at the facility's pharmacy.

  - If your long-term care facility's pharmacy isn't in our network or you have difficulty getting your drugs in a long-term care facility, contact Member Services.

- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service/Tribal/Urban Indian Health Program. Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives may use these pharmacies.

- Pharmacies that dispense drugs restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.) To find a specialized pharmacy, refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Services at **1-855-393-3154** (TTY: 711). We are open seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.

A6. Using mail-order services to get your drugs

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail-order services. Generally, drugs available through mail-order are drugs that you take on a regular basis for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Our plan's mail-order service requires you to order at least a 30-day supply of the drug and no more than a 90-day supply. A *90*-day supply has the same copay as a one-month supply. An extended day supply of up to 100 days rather than the standard 30 or 90 day supply is offered for preferred generic medications.

Filling prescriptions by mail

To get information about filling your prescriptions by mail, go to our website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org or call Member Services at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.

Usually, a mail-order prescription arrives within 15 days. However, sometimes your mail order may be delayed. If your order is delayed, please call Member Services, seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., and we will allow you to fill a partial supply of the medication at a network pharmacy.

Mail-order processes

Mail-order service has different procedures for new prescriptions it gets from you, new prescriptions it gets directly from your provider's office, and refills on your mail-order prescriptions.

1. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from you

The pharmacy automatically fills and delivers new prescriptions it gets from you.

2. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from your provider's office

After the pharmacy gets a prescription from a health care provider, it contacts you to find out if you want the medication filled immediately or at a later time.

- This gives you an opportunity to make sure the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if needed, allows you to stop or delay the order before it's shipped.
- Respond each time the pharmacy contacts you, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

3. Refills on mail-order prescriptions

For refills, contact your pharmacy 15 days before your current prescription will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

Let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you so they can reach you to confirm your order before shipping. Call OptumRx Home Delivery customer care toll-free at 1-800-556-5569 (TTY: 711) 24 hours a day, seven days a week, to provide your preferred phone number.

A7. Getting a long-term supply of drugs

You can get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs on our plan's *Drug List*. Maintenance drugs are drugs you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail-order services to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Refer to **Section A6** to learn about mail-order services.

A8. Using a pharmacy not in our plan's network

Generally, we pay for drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only when you aren't able to use a network pharmacy. We have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. In these cases, check with Member Services first to find out if there's a network pharmacy nearby.

We pay for prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy in the following cases:

- **Medical emergencies —** we will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if the prescriptions are related to care for a medical emergency or urgently needed care. In this situation, you will generally have to pay the full cost when you fill the prescription.

  You can ask us to reimburse you for the cost by submitting your request in writing with your prescription receipts to:

  Prescription (Part D) Payment Requests
  OptumRx Claims Department
  P.O. Box 650287
  Dallas, TX 75265-0287

- **When you travel or are away from the plan's service area —** if you take a prescription drug on a regular basis and you are going on a trip, be sure to check your supply of the drug before you leave. When possible, take along all the medication you will need. You may be able to order your prescription drugs ahead of time through our network mail-order pharmacy service or through a retail network pharmacy.

  If you are traveling within the U.S. but outside our service area and you become ill, or if you lose or run out of your prescription drugs, we will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if you follow all other coverage rules identified within this document and a network pharmacy is not available. In this situation, you generally will have to pay the full cost when you fill the prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for the pharmacy cost by submitting your receipts to OptumRx. To learn more, see Chapter 7.

  Prior to filling your prescriptions at an out-of-network pharmacy, call Member Services to find out whether there is a network pharmacy in the area where you are traveling. Our pharmacy network is nationwide. If there are no network pharmacies in that area, Member Services may be able to make arrangements for you to get your prescriptions from an out-of-network pharmacy.

- **Other times you can get your prescription covered if you go to an out-of-network pharmacy —** we will cover your prescription at an out-of-network pharmacy if at least one of the following applies:
  - You are unable to get a covered drug in a timely manner within our service area because there are no network pharmacies within a reasonable driving distance that provide 24-hour service.
  - You are trying to fill a covered drug that is not regularly stocked at an eligible network retail or mail-order pharmacy. These drugs include orphan drugs or other specialty drugs.

Before you fill your prescription in either of these situations, call Member Services at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., to see if there is a network pharmacy in your area where you can fill your prescription. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.

A9. Paying you back for a prescription

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you must generally pay the full cost when you get your prescription. You can ask us to pay you back by submitting your request in writing with your prescription receipts to:

Prescription (Part D) Payment Requests
OptumRx Claims Department
P.O. Box 650287
Dallas, TX 75265-0287

To learn more about this, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.

B. Our plan's *Drug List*

We have a *List of Covered Drugs.* We call it the *Drug List* for short.

We select the drugs on the *Drug List* with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* also tells you the rules you need to follow to get your drugs.

We generally cover a drug on our plan's *Drug List* when you follow the rules we explain in this chapter.

B1. Drugs on our *Drug List*

Our *Drug List* includes drugs covered under Medicare Part D and some prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs and products covered under MassHealth (Medicaid).

Our *Drug List* includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biological products (which may include biosimilars).

A brand name drug is a drug sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Biological products are drugs that are more complex than typical drugs. On our *Drug List*, when we refer to "drugs" this could mean both brand name drugs and biological products.

Generic drugs have the same active ingredients as brand name drugs. Biological products have alternatives called biosimilars. Generally, generic drugs and biosimilars work just as well as brand name or original biological products, and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs and biosimilar alternatives for some original

biological products. Some biosimilars are interchangeable biosimilars and, depending on state law, may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription, just like generic drugs can be substituted for brand name drugs. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost for covered services.

Refer to **Chapter 12** for definitions of the types of drugs that may be on the *Drug List.*

Our plan also covers certain OTC drugs and products. Some OTC drugs cost less than prescription drugs and work just as well. For more information, call Member Services. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost for covered services.

B2. How to find a drug on our *Drug List*

To find out if a drug you take is on our *Drug List*, you can:

- Visit our plan's website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org. The *Drug List* on our website is always the most current one.
- Call Member Services to find out if a drug is on our *Drug List* or to ask for a copy of the list.
- Use our "Real Time Benefit Tool" at https://welcome.optumrx.com/thponecare/drug-pricing to search for drugs on the *Drug List* to get an estimate of what you'll pay and if there are alternative drugs on the *Drug List* that could treat the same condition. You can also call Member Services to find a drug on the list or request a hard copy.

B3. Drugs not on our *Drug List*

We don't cover all drugs.

- Some drugs aren't on our *Drug List* because the law doesn't allow us to cover those drugs.
- In other cases, we decided not to include a drug on our *Drug List*.
- In some cases, you may be able to get a drug that isn't on our *Drug List.* For more information refer to **Chapter 9.**

Our plan doesn't pay for the kinds of drugs described in this section. These are called **excluded drugs**. If you get a prescription for an excluded drug, you may need to pay for it yourself. If you think we should pay for an excluded drug because of your case, you can make an appeal. Refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about appeals.

Here are three general rules for excluded drugs:

1. Our plan's outpatient drug coverage (which includes Medicare Part D and MassHealth (Medicaid) drugs) can't pay for a drug that Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B already covers. Our plan covers drugs covered under Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B for free, but these drugs aren't considered part of your outpatient drug benefits.

2. Our plan can't cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.

3. Use of the drug must be approved by the FDA or supported by certain medical references as a treatment for your condition. Your doctor or other provider may prescribe a certain drug to treat your condition, even though it wasn't approved to treat the condition. This is called "off-label use." Our plan usually doesn't cover drugs prescribed for off-label use.

Also, by law, Medicare or MassHealth (Medicaid) can't cover the types of drugs listed below.

- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Outpatient drugs made by a company that says you must have tests or services done only by them

C. Limits on some drugs

For certain drugs, special rules limit how and when our plan covers them. Generally, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. When a safe, lower-cost drug works just as well as a higher-cost drug, we expect your provider to prescribe the lower-cost drug.

Note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our *Drug List.* This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your provider, and different restrictions may apply to the different versions of the drugs (for example, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid.)

If there's a special rule for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider must take extra steps for us to cover the drug. For example, your provider may have to tell us your diagnosis or provide results of blood tests first. If you or your provider thinks our rule shouldn't apply to your situation, ask us to use the coverage decision process to make an exception. We may or may not agree to let you use the drug without taking extra steps.

To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

1. Limiting use of a brand name drug or original biological products when a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version is available

Generally, a generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar works the same as a brand name drug or original biological product and usually costs less. In most cases, if there's a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version of a brand name drug or original biological product available, our network pharmacies give you the generic or interchangeable biosimilar version.

- We usually don't pay for the brand name drug or original biological product when there's an available generic version.
- However, if your provider told us the medical reason that the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar won't work for you **or** wrote "No substitutions" on your prescription for a brand name drug or original biological product *or* told us the medical reason that the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar, or other covered drugs that treat the same condition won't work for you, then we cover the brand name drug.

2. Getting plan approval in advance

For some drugs, you or your prescriber must get approval from our plan before you fill your prescription. This is called prior authorization. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you don't get approval, we may not cover the drug. Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page or on our website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org for more information about prior authorization.

3. Trying a different drug first

In general, we want you to try lower-cost drugs that are as effective before we cover drugs that cost more. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, and Drug A costs less than Drug B, we may require you to try Drug A first.

Note: Eligible members do not have a cost for covered services.

If Drug A doesn't work for you, then we cover Drug B. This is called step therapy. Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page or on our website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org for more information about step therapy.

4. Quantity limits

For some drugs, we limit the amount of the drug you can have. This is called a quantity limit. For example, if it's normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we might limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription.

To find out if any of the rules above apply to a drug you take or want to take, check our *Drug List*. For the most up-to-date information, call Member Services or check our website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org. If you disagree with our coverage decision based on any of the above reasons you may request an appeal. Please refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook.*

D. Reasons your drug might not be covered

We try to make your drug coverage work well for you, but sometimes a drug may not be covered in the way that you like. For example:

- Our plan doesn't cover the drug you want to take. The drug may not be on our *Drug List*. We may cover a generic version of the drug but not the brand name version you want to take. A drug may be new, and we haven't reviewed it for safety and effectiveness yet.
- Our plan covers the drug, but there are special rules or limits on coverage. As explained in the section above, some drugs our plan covers have rules that limit their use. In some cases, you or your prescriber may want to ask us for an exception.

There are things you can do if we don't cover a drug the way you want us to cover it.

D1. Getting a temporary supply

In some cases, we can give you a temporary supply of a drug when the drug isn't on our *Drug List* or is limited in some way. This gives you time to talk with your provider about getting a different drug or to ask us to cover the drug.

To get a temporary supply of a drug, you must meet the two rules below:

1. The drug you've been taking:

- is no longer on our *Drug List* **or**

- was never on our *Drug List* **or**
- is now limited in some way.

2. You must be in one of these situations:

- were in our plan last year.
    - We cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 108 days of the calendar year.
    - This temporary supply is for up to 30 days.
    - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.
    - Long-term care pharmacies may provide your drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
- You're new to our plan.
    - We cover a temporary supply of your drug **during the first 108 days of your membership in our plan.**
    - This temporary supply is for up to 30 days.
    - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.
    - Long-term care pharmacies may provide your drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
- You've been in our plan for more than 108 days, live in a long-term care facility, and need a supply right away.
    - We cover one 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the temporary supply above.
    - **Note**: Our transition policy applies only to those drugs that are Part D drugs and bought at a network pharmacy. The transition policy can't be used to buy non-Part D drugs or a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy unless you qualify for out-of-network access.

For MassHealth (Medicaid) drugs:

- You're new to the plan.
    - We'll cover a supply of your MassHealth (Medicaid) drug for 90 days or until your comprehensive assessment and care plan are complete, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.
    - To ask for a temporary supply of a drug, call Member Services at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711).

D2. Asking for a temporary supply

To ask for a temporary supply of a drug, call Member Services.

When you get a temporary supply of a drug, talk with your provider as soon as possible to decide what to do when your supply runs out. Here are your choices:

- Change to another drug.

  Our plan may cover a different drug that works for you. Call Member Services to ask for a list of drugs we cover that treat the same medical condition. The list can help your provider find a covered drug that may work for you.

  OR

- Ask for an exception.

  You and your provider can ask us to make an exception. For example, you can ask us to cover a drug that isn't on our *Drug List* or ask us to cover the drug without limits. If your provider says you have a good medical reason for an exception, they can help you ask for one.

D3. Asking for an exception

If a drug you take will be taken off our *Drug List* or limited in some way next year, we allow you to ask for an exception before next year.

- We tell you about any change in the coverage for your drug for next year. Ask us to make an exception and cover the drug for next year the way you would like.
- We answer your request for an exception within 72 hours after we get your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement).
- If we approve your request, we'll authorize coverage for the drug before the change takes effect.

To learn more about asking for an exception, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

If you need help asking for an exception, contact Member Services at **1-855-393-3154** (TTY: 711). We are open seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.

E. Coverage changes for your drugs

Most changes in drug coverage happen on January 1, but we may add or remove drugs on our *Drug List* during the year. We may also change our rules about drugs. For example, we may:

- Decide to require or not require prior approval (PA) for a drug (permission from us before you can get a drug).
- Add or change the amount of a drug you can get (quantity limits).
- Add or change step therapy restrictions on a drug (you must try one drug before we cover another drug).
- Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product.

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change our plan's *Drug List.* For more information on these drug rules, refer to **Section C**.

If you take a drug that we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally won't remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year** unless:

- a new, cheaper drug comes on the market that works as well as a drug on our *Drug List* now, **or**
- we learn that a drug isn't safe, **or**
- a drug is removed from the market.

What happens if coverage changes for a drug you're taking?

To get more information on what happens when our *Drug List* changes, you can always:

- Check our current *Drug List* online at TuftsHealthOneCare.org **or**
- Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page to check our current *Drug List*.

Changes we may make to the *Drug List* that affect you during the current plan year

Some changes to the *Drug List* will happen immediately. For example:

- A new generic drug becomes available. Sometimes, a new generic drug or biosimilar comes on the market that works as well as a brand name drug or original biological product on the *Drug List* now. When that happens, we may remove the brand name drug and add the new generic drug, but your cost for the new drug will stay the same. When we add the new generic drug, we may also decide to keep the brand name drug on the list but change its coverage rules or limits. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.
    - We may not tell you before we make this change, but we'll send you information about the specific change we made once it happens.
    - You or your provider can ask for an "exception" from these changes. We'll send you a notice with the steps you can take to ask for an exception. Please refer to **Chapter 9** of this handbook for more information on exceptions.

Removing unsafe drugs and other drugs that are taken off the market. Sometimes a drug may be found unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this happens, we may immediately take it off our *Drug List*. If you're taking the drug, we'll send you a notice after we make the change. Please contact the prescribing provider to discuss an alternative.

We may make other changes that affect the drugs you take. We tell you in advance about these other changes to our *Drug List*. These changes might happen if:

- The FDA provides new guidance or there are new clinical guidelines about a drug.

When these changes happen, we:

- Tell you at least 30 days before we make the change to our *Drug List* **or**
- Let you know and give you a 30-day supply of the drug after you ask for a refill.

This gives you time to talk to your doctor or other prescriber. They can help you decide:

- If there's a similar drug on our *Drug List* you can take instead **or**
- If you should ask for an exception from these changes to continue covering the drug or the version of the drug you've been taking. To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

Changes to the *Drug List* that don't affect you during this plan year

We may make changes to drugs you take that aren't described above and don't affect you now. For such changes, if you're taking a drug we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally don't remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year**.

For example, if we remove a drug you're taking or limit its use, then the change doesn't affect your use of the drug for the rest of the year.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you're taking (except for the changes noted in the section above), the change won't affect your use until January 1 of the next year.

We won't tell you above these types of changes directly during the current year. You'll need to check the *Drug List* for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes that will impact you during the next plan year.

F. Drug coverage in special cases

F1. In a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that our plan covers

If you're admitted to a hospital or skilled nursing facility for a stay our plan covers, we generally cover the cost of your drugs during your stay. You won't pay a copay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, we cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our coverage rules.

F2. In a long-term care facility

Usually, a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility, has its own pharmacy or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of their residents. If you live in a long-term care facility, you may get your drugs through the facility's pharmacy if it's part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't or if you need more information, contact Member Services.

F3. In a Medicare-certified hospice program

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time.

- You may be enrolled in a Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., pain, anti-nausea drugs, laxative, or anti-anxiety drugs) that your hospice doesn't cover because it isn't related to your terminal prognosis and conditions. In that case, our plan must get notification from the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before we can cover the drug.

- To prevent delays in getting any unrelated drugs that our plan should cover, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

If you leave hospice, our plan covers all of your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, take documentation to the pharmacy to verify that you left hospice.

Refer to earlier parts of this chapter that tell about drugs our plan covers. Refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about the hospice benefit.

G. Programs on drug safety and managing drugs

G1. Programs to help you use drugs safely

Each time you fill a prescription, we look for possible problems, such as drug errors or drugs that:

- may not be needed because you take another similar drug that does the same thing
- may not be safe for your age or gender
- could harm you if you take them at the same time
- have ingredients that you are or may be allergic to
- may be an error in the amount (dosage)
- have unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we find a possible problem in your use of drugs, we work with your provider to correct the problem.

G2. Programs to help you manage your drugs

Our plan has a program to help members with complex health needs. In such cases, you may be eligible to get services, at no cost to you, through a medication therapy management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. This program helps you and your provider make sure that your medications are working to improve your health. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all of your medications and talk with you about:

- how to get the most benefit from the drugs you take
- any concerns you have, like medication costs and drug reactions

- how best to take your medications
- any questions or problems you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medication

Then, they'll give you:

- A written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do for the best use of your medications.
- A personal medication list that includes all medications you take, how much you take, and when and why you take them.
- Information about safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your prescriber about your action plan and medication list.

- Take your action plan and medication list to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers.
- Take your medication list with you if you go to the hospital or emergency room.

MTM programs are voluntary and free to members who qualify. If we have a program that fits your needs, we enroll you in the program and send you information. If you don't want to be in the program, let us know, and we'll take you out of it.

If you have questions about these programs, contact Member Services.

G3. Drug management program (DMP) to help members safely use opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP).

If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescriber to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescriber, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may include:

- Requiring you to get all prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain prescriber(s)

- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we'll cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you get these medications or how much you can get, we'll send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we'll limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific provider or pharmacy.

You'll have a chance to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use and any information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we'll send you another letter that confirms the limitations.

If you think we made a mistake, you disagree with our decision or the limitation, you and your prescriber can make an appeal. If you appeal, we'll review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your appeal related to limitations that apply to your access to medications, we'll automatically send your case to an Independent Review Organization (IRO). (To learn more about appeals and the IRO, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.)

The DMP may not apply to you if you:

- have certain medical conditions, such as cancer or sickle cell disease,
- are getting hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, **or**
- live in a long-term care facility.

Chapter 6: What you pay for your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) drugs

Introduction

This chapter tells what you pay for your outpatient drugs. By “drugs,” we mean:

- Medicare Part D drugs, **and**
- Drugs and items covered under MassHealth (Medicaid), **and**
- Drugs and items covered by our plan as additional benefits.

Important: The information below explains how MassHealth (Medicaid) and Medicare cover your prescriptions so you don’t have copays. As long as you qualify for Tufts Health One Care, you won’t have to pay for your covered drugs.

Because you’re eligible for MassHealth (Medicaid) you get Extra Help from Medicare to help pay for your Medicare Part D drugs.

> **Extra Help** is a Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the “Low-Income Subsidy,” or “LIS.” **As a One Care member, MassHealth (Medicaid) covers the remaining costs that Medicare doesn’t for Medicare Part D drug costs.**

Other key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

To learn more about drugs, you can look in these places:

- Our *List of Covered Drugs*.
    - We call this the *Drug List*. It tells you:
        - which drugs we pay for
        - if there are any limits on the drugs

- If you need a copy of our *Drug List*, call Member Services. You can also find the most current copy of our *Drug List* on our website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org.

- **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook*.
  - It tells how to get your outpatient drugs through our plan.
  - It includes rules you need to follow. It also tells which types of drugs our plan doesn't cover.
  - When you use the plan's "Real Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (refer to **Chapter 5, Section B2**), the cost shown is an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you're expected to pay. You can call Member Services for more information.
- Our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.
  - In most cases, you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs. Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to work with us.
  - The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists our network pharmacies. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about network pharmacies.

Table of Contents

A. The *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB) 163

B. How to keep track of your drug costs 164

B1. What if you find mistakes on this summary? 165

B2. What about possible fraud? 165

C. You pay nothing for a one-month supply of drugs 165

C1. Your pharmacy choices 165

C2. Getting a long-term supply of a drug 165

D. What you pay for Part D vaccines 166

D1. What you need to know before you get a vaccine 166

A. The *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB)

Our plan keeps track of your drug costs and the payments you make when you get prescriptions at the pharmacy. We track two types of costs:

- Your **out-of-pocket costs**. This is the amount of money you, or others on your behalf, pay for your prescriptions. This includes what you paid when you got a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, any payments made for your drugs by Extra Help from Medicare, employer or union health plans, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, charities, and most State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs). With Tufts Health One Care, you do not have to pay anything for your prescriptions, as long as you follow the rules in Chapter 5. Your out-of-pocket costs will be zero.
- Your **total drug costs**. This is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D drugs. It includes what our plan paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for your covered Part D drugs.

When you get drugs through our plan, we send you a summary called the *Explanation of Benefits*. We call it the EOB for short. The EOB isn't a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take. The EOB includes:

- **Information for the month**. The summary tells what drugs you got for the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what we paid, and what you and others paid for you.
- **Totals for the year since January 1.** This shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information**. This is the total price of the drug and changes in the drug price since the first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.
- **Lower cost alternatives**. When applicable, information about other available drugs with lower cost-sharing for each prescription.

We offer coverage of drugs not covered under Medicare.

- To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to our *Drug List*. In addition to the drugs covered under Medicare, some prescription and over-the-counter drugs are covered under MassHealth (Medicaid). These drugs are included in the *Drug List*.

B. How to keep track of your drug costs

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make, we use records we get from you and from your pharmacy. Here is how you can help us:

1. **Use your Member ID Card.**

   Show your Member ID Card every time you get a prescription filled. This helps us know what prescriptions you fill and what you pay.

2. **Make sure we have the information we need.**

   Give us copies of receipts for covered drugs that you paid for. You can ask us to pay you back for the drug.

   Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your receipts:

   - When you buy a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or use a discount card that isn't part of our plan's benefit.
   - When you pay a copay for drugs that you get under a drug maker's patient assistance program.
   - When you buy covered drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy.
   - When you pay the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.

   For more information about asking us to pay you back for a drug, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.

3. **Send us information about payments others make for you.**

4. **Check the EOBs we send you.**

   When you get an EOB in the mail, make sure it's complete and correct.

   - **Do you recognize the name of each pharmacy?** Check the dates. Did you get drugs that day?
   - **Did you get the drugs listed?** Do they match those listed on your receipts? Do the drugs match what your doctor prescribed?

B1. What if you find mistakes on this summary?

If something is confusing or doesn't seem right on this EOB, please call us at Tufts Health One Care Member Services. You can also find answers to many questions on our website: TuftsHealthOneCare.org.

B2. What about possible fraud?

If this summary shows drugs you're not taking or anything else that seems suspicious to you, please contact us.

- Call us at Tufts Health One Care Member Services.
- Or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free.

If you think something is wrong or missing, or if you have any questions, call Member Services. You can also sign up for the member portal at TuftsHealthOneCare.org.

Keep these EOBs. They're an important record of your drug expenses.

C. You pay nothing for a one-month supply of drugs

With our plan, you pay nothing for covered drugs if you follow our rules.

C1. Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- a network pharmacy, **or**
- an out-of-network pharmacy. In limited cases, we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* to find out when we do that.
- Our plan's mail-order pharmacy.

Refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* to learn about how to file an appeal if you're told a drug won't be covered. To learn more about these pharmacy choices, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* and our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

C2. Getting a long-term supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is up to a 90-day supply. An extended day supply of up to

100 days rather than the standard 30 or 90 day supply is offered for preferred generic medications. There's no cost to you for a long-term supply.

For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* or our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

For information about which pharmacies can give you long-term supplies, refer to our plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

D. What you pay for Part D vaccines

Important message about what you pay for vaccines: Some vaccines are considered medical benefits and are covered under Medicare Part B. Other vaccines are considered Medicare Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in our *Drug List*. Our plan covers most adult Medicare Part D vaccines at no cost to you. Refer to our plan's *Drug List* or contact Member Services for coverage and cost-sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are two parts to our coverage of Medicare Part D vaccines:

1. The first part is for the cost of the vaccine itself.
2. The second part is for the cost of giving you the vaccine. For example, sometimes you may get the vaccine as a shot given to you by your doctor.

D1. What you need to know before you get a vaccine

We recommend that you call Member Services if you plan to get a vaccine. We can tell you about how our plan covers your vaccine.

Chapter 7: Asking us to pay a bill you got for covered services or drugs.

Introduction

This chapter tells you how and when to send us a bill to ask for payment. It also tells you how to make an appeal if you don't agree with a coverage decision. **Note**: Eligible members are not responsible to pay for covered services. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

Table of Contents

A. Asking us to pay for your services or drugs 168

B. Sending us a request for payment 171

C. Coverage decisions 172

D. Appeals 172

A. Asking us to pay for your services or drugs

You shouldn't get a bill for in-network services or drugs. **Note**: Eligible members are not responsible for a note to covered services. Our network providers must bill the plan for your covered services and drugs after you get them. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan.

We don't allow Tufts Health One Care providers to bill you for these services or drugs. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges.

If you get a bill for health care or drugs, don't pay the bill and send the bill to us. You can send the bill to us or call Member Services at **1-855-393-3154** (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.

- If we cover the services or drugs, we'll pay the provider directly.
- If we cover the services or drugs and you already paid the bill, it's your right to be paid back.
    - If you paid for services covered by Medicare, we'll pay you back.
    - If you paid for services covered by MassHealth (Medicaid) we can't pay you back, but the provider will. Member Services can help you contact the provider's office. Refer to the bottom of the page for the Member Services phone number.
- If we don't cover the services or drugs, we'll tell you. Sales tax is not eligible for reimbursement.

Contact Member Services if you have any questions. If you get a bill and you don't know what to do about it, we can help. You can also call if you want to tell us information about a request for payment you already sent to us.

Examples of times when you may need to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you got include:

1. **When you get emergency or urgently needed health care from an out-of-network provider**

   Ask the provider to bill us.

   - If you pay the full amount when you get the care, ask us to pay you back. Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
   - You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you don't owe. Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made or simply call us.

- If the provider should be paid, we'll pay the provider directly.
- If you already paid for the Medicare service, we'll pay you back.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill

Network providers must always bill us. It's important to show your Member ID Card when you get any services or prescriptions. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay for your services or more than your share of the costs. **Call Member Services** at the number at the bottom of this page **if you get any bills.**

- Because we pay the entire cost for your services, you aren't responsible for paying any costs. Providers shouldn't bill you anything for these services.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider, send us the bill or call us. We'll contact the provider directly and take care of the problem.
- If you already paid a bill from a network provider for Medicare-covered services, send us the bill and proof of any payment you made. We'll pay you back for your covered services **or** for the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under our plan.

3. If you're retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes your enrollment in the plan can be retroactive. (This means that the first day of your enrollment has passed. It may have even been last year.)

- If you were enrolled retroactively and you paid a bill after the enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back.
- Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to fill a prescription

If you use an out-of-network pharmacy, you pay the full cost of your prescription.

- In only a few cases, we'll cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back.
- Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* to learn more about out-of-network pharmacies.
- We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the amount that we'd pay at an in-network pharmacy.

5. When you pay the full prescription cost because you don't have your Member ID Card with you

If you don't have your Member ID Card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call us or look up your plan enrollment information.

- If the pharmacy can't get the information right away, you may have to pay the full prescription cost yourself or return to the pharmacy with your Member ID Card.
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back.
- We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

6. When you pay the full prescription cost for a drug that's not covered

You may pay the full prescription cost because the drug isn't covered.

- The drug may not be on our *List of Covered Drugs* (*Drug List*) on our website, or it may have a requirement or restriction that you don't know about or don't think applies to you. If you decide to get the drug, you may need to pay the full cost.
  - If you don't pay for the drug but think we should cover it, you can ask for a coverage decision (refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*).
  - If you and your doctor or other prescriber think you need the drug right away, (within 24 hours), you can ask for a fast coverage decision (refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*).
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back. In some cases, we may need to get more information from your doctor or other prescriber to pay you back for the drug. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

When you send us a request for payment, we review it and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a "coverage decision." If we decide the service or drug should be covered, we pay for it.

If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. To learn how to make an appeal, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

B. Sending us a request for payment

Send us your bill and proof of any payment you made for Medicare services or call us. Proof of payment can be a copy of the check you wrote or a receipt from the provider. **It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.** You can ask your care coordinator for help. You must send your information to us within 365 days of the date you received the service, item or drug.

To make sure you give us all the information we need to decide, you can fill out our claim form to ask for payment.

- You aren't required to use the form, but it helps us process the information faster.
- You can get the form on our website TuftsHealthOneCare.org, or you can call Member Services and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to this address:

For health care, non-drug claims, mail your request for payment along with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

Tufts Health Plan
Attn: Member Services
P.O. Box 524
Canton, MA 02021-0524

For drug claims, mail your request for payment along with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

Payment Requests
OptumRx Claims
Department
P.O. Box 650287
Dallas, TX 75265-0287

C. Coverage decisions

When we get your request for payment, we make a coverage decision. This means that we decide if our plan covers your service, item, or drug. We also decide the amount of money, if any, you must pay. **Note**: Eligible members are not responsible for a note to covered services.

- We'll let you know if we need more information from you.
- If we decide that our plan covers the service, item, or drug and you followed all the rules for getting it, we'll pay for it. If you already paid for the service or drug, we'll mail you a check. If you paid the full cost of a drug, you might not be reimbursed the full amount you paid (for example, if you got a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price). If you haven't paid, we'll pay the provider directly.

Chapter 3 of this *Member Handbook* explains the rules for getting your services covered. **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* explains the rules for getting your Medicare Part D drugs covered.

- If we decide not to pay for the service or drug, we'll send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also explains your rights to make an appeal.
- To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to **Chapter 9**.

D. Appeals

If you think we made a mistake in turning down your request for payment, you can ask us to change our decision. This is called "making an appeal." You can also make an appeal if you don't agree with the amount we pay.

The formal appeals process has detailed procedures and deadlines. To learn more about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a health care service, refer to **Section F**.
- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, refer to **Section G**.

Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

Introduction

This chapter includes your rights and responsibilities as a member of our plan. We must honor your rights. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

Table of Contents

A. Your right to get services and information in a way that meets your needs 174

B. Our responsibility for your timely access to covered services and drugs 176

C. Our responsibility to protect your personal health information (PHI) 177

C1. How we protect your PHI 177

C2. Your right to look at your medical records 178

D. Our responsibility to give you information 184

E. Inability of network providers to bill you directly 185

F. Your right to leave our plan 186

G. Your right to make decisions about your health care 186

G1. Your right to know your treatment choices and make decisions 186

G2. Your right to say what you want to happen if you can't make health care decisions for yourself 187

G3. What to do if your instructions aren't followed 188

H. Your right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider our decisions 188

H1. What to do about unfair treatment or to get more information about your rights 189

I. Your responsibilities as a plan member 189

A. Your right to get services and information in a way that meets your needs

We must ensure **all** services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided to you in a culturally competent and accessible manner including for those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. We must also tell you about our plan's benefits and your rights in a way that you can understand. We must tell you about your rights each year that you're in our plan.

- To get information in a way that you can understand, call Member Services. Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions in different languages.
- Our plan can also give you materials in languages other than English including Spanish, Cambodian, Chinese, Haitian Creole, Laotian, Portuguese, Russian and Vietnamese and in formats such as large print, braille, or audio. To get materials in one of these alternative formats, please call Member Services or write to:

  Tufts Health Plan
  Attn: Member Services
  P.O. Box 524
  Canton, MA 02021-0524

  - Call Member Services to request materials in languages other than English or in an alternate format or to request future mailings in the alternate language or format. We will keep your standing request in our records so you will not need to make a separate request each time. You can also call Member Services to change your standing request for preferred language and or format
  - To request a reasonable accommodation, call Member Services or work with your Care Coordinator to make the request. Our Member Services team, Cityblock, and our Tufts Health One Care Accessibility and Accommodations Compliance Officer will ensure your request is addressed.

If you have trouble getting information from our plan because of language problems or a disability and you want to file a complaint, call:

- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898, Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.
    - Use 7-1-1 to call 1-855-781-9898. This number is for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled.
    - Use Videophone (VP) 339-224-6831. This number is for people who are deaf or hard of hearing.
- MassHealth Customer Service Center at 1-800-841-2900, Monday through Friday, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. (TTY: 711).
- Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019. TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697.

Debemos asegurarnos de que **todos** los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se te proporcionen de manera culturalmente adecuada y accesible, incluyendo a las personas con dominio limitado del inglés, dificultades para leer, pérdida auditiva o antecedentes culturales y étnicos diversos. También debemos informarte sobre los beneficios de tu plan y tus derechos de una forma que puedas entender. Cada año debemos contarte sobre tus derechos como parte de nuestro plan.

Para obtener información de una manera que puedas comprender, llama a Servicios para Miembros. Nuestro plan ofrece servicios de interpretación gratis para responder preguntas en diferentes idiomas.

Nuestro plan también puede proporcionarte materiales en idiomas distintos del inglés, incluido *el español,* el camboyano, el chino, el criollo haitiano, el laosiano, el portugués, el ruso y el vietnamita and en formatos como letra grande, braille o audio. Para recibir estos materiales en alguno de estos formatos alternativos, llama a Servicios para Miembros o escriba a:

Tufts Health Plan
A la atención de: Servicios para Miembros
P.O. Box 524
Canton, MA 02021-0524

- Llama a Servicios para miembros para solicitor materiales en otros idiomas que no sean inglés o en un formato alternativo, o para solicitar que los envíos futuros se hagan en el idioma o formato alternativo. Guardaremos tu solicitud permanente en nuestros registros, así no tendrás que hacer una solicitud nueva cada vez. También puedes llamar a Servicios para miembros para cambiar tu solicitud permanente sobre el idioma o formato que prefieras.

- Para solicitar una adaptación razonable, llama a Servicios para Miembros o habla con tu coordinador de atención para hacer la solicitud. Nuestro equipo de Servicios para Miembros, Cityblock y nuestro Oficial de Cumplimiento de Accesibilidad y Adaptaciones de Tufts Health One Care se asegurarán de que se atienda tu solicitud.

Si tienes problemas para obtener información de nuestro plan debido a barreras del idioma o una discapacidad y quieres presentar una queja, llama a:

- Medicare al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 1-877-486-2048.

- Llama a mi Defensor del Pueblo (Ombudsman) al 1-855-781-9898, de lunes a viernes, de 9:00 a.m. a 4:00 p.m.

    - Marca 7-1-1 para llamar al 1-855-781-9898 Este número de teléfono es para personas sordas o con deficiencia auditiva o del habla.

    - Usa el videoteléfono (VP) 339-224-6831. Este número es para personas sordas o con dificultades auditivas.

Puedes hablar con el servicio al cliente de MassHealth Center en el número 1-800-841-2900, de lunes a viernes, de 8:00 a.m. a 5:00 p.m. (TTY: 711).

El número de teléfono de la Oficina de Derechos Civiles es 1-800-368-1019. Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 1-800-537-7697.

B. Our responsibility for your timely access to covered services and drugs

You have rights as a member of our plan.

- You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in our network. A network provider is a provider who works with us. You can find more information about what types of providers may act as a PCP and how to choose a PCP in **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook*.

    - Call Member Services or go to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to learn more about network providers and which doctors are accepting new patients.

- You have the right to a women’s health specialist without getting a referral. A referral is approval from your PCP to use a provider that isn’t your PCP.

- You have the right to get covered services from network providers within a reasonable amount of time.
    - This includes the right to get timely services from specialists.
    - If you can't get services within a reasonable amount of time, we must pay for out-of-network care.
- You have the right to get emergency services or care that's urgently needed without prior authorization (PA).
- You have the right to get your prescriptions filled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.
- You have the right to know when you can use an out-of-network provider. To learn about out-of-network providers, refer to **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook*.

Chapter 9 of this *Member Handbook* tells what you can do if you think you aren't getting your services or drugs within a reasonable amount of time. It also tells what you can do if we denied coverage for your services or drugs and you don't agree with our decision.

C. Our responsibility to protect your personal health information (PHI)

We protect your PHI as required by federal and state laws.

Your PHI includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in our plan. It also includes your medical records and other medical and health information.

You have rights when it comes to your information and controlling how your PHI is used. We give you a written notice that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your PHI. The notice is called the "Notice of Privacy Practice."

C1. How we protect your PHI

We make sure that no unauthorized people look at or change your records.

Except for the cases noted below, we don't give your PHI to anyone not providing your care or paying for your care. If we do, we must get written permission from you first. You, or someone legally authorized to make decisions for you, can give written permission.

Sometimes we don't need to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law:

- We must release PHI to government agencies checking on our plan's quality of care.
- We must release PHI by court order.
- We must give Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) your PHI including information about your Medicare Part D drugs. If Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) releases your PHI for research or other uses, they do it according to federal laws.

C2. Your right to look at your medical records

- You have the right to look at your medical records and to get a copy of your records.
- You have the right to ask us to update or correct your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we work with your health care provider to decide if changes should be made.
- You have the right to know if and how we share your PHI with others for any purposes that aren't routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your PHI, call Member Services.

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Tufts Health Plan values your privacy rights and is committed to safeguarding your demographic, medical, and financial information we may receive or collect when providing services to you. The information we collect includes protected health information ("PHI") and personal information ("PI"). PHI is information that relates to your physical or behavioral health condition, your health care, or the payment for your health care. PHI includes information and records like diagnoses, dates and types of services, medical records, and authorizations. PI includes information like your name and Social Security number. PHI and PI are referred to as "information" elsewhere in this notice.

We may obtain your information from a number of sources, such as through your enrollment in a plan or from doctors and hospitals who submit claim forms containing your information so that we may pay them for services they provided to you.

HOW WE PROTECT YOUR INFORMATION

We are required by law to maintain the privacy of all forms of your information including electronic, written, and verbal information. To support this, Tufts Health Plan has documented privacy and security policies and procedures which include physical and technical safeguards

for protecting, using and disclosing information in compliance with applicable state and federal laws. Tufts Health Plan protects electronic information through private networks, passwords, authentication requirements and ongoing monitoring of security threats. Access to your information is limited to employees who require it to do their job. In addition, all employees must complete annual privacy and security training. Tufts Health Plan also requires its business partners who assist with administering your health care coverage to protect your information in accordance with applicable laws.

Tufts Health Plan is required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (known as the “HIPAA” statute) to provide you with notice of our legal duties and privacy practices with respect to your information, and to follow the duties and practices described in the notice currently in effect. We may change the terms of this notice at any time and apply the new notice to any information we already maintain. If we make an important change to our notice, we will publish the updated notice on our website at **www.tuftshealthplan.com**.

HOW WE USE AND DISCLOSE YOUR INFORMATION

In order to administer your health care coverage, including paying for your health care services, we need to use and disclose your information in a number of ways. Tufts Health Plan’s policies require that we only use or disclose the minimum amount of information necessary for the intended purpose. In certain circumstances, Tufts Health Plan is permitted or required by law (including the HIPAA statute) to use or disclose your information without your written authorization. The following are examples of the types of uses and disclosures we are permitted or required by federal law to make without your written authorization) Where state or other federal laws, including 42 C.F.R. Part 2 (“Part 2”), offer you greater privacy protections, we will follow the more stringent requirements

For Payment

Tufts Health Plan may use or disclose your information for payment purposes to administer your health benefits, which may involve obtaining premiums, determination of eligibility, claims payment, and coordination of benefits. Examples include:

- Paying claims that were submitted to us by physicians and hospitals.
- Providing information to a third party to administer an employee- or employer-funded account, such as a Flexible Spending Account (“FSA”) or Health Reimbursement Account (“HRA”), or another benefit plan, such as a dental benefits plan.
- Performing medical necessity reviews.
- Sharing information with third parties for Insurance Liability Recovery (“ILR”) or subrogation purposes.

For Health Care Operations

Tufts Health Plan may use or disclose your information for operational purposes, such as care management, customer service, coordination of care, or quality improvement. Examples include:

- Assessing and improving the quality of service, care and outcomes for our members.
- Learning how to improve our services through internal and external surveys.
- Reviewing the qualifications and performance of physicians.
- Evaluating the performance of our staff, such as reviewing our customer service representatives' phone conversations with you.
- Seeking accreditation by independent organizations, such as the National Committee for Quality Assurance.
- Engaging in wellness programs, preventive health, early detection, disease management, health risk assessment participation initiatives, case management, and coordination of care programs, including sending preventive health service reminders.
- Providing you with information about a health-related product or service included in your plan of benefits.
- Using information for underwriting, establishing premium rates and determining cost sharing amounts, as well as administration of reinsurance policies. (Tufts Health Plan will not use or disclose any genetic information it might otherwise receive for underwriting purposes.)
- Facilitating transition of care from and to other insurers, health plans or third-party administrators.
- Communicating with you about your eligibility for public programs, such as Medicare.
- Other general administrative activities, including data and information systems management, risk management, auditing, business planning, and detection of fraud and other unlawful conduct.

For Treatment

Tufts Health Plan may use and disclose your information for health care providers (doctors, dentists, pharmacies, hospitals, and other caregivers) to treat you. Examples include:

- Our care managers providing your information to a home health care agency to make sure you get the services you need after discharge from a hospital.
- Quality improvement programs, safety initiatives, and clinical reminders sent to your primary care provider.
- Disclosing a list of medications you've received using your Tufts Health Plan coverage to alert your treating providers about any medications prescribed to you by other providers and help minimize potential adverse drug interactions.
- Receiving your test results from labs you use, from your providers, or directly from you, using the results to develop tools to improve your overall health, and sharing the results with providers involved in your care.

For other Permitted or Required Purposes

The following are examples of the additional types of uses and disclosures Tufts Health Plan is permitted or required by law to make without your written authorization:

- To **you, your family, and others involved in your care** when you are unavailable to communicate (such as during an emergency), when you are present prior to the

disclosure and agree to it, or when the information is clearly relevant to their involvement in your health care or payment for health care.

- Sharing eligibility information and copayment, coinsurance, and deductible information for dependents with the **subscriber of the health plan** in order to facilitate management of health costs and Internal Revenue Service verification.
- To your **Personal Representative** (including parents or guardians of a minor, so long as that information is not further restricted by applicable state or federal laws) or to an individual you have previously indicated is your Designated Representative or is authorized to receive your information. Information related to any care a minor may receive without parental consent remains confidential unless the minor authorizes disclosure.
- To our **business partners and affiliates**. Tufts Health Plan may contract with other organizations to provide services on our behalf. In these cases, Tufts Health Plan will enter into an agreement with the organization explicitly outlining the requirements associated with the protection, use and disclosure of your information. The following corporate affiliates of Tufts Health Plan designate themselves as a single affiliated covered entity and may share your information among them: Harvard Pilgrim Health Care, Inc., Harvard Pilgrim Health Care of New England, Inc., HPHC Insurance Company, Inc., Tufts Associated Health Maintenance Organization, Inc., Tufts Health Public Plans, Inc., Tufts Insurance Company, CarePartners of Connecticut, Inc., and Point32Health Services, Inc. Group Health Plan.
- To your **plan sponsor**, when sharing information used for enrollment, plan renewal, or plan administration purposes. This is your employer or the employer of your subscriber if you are enrolled through an employer. When sharing detailed information, your plan sponsor must certify that they will protect the privacy and security of your information and that the information will not be used for employment decisions.
- To **government entities**, such as the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, the Health Connector, HealthSourceRI, or MassHealth, if you are enrolled in a government-funded plan.
- To provide information for **health research** to improve the health of our members and the community in certain circumstances, such as when an Institutional Review Board or Privacy Board approves a research proposal with protocols to protect your privacy, or for purposes preparatory to research.
- To **comply with laws** and regulations, such as those related to **workers' compensation** programs.
- For **public health activities**, such as assisting public health authorities with disease prevention or control and pandemic response efforts.
- To report suspected cases of **abuse, neglect, or domestic violence**.
- For **health oversight activities**, such as audits, inspections, and licensure or disciplinary actions. For example, Tufts Health Plan may submit information to government agencies such as the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or a state insurance department to demonstrate its compliance with state and federal laws.
- For **judicial and administrative proceedings**, such as responses to court orders, subpoenas, or discovery requests.
- For **law enforcement purposes**, such as to help identify or locate a victim, suspect, or missing person.
- Disclosures to **coroners, medical examiners, and funeral directors** about decedents. Tufts Health Plan may also disclose information about a **decedent** to a person who was

involved in their care or payment for care, or to the person with legal authority to act on behalf of the decedent's estate.
- To **organ procurement** organizations for cadaveric organ, eye, or tissue donation purposes, only after your prior authorization.
- To **prevent a serious threat** to your health or safety, or that of another person.
- For **specialized government functions**, such as national security and intelligence activities.
- Disclosures by employees for **whistleblower** purposes.

Other than the permitted or required uses and disclosures described above, Tufts Health Plan will only use and disclose your information, including medical records with your written authorization. For example, we require your authorization if we intend to sell your information, use or disclose your information for marketing or fundraising purposes, or, in most cases, use or disclose your psychotherapy notes. We will also require your authorization or a court order before disclosing your substance use disorder ("SUD") data from a SUD treatment program that meets the definition of a Part 2 facility under federal regulations in a civil, criminal, administrative, or legislative proceeding against you.

You may give us written authorization to use or disclose your information to any individual or organization for any purpose by submitting a completed authorization form. The form can be found at **www.tuftshealthplan.com**, or you may obtain a copy by calling Member Services at the phone number listed on your Tufts Health Plan ID card.

You may revoke such an authorization at any time in writing, except to the extent we have already made a use or disclosure based on a previously executed authorization. You may elect not to receive any fundraising communications before Tufts Health Plan uses your information related to a SUD for fundraising purposes for their own benefit.

Please be aware that when your information is disclosed in accordance with the HIPAA statute, it may be subject to redisclosure by the recipient and no longer protected by the HIPAA statute.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE INFORMATION

Tufts Health Plan is prohibited from using or disclosing your reproductive health care information for any of the following purposes:

- to assist in a criminal, civil, or administrative investigation into or proceeding against you for seeking or obtaining lawful reproductive health care services. For example, if law enforcement officials from a state that criminalizes reproductive health services request information related to reproductive health services you obtained in a state where such services are legal, Tufts Health Plan will not provide that information.
- To assist in an investigation into or proceeding against your health care provider for providing or facilitating lawful reproductive health care services. For example, Tufts Health Plan will not provide law enforcement and/or other law officials with information pertaining to provider that provides reproductive health services in a state where such services are legal.

If Tufts Health Plan receives a request for your reproductive health care information, the requestor will be required to sign an attestation in certain scenarios to confirm they will not use your information for a non-permitted purpose. For example, we will require the requestor to sign an attestation if the request is related to health oversight activities or law enforcement purposes.

YOUR RIGHTS WITH RESPECT TO YOUR INFORMATION

The following are examples of your rights under federal law with respect to your information. You may also be entitled to additional rights under state law.

Request a Restriction

You have the right to request we restrict the way we use and disclose your information for treatment, payment, or health care operations, to individuals involved in your care, or for notification purposes, including asking that we not share your information for health research purposes. We are not, however, required by law to agree to your request.

Request Confidential Communications

You have the right to request we send communications to you at an address of your choice or that we communicate with you by alternative means. For example, you may ask us to mail your information to an address that is different than your subscriber's address. We will accommodate reasonable requests.

Access Your Information and Receive a Copy

You have the right to access, inspect, and obtain a copy of your information, including any medical records maintained by Tufts Health Plan (with certain exceptions). We have the right to charge a reasonable fee for the cost of producing and mailing copies of your information.

Amend Your Information

You have the right to request we amend your information if you believe it is incorrect or incomplete. We may deny your request in certain circumstances, such as when we did not create the information. For example, if a provider submits medical information to Tufts Health Plan that you believe is incorrect, the provider will need to amend that information.

Receive an Accounting of Disclosures

You have the right to request an accounting of those instances in which we disclosed your information, except for disclosures made for treatment, payment, or health care operations, or for other permitted or required purposes. Your request must be limited to disclosures in the six years prior to the request. If you request an accounting more than once in a 12-month period, we may charge you a reasonable fee.

Receive a Copy of this Notice of Privacy Practices

You have the right to receive a paper copy of this notice from us at any time upon request.

Be Notified of a Breach

You have the right to be notified if there is a breach of your unsecured information by us or our business partners. We will provide you written notice via mail unless we do not have up-to-date

contact information for you. In these cases we will notify you by a substitute method, such as posting the notice on our public website.

You may exercise any of your privacy rights described above by contacting Member Services at the phone number listed on your Tufts Health Plan ID card. In some cases, we may require you to submit a written request. Tufts Health Plan will not require you to waive your rights as a condition of the provision of treatment, payment, enrollment in a health plan, or eligibility for benefits.

WHOM TO CONTACT WITH QUESTIONS OR COMPLAINTS

If you believe your privacy rights have been violated or you would like more information, you may send a question or complaint to:

Privacy Officer
Point32Health
1 Wellness Way
Canton, MA 02021

Or, you may call our Compliance Hotline at **(877) 824-7123** or Member Services at the phone number listed on your Tufts Health Plan ID card.

You also have the right to submit a complaint to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services. You can find more information at **www.hhs.gov/ocr**.

Tufts Health Plan will not take retaliatory action against you for filing a complaint.

THIS NOTICE IS EFFECTIVE JUNE 30, 2025, AND REPLACES THE VERSION DATED SEPTEMBER 1, 2022.

D. Our responsibility to give you information

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get information from us about our plan, our network providers, and your covered services.

If you don’t speak English, we have interpreter services to answer questions you have about our plan. To get an interpreter, call Member Services. This is a free service to you. We translate all materials into Spanish and offer translation services in over 300 languages, including Cambodian, Chinese, Haitian Creole, Laotian, Portuguese, Russian and Vietnamese.

We can also give you information in large print, braille, or audio.

If you want information about any of the following, call Member Services:

- How to choose or change plans
- Our plan, including:
  - financial information
  - how plan members have rated us
  - the number of appeals made by members
  - how to leave our plan
- Our network providers and our network pharmacies, including:
  - how to choose or change primary care providers
  - qualifications of our network providers and pharmacies
  - how we pay providers in our network
- Covered services and drugs, including:
  - services (refer to **Chapters 3 and 4** of this *Member Handbook*) and drugs (refer to **Chapters 5 and 6** of this *Member Handbook*) covered by our plan
  - limits to your coverage and drugs
  - rules you must follow to get covered services and drugs
- Why something isn't covered and what you can do about it (refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*), including asking us to:
  - put in writing why something isn't covered
  - change a decision we made
  - pay for a bill you got

E. Inability of network providers to bill you directly

Doctors, hospitals, and other providers in our network can't make you pay for covered services. They also can't balance bill or charge you if we pay less than the amount the provider charged. To learn what to do if a network provider tries to charge you for covered services, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.

F. Your right to leave our plan

No one can make you stay in our plan if you don't want to.

- You have the right to get most of your health care services through Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan.
- You can get your Medicare Part D drug benefits from a drug plan or from another MA plan.
- Refer to **Chapter 10** of this *Member Handbook:*
    - For more information about when you can join a new MA or drug benefit plan.
    - For information about how you'll get your MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits if you leave our plan.

G. Your right to make decisions about your health care

You have the right to full information from your doctors and other health care providers to help you make decisions about your health care.

G1. Your right to know your treatment choices and make decisions

Your providers must explain your condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand. You have the right to:

- **Know your choices.** You have the right to be told about all treatment options.
- **Know the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved. We must tell you in advance if any service or treatment is part of a research experiment. You have the right to refuse experimental treatments.
- **Get a second opinion.** You have the right to use another doctor before deciding on treatment.
- **Say no.** You have the right to refuse any treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to. You have the right to stop taking a prescribed drug. If you refuse treatment or stop taking a prescribed drug, we won't drop you from our plan. However, if you refuse treatment or stop taking a drug, you accept full responsibility for what happens to you.

- **Ask us to explain why a provider denied care.** You have the right to get an explanation from us if a provider denied care that you think you should get.
- **Ask us to cover a service or drug that we denied or usually don't cover.** This is called a coverage decision. **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* tells how to ask us for a coverage decision.

G2. Your right to say what you want to happen if you can't make health care decisions for yourself

Sometimes people can't make health care decisions for themselves. Before that happens to you, you can:

- Fill out a written form **giving someone the right to make health care decisions for you** if you ever can't make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how to handle your health care if you can't make decisions for yourself, including care you **don't** want.

The legal document you use to give your directions is called an "advance directive." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Examples are a living will and a power of attorney for health care.

You aren't required to have an advance directive, but you can. Here's what to do if you want to use an advance directive:

- **Get the form.** You can get the form from your doctor, a lawyer, a social worker, or some office supply stores. Pharmacies and provider offices often have the forms. You can find a free form online and download it. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the form.
- **Fill out the form and sign it.** The form is a legal document. Consider having a lawyer or someone else you trust, such as a family member or your PCP, help you complete it.
- **Give copies of the form to people who need to know.** Give a copy of the form to your doctor. You should also give a copy to the person you name to make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.
- If you're being hospitalized and you have a signed advance directive, **take a copy of it to the hospital**.
    - The hospital will ask if you have a signed advance directive form and if you have it with you.

- If you don't have a signed advance directive form, the hospital has forms and will ask if you want to sign one.

You have the right to:

- Have your advance directive placed in your medical records.
- Change or cancel your advance directive at any time.

By law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether you signed an advance directive. Call Member Services for more information.

G3. What to do if your instructions aren't followed

If you signed an advance directive and you think a doctor or hospital didn't follow the instructions in it, you can make a complaint with Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Division of Healthcare Quality's Complaint Unit by calling 1-800-462-5540. You also may file a complaint against an individual healthcare provider by calling the Board of Registration in Medicine at 1-781-876-8200.

You can also contact My Ombudsman in the following ways:

- By telephone: 1-855-781-9898, Monday through Friday, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled should dial 711 for MassRelay.
- Visit My Ombudsman online at www.myombudsman.org.
- Write to the My Ombudsman office at:
  My Ombudsman
  25 Kingston St, 4th floor
  Boston, MA 02111
- Visit the My Ombudsman office Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. (drop-ins welcome).

H. Your right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider our decisions

Chapter 9 of this *Member Handbook* tells you what you can do if you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care. For example, you can ask us to make a coverage decision, make an appeal to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint.

You have the right to get information about appeals and complaints that other plan members have filed against us. Call Member Services to get this information.

H1. What to do about unfair treatment or to get more information about your rights

If you think we treated you unfairly – and it **isn't** about discrimination for reasons listed in **Chapter 11** of this *Member Handbook* – or you want more information about your rights, you can call:

- Member Services.
- The SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) program at at 800-243-4636. For more details about SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone), refer to **Chapter 2**.
- My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (Toll Free), Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.
    - Use 7-1-1 to call 1-855-781-9898. This number is for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled.
    - Use Videophone (VP) 339-224-6831. This number is for people who are deaf or hard of hearing.
    - Email My Ombudsman at info@myombudsman.org.

My Ombudsman is an independent program that can help you address concerns or conflicts with your enrollment in One Care or your access to One Care benefits and services.

Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. (You can also read or download "Medicare Rights & Protections," found on the Medicare website at www.medicare.gov/publications/11534-medicare-rights-and-protections.pdf.)

MassHealth (Medicaid) at 1-800-841-2900, Monday through Friday, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. (TTY: 711).

I. Your responsibilities as a plan member

As a plan member, you have a responsibility to do the things that are listed below. If you have any questions, call Member Services.

- **Read this *Member Handbook*** to learn what our plan covers and the rules to follow to get covered services and drugs. For details about your:

  - Covered services, refer to **Chapters 3 and 4** of this *Member Handbook*. Those chapters tell you what's covered, what isn't covered, what rules you need to follow, and what you pay.
  - Covered drugs, refer to **Chapters 5 and 6** of this *Member Handbook*.
- **Tell us about any other health or drug coverage** you have. We must make sure you use all of your coverage options when you get health care. Call Member Services if you have other coverage.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers** that you're a member of our plan. Show your Member ID Card when you get services or drugs.
- **Help your doctors** and other health care providers give you the best care.
  - Give them information they need about you and your health. Learn as much as you can about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your providers agree on.
  - Make sure your doctors and other providers know about all the drugs you take. This includes prescription drugs, over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - Ask any questions you have. Your doctors and other providers must explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don't understand the answer, ask again.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all plan members to respect the rights of others. We also expect you to act with respect in your doctor's office, hospitals, and other provider offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you're responsible for these payments:
  - Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B premiums. For most Tufts Health One Care members, MassHealth (Medicaid) pays for your Medicare Part A premium and for your Medicare Part B premium.
  - **If you get any services or drugs that aren't covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost.** (**Note:** If you disagree with our decision to not cover a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please refer to **Chapter 9** to learn how to make an appeal.)
- **Tell us if you move.** If you plan to move, tell us right away. Call Member Services.

- **If you move outside of our service area, you can't stay in our plan.** Only people who live in our service area can be members of this plan. **Chapter 1** of this *Member Handbook* tells about our service area.
- We can help you find out if you're moving outside our service area.
- Tell Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) your new address when you move. Refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for phone numbers for Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).
- **If you move and stay in our service area, we still need to know.** We need to keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- **If you move, tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).**

- **Call Member Services for help if you have questions or concerns.**

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Introduction

This chapter has information about your rights. Read this chapter to find out what to do if:

- You have a problem with or complaint about our plan.
- You need a service, item, or medication that our plan said it won't pay for.
- You disagree with a decision our plan made about your care.
- You think your covered services are ending too soon.

This chapter is in different sections to help you easily find what you are looking for. **If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation.** This chapter is broken into different sections to help you easily find information about what to do for your problem or concern.

If you're facing a problem with your services

You should get the medical services, behavioral health services, drugs, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) that are necessary for your care as a part of your Individualized Care Plan (ICP). **If you're having a problem with your care, you can call My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (or by using MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831).** This chapter explains the options you have for different problems and complaints, but you can also call My Ombudsman to help you with your problem. For additional resources to address your concerns and ways to contact them, refer to **Chapter 2** for more information about My Ombudsman.

Table of Contents

A. What to do if you have a problem or concern 195

A1. About the legal terms 195

B. Where to get help 195

B1. For more information and help 195

C. Understanding Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) complaints and appeals in our plan 197

D. Problems with your benefits 197

E. Coverage decisions and appeals 198

E1. Coverage decisions 198

E2. Appeals 199

E3. Help with coverage decisions and appeals 199

E4. Which section of this chapter can help you 200

F. Medical care 201

F1. Using this section 201

F2. Asking for a coverage decision 202

F3. Making a Level 1 Appeal 204

F4. Making a Level 2 Appeal 208

F5. Payment problems 212

G. Medicare Part D drugs 213

G1. Medicare Part D coverage decisions and appeals 214

G2. Medicare Part D exceptions 215

G3. Important things to know about asking for an exception 216

G4. Asking for a coverage decision, including an exception 217

G5. Making a Level 1 Appeal 219

G6. Making a Level 2 Appeal 221

H. Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay 223

H1. Learning about your Medicare rights 223

H2. Making a Level 1 Appeal 224

H3. Making a Level 2 Appeal 226

I. Asking us to continue covering certain medical services 227

I1. Advance notice before your coverage ends 227

I2. Making a Level 1 Appeal 227

I3. Making a Level 2 Appeal 229

J. Taking your appeal beyond Level 2 230

J1. Next steps for Medicare services and items 230

J2. Additional MassHealth (Medicaid) appeals 231

J3. Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests 232

K. How to make a complaint 233

K1. What kinds of problems should be complaints 233

K2. Internal complaints 235

K3. External complaints 236

A. What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains how to handle problems and concerns. The process you use depends on the type of problem you have. Use one process for **coverage decisions and appeals** and another for **making complaints** (also called grievances).

To ensure fairness and promptness, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that we and you must follow.

A1. About the legal terms

There are legal terms in this chapter for some rules and deadlines. Many of these terms can be hard to understand, so we use simpler words in place of certain legal terms when we can. We use abbreviations as little as possible.

For example, we say:

- “Making a complaint” instead of “filing a grievance”
- “Coverage decision” instead of “organization determination”, “benefit determination”, “at-risk determination”, or “coverage determination”
- “Fast coverage decision” instead of “expedited determination”
- “Independent Review Organization” (IRO) instead of “Independent Review Entity” (IRE)

Knowing the proper legal terms may help you communicate more clearly, so we provide those too.

B. Where to get help

B1. For more information and help

Sometimes it’s confusing to start or follow the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you don’t feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the information you need to take the next step.

Help from our plan

You can call our plan at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711) to help deal with a problem or answer questions.

Help from the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

You can call the Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone (SHINE) Program. SHINE counselors can answer your questions and help you understand what to do about your problem. SHINE isn't connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. SHINE has trained counselors in every county, and services are free. The SHINE phone number is 1-800-243-4636 and their website is www.mass.gov/info-details/serving-the-health-insurance-needs-of-everyone-shine-program. TTY (for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled): 1-800-439-2370 (Massachusetts only).

Help and information from Medicare

For more information and help, you can contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get help from Medicare:

- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

Help and information from MassHealth (Medicaid)

You can call MassHealth Customer Service directly for help with problems. Call 1-800-841-2900. TTY (for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled): 711.

Help from My Ombudsman

My Ombudsman is an independent program that can help you if you have questions, concerns, or problems related to One Care. You can contact My Ombudsman to get information or help to resolve any issue or problem with your One Care plan. My Ombudsman's services are free. Information about My Ombudsman may also be found in **Chapter 2**. My Ombudsman's staff:

- Can answer your questions or refer you to the right place to find what you need.
- Can help you address a problem or concern with One Care or your One Care plan, Tufts Health One Care. My Ombudsman's staff will listen, investigate the issue, and discuss options with you to help solve the problem.
- Help with appeals. An appeal is a formal way of asking your One Care plan, MassHealth (Medicaid), or Medicare to review a decision about your services. My Ombudsman's staff can talk with you about how to make an appeal and what to expect during the appeal process.

You can call, email, write, or visit My Ombudsman at its office.

- Call 1-855-781-9898, Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled should use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 339-224-6831.
- Email info@myombudsman.org
- Write to or visit My Ombudsman's office at 25 Kingston Street, 4th floor, Boston, MA 02111.
    - Please refer to the My Ombudsman website or contact them directly for updated information about location, appointments, and walk-in hours.
- Visit My Ombudsman online at www.myombudsman.org

C. Understanding Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) complaints and appeals in our plan

You have Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid). Information in this chapter applies to **all** your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits. This is sometimes called an "integrated process" because it combines, or integrates, Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) processes.

Sometimes Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) processes can't be combined. In those situations, you use one process for a Medicare benefit and another process for a MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit. **Section F4** explains these situations.

D. Problems with your benefits

If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The following chart helps you find the right section of this chapter for problems or complaints.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage? This includes problems about whether particular medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B drugs) are covered or not, the way they're covered, and problems about payment for medical care.	
Yes. My problem is about benefits or coverage. Refer to **Section E,** "Coverage decisions and appeals."	**No.** My problem isn't about benefits or coverage. Refer to **Section K**, "How to make a complaint."

E. Coverage decisions and appeals

The coverage decision and appeals processes help you address problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B drugs, including payment). To keep things simple we generally refer to medical items, services, and Part B drugs as **medical care.** Use the coverage decision and appeals process to address issues about whether something is covered and how it is covered.

E1. Coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage, or about the amount we pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, if your plan's network provider refers you to a medical specialist outside of the network, this referral is considered a favorable decision - unless your network provider can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the referred service is never covered under any condition (refer to **Chapter 4**, **Section H** of this *Member Handbook).*

You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision. You or your doctor may be unsure whether we cover a specific medical service or if we may refuse to provide medical care you think you need. **If you want to know if we'll cover a medical service before you get it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.**

We make a coverage decision whenever we decide what's covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we may decide a service or drug isn't covered or is no longer covered for you by Medicare or MassHealth (Medicaid). If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

E2. Appeals

If we make a coverage decision and you aren't satisfied with this decision, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check if we followed all rules properly. Different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision handle your appeal.

When we complete the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, explained later in this chapter, you can ask for an expedited or "fast coverage decision" or "fast appeal" of a coverage decision.

If we say **No** to part or all of what you asked for, we'll send you a letter. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare medical care, the letter will tell you that we sent your case to the Independent Review Organization (IRO) for a Level 2 Appeal. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare Part D or MassHealth (Medicaid) service or item, the letter will tell you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. Refer to **Section F4** for more information about Level 2 Appeals. If your problem is about coverage of a service or item covered by both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid), the letter will give you information regarding both types of Level 2 Appeals.

If you aren't satisfied with the Level 2 Appeal decision, you may be able to go through additional levels of appeal.

E3. Help with coverage decisions and appeals

You can ask for help from any of the following:

- **Member Services** at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
- Call your Care Coordinator.
- Call, email, write, or visit **My Ombudsman**.
    - Call 1-855-781-9898, Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled should use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 339-224-6831.
    - Email info@myombudsman.org.
    - Visit My Ombudsman online at www.myombudsman.org.
    - Write to or visit the My Ombudsman office at 25 Kingston Street, 4th floor, Boston, MA 02111.

  - Please refer to the My Ombudsman website or contact them directly for updated information about location, appointments, and walk-in hours.

- **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)** for free help. In Massachusetts, the SHIP is called SHINE. SHINE is an independent organization. It isn't connected with this plan. The SHINE phone number is 1-800-243-4636. TTY (for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled): 1-800-439-2370 (Massachusetts only).

- **Your doctor or other provider**. Your doctor or other provider can ask for a coverage decision or appeal on your behalf.

- **A friend or family member**. You can name another person to act for you as your "representative" and ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.

- **A lawyer**. You have the right to a lawyer, but **you aren't required to have a lawyer** to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.

  - Call your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from the local bar association or other referral service. Some legal groups will give you free legal services if you qualify.

Fill out the Appointment of Representative form if you want a lawyer or someone else to act as your representative. The form gives someone permission to act for you.

Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. You can also get the form by visiting www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org. **You must give us a copy of the signed form.**

E4. Which section of this chapter can help you

There are four situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Each situation has different rules and deadlines. We give details for each one in a separate section of this chapter. Refer to the section that applies:

- **Section F**, "Medical care"

- **Section G**, "Medicare Part D drugs"

- **Section H**, "Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay"

- **Section I**, "Asking us to continue covering certain medical services" (This section only applies to these services: home health, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.)

If you're not sure which section to use, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

F. Medical care

This section explains what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for your care.

This section is about your benefits for medical care that's described in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook* in the benefits chart. In some cases, different rules may apply to a Medicare Part B drug. When they do, we explain how rules for Medicare Part B drugs differ from rules for medical services and items.

F1. Using this section

This section explains what you can do in any of the five following situations:

1. You think we cover medical care you need but aren't getting.

What you can do: You can ask us to make a coverage decision. Refer to **Section F2**.

2. We didn't approve the medical care your doctor or other health care provider wants to give you, and you think we should.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision. Refer to **Section F3**.

3. You got medical care that you think we cover, but we won't pay.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision not to pay. Refer to **Section F5**.

4. You got and paid for medical care you thought we cover, and you want us to pay you back.

What you can do: You can ask us to pay you back. Refer to **Section F5**.

5. We reduced or stopped your coverage for certain medical care, and you think our decision could harm your health.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision to reduce or stop the medical care. Refer to **Section F4**.

- If the coverage is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services, special rules apply. Refer to **Section H** or **Section I** to find out more.

- For all other situations involving reducing or stopping your coverage for certain medical care, use this section (**Section F**) as your guide.

F2. Asking for a coverage decision

> When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it's called an **integrated organization determination**.

You, your doctor, or your representative can ask us for a coverage decision by:

- Calling: 1-855-393-3154, TTY: 711. We are open seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.
- Faxing: 1-857-304-6308.
- Writing:

  Tufts Health Plan
  Attn: Member Services
  P.O. Box 524
  Canton, MA 02021-0524

Standard coverage decision

When we give you our decision, we use the "standard" deadlines unless we agree to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we give you an answer within**:**

- **seven calendar days** after we get your request **for a medical service or item that's subject to our prior authorization rules**.
- **7 calendar days** after we get your request **for all other** medical services or items.
- **72 hours** after we get your request **for a** Medicare Part B drug.

For a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if you ask for more time or if we need more information that may benefit you (such as medical records from out-of-network providers). If we take extra days to make the decision, we'll tell you in writing. **We can't take extra days if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug.**

If you think we **shouldn't** take extra days, you can make a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you make a fast complaint, we give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage

decisions and appeals. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**.

Fast coverage decision

> The legal term for fast coverage decision is **expedited determination**.

When you ask us to make a coverage decision about your medical care and your health requires a quick response, ask us to make a "fast coverage decision." A fast coverage decision means we'll give you an answer within:

- **72 hours** after we get your request **for a medical service or item**.
- **24 hours** after we get your request **for a Medicare Part B drug.**

For a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if we find information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) or if you need time to get us information for the review. If we take extra days to make the decision, we'll tell you in writing. **We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug.**

If you think we **shouldn't** take extra days to make the coverage decision, you can make a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**. We'll call you as soon as we make the decision.

To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You're asking for coverage for medical items and/or services that you **didn't get**. You can't ask for a fast coverage decision about payment for items or services you already got.
- Using the standard deadlines **could cause serious harm to your health** or hurt your ability to function.

We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast coverage decision.

- If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we send you a letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:
  - We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor asks for it.

- How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of a fast coverage decision. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**.

If we say No to part or all of your request, we send you a letter explaining the reasons.

- If we say **No**, you have the right to make an appeal. If you think we made a mistake, making an appeal is a formal way of asking us to review our decision and change it.
- If you decide to make an appeal, you'll go on to Level 1 of the appeals process (refer to **Section F3**).

In limited circumstances we may dismiss your request for a coverage decision, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include:

- if the request is incomplete,
- if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, **or**
- if you ask for your request to be withdrawn.

If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we'll send you a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal. This review is called an appeal. Appeals are discussed in the next section.

F3. Making a Level 1 Appeal

To start an appeal related to a denied service or item, or to continue a service or item you're already receiving, you, your doctor, or your representative must contact us. Call us at **1-855-393-3154** (TTY: 711). We are open seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.

Additionally, if you need help during the appeals process, you can call My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (or use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 339-224-6831). My Ombudsman is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan.

Ask for a standard appeal or a fast appeal in writing or by calling us at

Write:
Tufts Health Plan
Attn: Appeals and Grievances Department
P.O. Box 474

Canton, MA 02021-0474

Call:
Member Services at 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.

- If your doctor or other prescriber asks to continue a service or item you're already getting during your appeal, you may need to name them as your representative to act on your behalf.
- If someone other than your doctor makes the appeal for you, include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. You can get the form by visiting www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org.
- We can accept an appeal request without the form, but we can't begin or complete our review until we get it. If we don't get the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal:
  - We dismiss your request, and
  - We send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the IRO to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal within 65 calendar days from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.
- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

> The legal term for "fast appeal" is **"expedited reconsideration."**

- If you appeal a decision we made about coverage for care, you and/or your doctor decide if you need a fast appeal.

We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast appeal.

- If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast appeal, we send you a letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:
  - We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor asks for it.
  - How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard appeal instead of a fast appeal. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**.

If we tell you we're stopping or reducing services or items that you already get, you may be able to continue those services or items during your appeal.

- If we decide to change or stop coverage for a service or item that you get, we send you a notice before we take action.
- If you disagree with our decision, you can file a Level 1 Appeal.
- We continue covering the service or item if you ask for a Level 1 Appeal within ten calendar days of the date on our letter or by the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.
  - If you meet this deadline, you'll get the service or item with no changes while your Level 1 appeal is pending.
  - You'll also get all other services or items (that aren't the subject of your appeal) with no changes.
  - If you don't appeal before these dates, then your service or item won't be continued while you wait for your appeal decision.

We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- When we review your appeal, we take another careful look at all information about your request for coverage of medical care.
- We check if we followed all the rules when we said **No** to your request.
- We gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

There are deadlines for a fast appeal.

- When we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we get your appeal**. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires it. If we deny a fast appeal we'll give you, your doctor, prescriber, or representative verbal confirmation of the denial.
- If you ask for more time or if we need more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service**.**
    - If we need extra days to make the decision, we tell you in writing.
    - If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug, we can't take extra time to make the decision.
    - If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours or by the end of the extra days we took, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. The IRO will notify you in writing when it gets your appeal. Later in this chapter, we tell you about this organization and explain the Level 2 appeals process. If your problem is about coverage of a MassHealth (Medicaid) service or item, you can file a Level 2 – Fair Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up.
- **If we say Yes to part or all of your request,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- **If we say No to part or all of your request,** we send your appeal to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal.

There are deadlines for a standard appeal.

- When we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we get your appeal for coverage for services you didn't get.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug you didn't get, we give you our answer **within seven calendar days** after we get your appeal or sooner if your health requires it.
- If you ask for more time or if we need more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service**.**
    - If we need extra days to make the decision, we tell you in writing.

- If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug, we can't take extra time to make the decision.
- If you think we **shouldn't** take extra days, you can file a fast complaint about our decision. When you file a fast complaint, we give you an answer within 24 hours. For more information about making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to **Section K.**
- If we don't give you an answer by the deadline or by the end of the extra days we took, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. Later in this chapter, we tell you about this organization and explain the Level 2 appeals process. If your problem is about coverage of a MassHealth (Medicaid) service or item, you can file a Level 2 – Fair Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up.

If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 30 calendar days, or **within seven calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug, after we get your appeal.

If we say **No** to part or all of your request, **you have additional appeal rights:**

- If we say **No** to part or all of what you asked for, we send you a letter.
- If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item, the letter tells you that we sent your case to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal. The IRO will notify you in writing when it gets your appeal.
- If your problem is about coverage of a MassHealth (Medicaid) service or item, the letter tells you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself.

F4. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to part or all of your Level 1 Appeal, we send you a letter. This letter tells you if Medicare, MassHealth (Medicaid), or both programs usually cover the service or item.

- If your problem is about a service or item that Medicare usually covers, we automatically send your case to Level 2 of the appeals process as soon as the Level 1 Appeal is complete.
- If your problem is about a service or item that MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. The letter tells you how to do this. We also include more information later in this chapter.

- If your problem is about a service or item that **both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid)** may cover, you automatically get a Level 2 Appeal with the IRO. You can also ask for a Fair Hearing with the state.

If you qualified for continuation of benefits when you filed your Level 1 Appeal, your benefits for the service, item, or drug under appeal may also continue during Level 2. Refer to **Section F3** for information about continuing your benefits during Level 1 Appeals.

- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by Medicare, your benefits for that service don't continue during the Level 2 appeals process with the IRO.
- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by MassHealth (Medicaid), your benefits for that service continue if you submit a Level 2 Appeal within ten calendar days after getting our decision letter.

When your problem is about a service or item Medicare usually covers

The IRO reviews your appeal. It's an independent organization hired by Medicare.

> The formal name for the Independent Review Organization (IRO) is the **Independent Review Entity**, sometimes called the **IRE**.

- This organization isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. Medicare chose the company to be the IRO, and Medicare oversees their work.
- We send information about your appeal (your "case file") to this organization. You have the right to a free copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the IRO take a careful look at all information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you also have a fast appeal at Level 2.

- If you had a fast appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a fast appeal at Level 2. The IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 72 hours** of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the IRO needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The IRO can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you also have a standard appeal at Level 2.

- If you had a standard appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a standard appeal at Level 2.
- If your request is for a medical item or service, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 30 calendar days** of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within seven calendar days** of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the IRO needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The IRO can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug.

The IRO gives you their answer in writing and explains the reasons.

- **If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service,** we must:
  - Authorize the medical care coverage **within 72 hours, or**
  - Provide the service within **14 calendar days** after we get the IRO's decision for **standard requests, or**
  - Provide the service **within 72 hours** from the date we get the IRO's decision for **expedited requests**.
- **If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B drug, we must authorize or provide the Medicare Part B drug under dispute:**
  - **within 72 hours** after we get the IRO's decision for **standard requests, or**
  - **within 24 hours** from the date we get the IRO's decision for **expedited requests.**
- **If the IRO says No to part or all of your appeal,** it means they agree that we shouldn't approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."
  - If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2, for a total of five levels.
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue the appeals process, you must decide whether to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details about how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 Appeal.
- An Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3 Appeal. Refer to **Section J** for more information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

When your problem is about a service or item MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers, or that's covered by both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid)

A Level 2 Appeal for services that MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers is a Fair Hearing with the state. In MassHealth (Medicaid) a Fair Hearing is called Board of Hearings. You must ask for a Fair Hearing in writing or by phone **within 120 calendar days** of the date we sent the decision letter on your Level 1 Appeal. The letter you get from us tells you where to submit your request for a Fair Hearing.

A Level 2 Appeal is the second Appeal, which is done by an independent organization that is not connected to the plan. Medicare's Level 2 Appeal organization is called the Independent Review Entity (IRE). The IRE is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not a government agency. Medicare oversees its work. MassHealth's (Medicaid) Level 2 Appeal organization is called the MassHealth (Medicaid) Board of Hearings.

You have Appeal rights with both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid). The services and items that you can get with our plan are covered by Medicare only, MassHealth (Medicaid) only, or both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).

- When a service or item is covered only by Medicare, you will **automatically** get a Medicare Level 2 Appeal from the IRE if the answer to your Level 1 Appeal was No.
- When a service or item is covered only by MassHealth (Medicaid), then **you must ask for** a Level 2 Appeal from the MassHealth (Medicaid) Board of Hearings if the answer to your Level 1 Appeal was **No** and you want to appeal again.
- When a service or item is covered by **both** Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid), you will **automatically** get a Medicare Level 2 Appeal from the IRE if the answer to your Level 1 Appeal was **No**. **You can also ask for** a Level 2 Appeal from the MassHealth (Medicaid) Board of Hearings.

To make sure that Level 2 Appeals are fair and do not take too long, there are some rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The Fair Hearing office gives you their decision in writing and explain the reasons.

- If the Fair Hearing office says **Yes** to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**,** we must authorize or provide the service or item **within 72 hours** after we get their decision.
- If the Fair Hearing office says **No** to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree that we shouldn't approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."

If the IRO or Fair Hearing office decision is **No** for all or part of your request, you have additional appeal rights.

If your Level 2 Appeal went to the **IRO,** you can appeal again only if the dollar value of the service or item you want meets a certain minimum amount. An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3 Appeal. **The letter you get from the IRO explains additional appeal rights you may have.**

The letter you get from the Fair Hearing office describes the next appeal option.

Refer to **Section J** for more information about your appeal rights after Level 2.

F5. Payment problems

We don't allow our network providers to bill you for covered services and items. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a covered service or item. You're never required to pay the balance of any bill.

If you get a bill for covered services and items, send the bill to us. Don't pay the bill yourself. We'll contact the provider directly and take care of the problem. If you do pay the bill, you can get a refund from our plan if you followed the rules for getting services or item. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

For more information, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*. It describes situations when you may need to ask us to pay you back or pay a bill you got from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

If you ask to be paid back, you're asking for a coverage decision. We'll check if the service or item you paid for is covered and if you followed all the rules for using your coverage.

- If the service or item you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we'll send you the payment for the service or item typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days after we get your request.
- If you haven't paid for the service or item yet, we'll send the payment directly to the provider. When we send the payment, it's the same as saying **Yes** to your request for a coverage decision.
- If the service or item isn't covered or you didn't follow all the rules, we'll send you a letter telling you we won't pay for the service or item and explaining why.

If you don't agree with our decision not to pay, **you can make an appeal**. Follow the appeals process described in **Section F3**. When you follow these instructions, note:

- If you make an appeal for us to pay you back, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal.

If our answer to your appeal is **No** and **Medicare** usually covers the service or item, we'll send your case to the IRO. We'll send you a letter if this happens.

- If the IRO reverses our decision and says we should pay you, we must send the payment to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is **Yes** at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment to you or to the health care provider within 60 calendar days.
- If the IRO says **No** to your appeal, it means they agree that we shouldn't approve your request. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal." You will get a letter explaining additional appeal rights you may have. Refer to **Section J** for more information about additional levels of appeal.

If our answer to your appeal is **No** and MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers the service or item, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. Refer to **Section F4** for more information. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

G. Medicare Part D drugs

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many drugs. Most of these are Medicare Part D drugs. There are a few drugs that Medicare Part D doesn't cover that MassHealth (Medicaid) may cover. **This section only applies to Medicare Part D drug appeals.** We'll say "drug" in the rest of this section instead of saying "Medicare Part D drug" every time. For drugs covered only by MassHealth (Medicaid) follow the process in **Section E**. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. That means the drug is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about a medically accepted indication.

G1. Medicare Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Medicare Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including asking us to:
  - cover a Medicare Part D drug that isn't on our plan's *Drug List* or
  - set aside a restriction on our coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount you can get)
- You ask us if a drug is covered for you (such as when your drug is on our plan's *Drug List* but we must approve it for you before we cover it)

NOTE: If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription can't be filled as written, the pharmacy gives you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

> An initial coverage decision about your Medicare Part D drugs is called a "**coverage determination.**"

- You ask us to pay for a drug you already bought. This is asking for a coverage decision about payment. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we made, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to make an appeal. Use the chart below to help you.

Which of these situations are you in?			
You need a drug that isn't on our *Drug List* or need us to set aside a rule or restriction on a drug we cover.	You want us to cover a drug on our *Drug List*, and you think you meet plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need.	You want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you already got and paid for.	We told you that we won't cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want.
You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)	**You can ask us for a coverage decision.**	**You can ask us to pay you back.** (This is a type of coverage decision.)	**You can make an appeal.** (This means you ask us to reconsider.)
Start with **Section G2**, then refer to **Sections G3 and G4**.	Refer to **Section G4**.	Refer to **Section G4**.	Refer to **Section G5**.

G2. Medicare Part D exceptions

If we don't cover a drug in the way you would like, you can ask us to make an "exception." If we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber needs to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception.

> Asking for coverage of a drug not on our *Drug List* or for removal of a restriction on a drug is sometimes called asking for a **"formulary exception."**

Here are some examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. **Covering a drug that isn't on our *Drug List***

   - We can agree to make an exception and cover a drug that isn't on our *Drug List.*

2. **Removing a restriction for a covered drug**

   - Extra rules or restrictions apply to certain drugs on our *Drug List* (refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information).
   - Extra rules and restrictions for certain drugs include:
     - Being required to use the generic version of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
     - Getting our approval in advance before we agree to cover the drug for you. This is sometimes called "prior authorization (PA)."
     - Being required to try a different drug first before we agree to cover the drug you ask for. This is sometimes called "step therapy."
     - Quantity limits. For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.

G3. Important things to know about asking for an exception

Your doctor or other prescriber must tell us the medical reasons.

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement explaining the medical reasons for asking for an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Our *Drug List* often includes more than one drug for treating a specific condition. These are called "alternative" drugs. If an alternative drug is just as effective as the drug you ask for and wouldn't cause more side effects or other health problems, we generally **don't** approve your exception request.

We can say Yes or No to your request.

- If we say **Yes** to your exception request, the exception usually lasts until the end of the calendar year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say **No** to your exception request, you can make an appeal. Refer to **Section G5** for information on making an appeal if we say **No**.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

G4. Asking for a coverage decision, including an exception

- Ask for the type of coverage decision you want by calling 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30, writing, or faxing us. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. Please include your name, contact information, and information about the claim.
- You or your doctor (or other prescriber) or someone else acting on your behalf can ask for a coverage decision. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- Refer to **Section E3** to find out how to name someone as your representative.
- You don't need to give written permission to your doctor or other prescriber to ask for a coverage decision on your behalf.
- If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.
- If you ask for an exception, give us a "supporting statement." The supporting statement includes your doctor or other prescriber's medical reasons for the exception request.
- Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail us the supporting statement. They can also tell us by phone and then fax or mail the statement.

If your health requires it, ask us for a "fast coverage decision."

We use the "standard deadlines" unless we agree to use the "fast deadlines."

- A **standard coverage decision** means we give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's statement.
- A **fast coverage decision** means we give you an answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's statement.

> A "fast coverage decision" is called an **"expedited coverage determination."**

You can get a fast coverage decision if:

- It's for a drug you didn't get. You can't get a fast coverage decision if you're asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.
- Your health or ability to function would be seriously harmed if we use the standard deadlines.

If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we agree and give it to you. We send you a letter that tells you.

- If you ask for a fast coverage decision without support from your doctor or other prescriber, we decide if you get a fast coverage decision.
- If we decide that your medical condition doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we use the standard deadlines instead.
    - We send you a letter that tells you. The letter also tells you how to make a complaint about our decision.
    - You can file a fast complaint and get a response within 24 hours. For more information making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to **Section K**.

Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your request. If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO. Refer to **Section G6** for more information about a Level 2 Appeal.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 24 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how you can make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you didn't get

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your request. If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 72 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement for an exception.

- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how to make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we pay you back within 14 calendar days.
- **If** we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how to make an appeal.

G5. Making a Level 1 Appeal

> An appeal to our plan about a Medicare Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan **"redetermination".**

- Start your **standard** or **fast appeal** by calling 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711), writing, or faxing us. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. Please include your name, contact information, and information regarding your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal **within 65 calendar days** from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.
- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

> A fast appeal is also called an **"expedited redetermination."**

- If you appeal a decision we made about a drug you didn't get, you and your doctor or other prescriber decide if you need a fast appeal.

- Requirements for a fast appeal are the same as those for a fast coverage decision. Refer to **Section G4** for more information.

We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- We review your appeal and take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request.
- We check if we followed the rules when we said **No** to your request.
- We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 1

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours** after we get your appeal.
    - We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
    - If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to **Section G6** for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 1

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within seven calendar days** after we get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- We give you our decision sooner if you didn't get the drug and your health condition requires it. If you believe your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.
    - If we don't give you a decision within seven calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to **Section G6** for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.

If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request:

- We must **provide the coverage** we agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but **no later than seven calendar days** after we get your appeal.
- We must **send payment to you** for a drug you bought **within 30 calendar days** after we get your appeal.

If we say **No** to part or all of your request:

- We send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.
- We must give you our answer about paying you back for a drug you bought **within 14 calendar days** after we get your appeal.
    - If we don't give you a decision within 14 calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to **Section G6** for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must pay you within 30 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.

G6. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, you can accept our decision or make another appeal. If you decide to make another appeal, you use the Level 2 Appeal appeals process. The **IRO** reviews our decision when we said **No** to your first appeal. This organization decides if we should change our decision.

> The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) is the **"Independent Review Entity",** sometimes called the **"IRE".**

To make a Level 2 Appeal, you, your representative, or your doctor or other prescriber must contact the IRO **in writing** and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, the letter we send you includes **instructions about how to make a Level 2 Appeal** with the IRO. The instructions tell who can make the Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the organization.

- When you make an appeal to the IRO, we send the information we have about your appeal to the organization. This information is called your "case file". **You have the right to a free copy of your case file**.
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.

The IRO reviews your Medicare Part D Level 2 Appeal and gives you an answer in writing. Refer to **Section F4** for more information about the IRO.

Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 2

If your health requires it, ask the IRO for a fast appeal.

- If they agree to a fast appeal, they must give you an answer **within 72 hours** after getting your appeal request.
- If they say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must provide the approved drug coverage **within 24 hours** after getting the IRO's decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 2

If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the IRO must give you an answer:

- **within seven calendar days** after they get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- **within 14 calendar days** after getting your appeal for repayment for a drug you bought.

If the IRO says **Yes** to part or all of your request:

- We must provide the approved drug coverage **within 72 hours** after we get the IRO's decision.
- We must pay you back for a drug you bought within 30 calendar days after we get the IRO's decision.
- If the IRO says **No** to your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal".

If the IRO says **No** to your Level 2 Appeal, you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for meets a minimum dollar value. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for is less than the required minimum, you can't make another appeal. In that case, the Level 2 Appeal decision is final. The IRO sends you a letter that tells you the minimum dollar value needed to continue with a Level 3 Appeal.

If the dollar value of your request meets the requirement, you choose if you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2.
- If the IRO says **No** to your Level 2 Appeal and you meet the requirement to continue the appeals process, you:
  - Decide if you want to make a Level 3 Appeal.
  - Refer to the letter the IRO sent you after your Level 2 Appeal for details about how to make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

H. Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay

When you're admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all hospital services that we cover that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our plan's hospital coverage, refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook.*

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff work with you to prepare for the day when you leave the hospital. They also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your "discharge date."
- Your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you what your discharge date is.

If you think you're being asked to leave the hospital too soon or you're concerned about your care after you leave the hospital, you can ask for a longer hospital stay. This section tells you how to ask.

H1. Learning about your Medicare rights

Within two days after you're admitted to the hospital, someone at the hospital, such as a nurse or caseworker, will give you a written notice called "An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights." Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they're admitted to a hospital.

If you don't get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- **Read the notice** carefully and ask questions if you don't understand. The notice tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including your rights to:
    - Get Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay. You have the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
    - Be a part of any decisions about the length of your hospital stay.
    - Know where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
    - Appeal if you think you're being discharged from the hospital too soon.
- **Sign the notice** to show that you got it and understand your rights.
    - You or someone acting on your behalf can sign the notice.
    - Signing the notice **only** shows that you got the information about your rights. Signing **doesn't** mean you agree to a discharge date your doctor or the hospital staff may have told you.
- **Keep your copy** of the signed notice so you have the information if you need it.

If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you'll get another copy before you're discharged.

You can look at a copy of the notice in advance if you:

- Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page
- Call Medicare at 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit www.cms.gov/medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im.

H2. Making a Level 1 Appeal

To ask for us to cover your inpatient hospital services for a longer time, make an appeal. The Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) reviews the Level 1 Appeal to find out if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The QIO is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the federal government. These experts check and help improve the quality for people with Medicare. They aren't part of our plan.

In Massachusetts, the QIO is Acentra Health. Call them at 1-888-319-8452. Contact information is also in the notice, “An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights,” and in **Chapter 2**.

Call the QIO before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.

- **If you call before you leave**, you can stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date without paying for it while you wait for the QIO’s decision about your appeal.
- **If you don’t call to appeal**, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may pay all costs for hospital care you get after your planned discharge date.

Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time:

- Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
- Call SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone).

Ask for a fast review. Act quickly and contact the QIO to ask for a fast review of your hospital discharge.

> The legal term for **“fast review”** is **“immediate review”** or **“expedited review.”**

What happens during fast review

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue after the planned discharge date. You aren’t required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and our plan gave them.
- By noon of the day after reviewers tell our plan about your appeal, you get a letter with your planned discharge date. The letter also gives reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think that’s the right discharge date that’s medically appropriate for you.

> The legal term for this written explanation is the **“Detailed Notice of Discharge.”** You can get a sample by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) You can also refer to a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im

Within one full day after getting all of the information it needs, the QIO give you their answer to your appeal.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

- We'll provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They believe your planned discharge date is medically appropriate.
- Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end at noon on the day after the QIO gives you their answer to your appeal.
- You may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you get after noon on the day after the QIO gives you their answer to your appeal.
- You can make a Level 2 Appeal if the QIO turns down your Level 1 Appeal **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date.

H3. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at 1-888-319-8452.

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the QIO said **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review **only** if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

- We must pay you back for hospital care costs since noon on the day after the date the QIO turned down your Level 1 Appeal.
- We'll provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree with their decision about your Level 1 Appeal and won't change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

I. Asking us to continue covering certain medical services

This section is only about three types of services you may be getting:

- home health care services
- skilled nursing care in a skilled nursing facility, **and**
- rehabilitation care as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved CORF. This usually means you're getting treatment for an illness or accident or you're recovering from a major operation.

With any of these three types of services, you have the right to get covered services for as long as the doctor says you need them.

When we decide to stop covering any of these, we must tell you **before** your services end. When your coverage for that service ends, we stop paying for it.

If you think we're ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

I1. Advance notice before your coverage ends

We send you a written notice that you'll get at least two days before we stop paying for your care. This is called the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." The notice tells you the date when we'll stop covering your care and how to appeal our decision.

You or your representative should sign the notice to show that you got it. Signing the notice **only** shows that you got the information. Signing **doesn't** mean you agree with our decision.

I2. Making a Level 1 Appeal

If you think we're ending coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you about the Level 1 Appeal process and what to do.

- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. Our plan must follow deadlines too. If

you think we're not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Refer to **Section K** for more information about complaints.

- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time:
  - Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
  - Call the SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone)
- **Contact the QIO.**
  - Refer to **Section H2** or refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about the QIO and how to contact them.
  - Ask them to review your appeal and decide whether to change our plan's decision.
- **Act quickly and ask for a "fast-track appeal."** Ask the QIO if it's medically appropriate for us to end coverage of your medical services.

Your deadline for contacting this organization

- You must contact the QIO to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage" we sent you.

> The legal term for the written notice is **"Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage".** To get a sample copy, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or get a copy online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/FFS-Expedited-Determination-Notices.

What happens during a fast-track appeal

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue. You aren't required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan gave them.
- Our plan also sends you a written notice that explains our reasons for ending coverage of your services. You get the notice by the end of the day the reviewers inform us of your appeal.

> The legal term for the notice explanation is **"Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage".**

- Reviewers tell you their decision within one full day after getting all the information they need.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

- We'll provide your covered services for as long as they're medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- Your coverage ends on the date we told you.
- We stop paying the costs of this care on the date in the notice.
- You pay the full cost of this care yourself if you decide to continue the home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services after the date your coverage ends
- You decide if you want to continue these services and make a Level 2 Appeal.

I3. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at 1-888-319-8452.

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the QIO said **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review **only** if you continue care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

- We pay you back for the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- We'll provide coverage for the care for as long as it's medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree with our decision to end your care and won't change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

J. Taking your appeal beyond Level 2

J1. Next steps for Medicare services and items

If you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal for Medicare services or items, and both of your appeals were turned down, you may have the right to additional levels of appeal.

If the dollar value of the Medicare service or item you appealed doesn't meet a certain minimum dollar amount, you can't appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, you can continue the appeals process. The letter you get from the IRO for your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

Level 3 Appeal

Level 3 of the appeals process is an ALJ hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal**,** we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that's favorable to you.

- If we decide **to appeal** the decision, we send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the ALJ or attorney adjudicator's decision.
    - If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **No** to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.
- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.

- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 Appeal.

Level 4 Appeal

The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your Level 4 Appeal or denies our request to review a Level 3 Appeal decision favorable to you, we have the right to appeal to Level 5.

- If we decide **to appeal** the decision, we'll tell you in writing.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the Council's decision.

If the Council says **No** or denies our review request, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and what to do.

Level 5 Appeal

- A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**. This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

J2. Additional MassHealth (Medicaid) appeals

You also have other appeal rights if your appeal is about services or items that MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost to covered services. The letter you get from the Fair Hearing office will tell you what to do if you want to continue the appeals process.

If you need assistance at any stage of the appeals process, you can contact My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (interpreters are available for non-English speakers). People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability should use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 339-224-6831. You can also email My Ombudsman at info@myombudsman.org.

J3. Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests

This section may be right for you if you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals were turned down.

If the value of the drug you appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. The written response you get to your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

Level 3 Appeal

Level 3 of the appeals process is an ALJ hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal**:**

- The appeals process is over.
- We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **No** to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 Appeal.

Level 4 Appeal

The Council reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your appeal:

- The appeals process is over.
- We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the Council says **No** to your appeal or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide **to accept** the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and what to do.

Level 5 Appeal

- A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**. This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

K. How to make a complaint

K1. What kinds of problems should be complaints

The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only, such as problems about quality of care, waiting times, coordination of care, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	• You're unhappy with the quality of care, such as the care you got in the hospital.
Respecting your privacy	• You think that someone didn't respect your right to privacy or shared confidential information about you.
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	• A health care provider or staff was rude or disrespectful to you. • Our staff treated you poorly. • You think you're being pushed out of our plan.

Complaint	Example
Accessibility and language assistance	• You can't physically access the health care services and facilities in a doctor or provider's office. • Your doctor or provider doesn't provide an interpreter for the language you use (such as American Sign Language or Spanish). • Your provider doesn't give you other reasonable accommodations you need and ask for.
Waiting times	• You have trouble getting an appointment or wait too long to get it. • Doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals, Member Services, or other plan staff keep you waiting too long.
Cleanliness	• You think the clinic, hospital or doctor's office isn't clean.
Information you get from us	• You think we failed to give you a notice or letter that you should have received. • You think written information we sent you is too difficult to understand.
Timeliness related to coverage decisions or appeals	• You think we don't meet our deadlines for making a coverage decision or answering your appeal. • You think that, after getting a coverage or appeal decision in your favor, we don't meet the deadlines for approving or giving you the service or paying you back for certain medical services. • You don't think we sent your case to the IRO on time.

There are different kinds of complaints. You can make an internal complaint and/or an external complaint. An internal complaint is filed with and reviewed by our plan. An external

complaint is filed with and reviewed by an organization not affiliated with our plan. If you need help making an internal and/or external complaint, you can call My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (or use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831).

> The legal term for a "complaint" is a **"grievance."**
>
> The legal term for "making a complaint" is **"filing a grievance."**

K2. Internal complaints

To make an internal complaint, call Member Services at **1-855-393-3154** (TTY: 711). We are open seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30. You can make the complaint at any time unless it's about a Medicare Part D drug. If the complaint is about a Medicare Part D drug, you must make it **within 60 calendar** days after you had the problem you want to complain about.

- If there's anything else you need to do, Member Services will tell you.
- You can also write your complaint and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we'll respond to your complaint in writing.
    - You or your appointed representative may file a standard or fast complaint with us by:
        - **Telephone:** 1-855-393-3154 (TTY: 711)
        - **Mail**:

          Tufts Health Plan
          Attn: Appeals and Grievances
          PO Box 474
          Canton, MA 02021

        - **Email**: via the "Contact us" section of our website at TuftsHealthOneCare.org
        - **Fax**: 1-857-304-6342
        - **In person**: 1 Wellness Way, Canton, Massachusetts, Monday through Friday, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., excluding holidays

> **The legal term** for "fast complaint" is **"expedited grievance."**

If possible, we answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we'll do that.

- We answer most complaints within 30 calendar days. If we don't make a decision within 30 calendar days because we need more information, we notify you in writing. We also provide a status update and estimated time for you to get the answer.
- If you make a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.
- If you make a complaint because we took extra time to make a coverage decision or appeal, we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.

If we don't agree with some or all of your complaint, we'll tell you and give you our reasons. We respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

K3. External complaints

Medicare

You can tell Medicare about your complaint or send it to Medicare. The Medicare Complaint Form is available at: www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint. You don't need to file a complaint with Tufts Health One Care before filing a complaint with Medicare.

Medicare takes your complaints seriously and uses this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the health plan isn't addressing your problem, you can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. The call is free.

Office for Civil Rights (OCR)

You can make a complaint to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) OCR if you think you haven't been treated fairly. For example, you can make a complaint about disability access or language assistance. The phone number for the OCR is 1-800-368-1019. TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697. You can visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.

You may also contact the local OCR office at: 1-800-368-1019 (TTY: 711). You may also have rights under the Americans with Disability Act (ADA). You can contact My Ombudsman for assistance by calling 1-855-781-9898 (or using MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 339-224-6831) or emailing info@myombudsman.org.You may also have rights under the Americans with Disability Act (ADA). You can contact My Ombudsman for assistance by calling 1-855-781-9898 (or using MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 339-224-6831) or emailing info@myombudsman.org.

QIO

When your complaint is about quality of care, you have two choices:

- You can make your complaint about the quality of care directly to the QIO.
- You can make your complaint to the QIO and to our plan. If you make a complaint to the QIO, we work with them to resolve your complaint.

The QIO is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. To learn more about the QIO, refer to **Section H2** or refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook*.

In Massachusetts, the QIO is called Acentra Health. The phone number for Acentra Health is 1-888-319-8452.

Chapter 10: Ending your membership in our plan

Introduction

This chapter explains how you can end your membership with our plan and your health coverage options after you leave our plan. If you leave our plan, you'll still be in the Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) programs as long as you're eligible. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

Table of Contents

A. When you can end your membership in our plan 240

B. How to end your membership in our plan 241

C. How to get Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services separately 241

C1. Your Medicare services 241

C2. Your MassHealth (Medicaid) services 245

D. Your medical items, services and drugs until your membership in our plan ends 246

E. Other situations when your membership in our plan ends 246

F. Rules against asking you to leave our plan for any health-related reason 247

G. Your right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan 248

H. How to get more information about ending your plan membership 248

A. When you can end your membership in our plan

Because you have Medicare and Medicaid (MassHealth), you can leave our plan by enrolling in another plan that covers all of your benefits, called a Dual Eligible Special Needs Plan (D-SNP). You can enroll in another D-SNP at anytime during the year.

When you enroll in another D-SNP, your membership in our plan will end automatically. You don't need to call to disenroll.

If you want to switch to a different type of coverage, you can end your membership in our plan during the following times each year:

- The **Open Enrollment Period**, which lasts from October 15 to December 7. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in our plan ends on December 31 and your membership in the new plan starts on January 1.
- The **Medicare Advantage (MA) Open Enrollment Period**, which lasts from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in a plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in the new plan starts the first day of the next month.

There may be other situations when you're eligible to make a change to your enrollment. For example, when:

- you move out of our service area,
- your eligibility for MassHealth (Medicaid) or Extra Help changed, **or**
- if you recently moved into, currently are getting care in, or just moved out of a nursing facility or a long-term care hospital.

Your membership ends on the last day of the month that we get your request to leave our plan. For example, if we get your request on January 18, your coverage with our plan ends on January 31. If you enroll in another plan, your new coverage begins the first day of the next month (February 1, in this example).

If you leave our plan, you can get information about your:

- Medicare options in the table in **Section C1**.
- MassHealth (Medicaid) services in **Section C2**.

You can get more information about how you can end your membership by calling:

- Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page. The number for TTY users is listed too.
- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), SHINE at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users (people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled) may call 1-800-439-2370.How to end your membership in our plan

B. How to end your membership in our plan

If you decide to end your membership you can do so by enrolling in another D-SNP or switch to Original Medicare. However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare but you haven't selected a separate Medicare drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

- You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page if you need more information on how to do this.
- Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users (people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking) should call 1-877-486-2048. When you call 1-800-MEDICARE, you can also enroll in another Medicare health or drug plan. More information on getting your Medicare services when you leave our plan is in the chart on page 242.
- **Section C** below includes steps that you can take to enroll in a different plan, which will also end your membership in our plan.

C. How to get Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services separately

You have choices about getting your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services if you choose to leave our plan. If you do not want to enroll in a different One Care plan after you leave Tufts Health One Care, you will return to getting your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services separately.

C1. Your Medicare services

You have three options for getting your Medicare services listed below any month of the year. You have an additional option listed below during certain times of the year including the **Open**

Enrollment Period and the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** or other situations described in **Section A**. By choosing one of these options, you automatically end your membership in our plan.

1. You can change to:	**Here is what to do:**
Another plan that provides your Medicare and most or all of your MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits and services in one plan, also known as an integrated dual-eligible special needs plan (D-SNP) or a Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).	Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 to enroll in a new integrated D-SNP. For Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) inquiries, call 1-800-841-2900. If you need help or more information: • Call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users may call 1-800-439-2370. **OR** Contact a new integrated D-SNP directly to enroll with their plan. You'll automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.

2. You can change to: **Original Medicare with a separate Medicare drug plan**	**Here is what to do:** Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 to enroll in Original Medicare with a separate Medicare drug plan. If you need help or more information: • Call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users should call 1-800-439-2370. For more information or to find a local SHINE office in your area, please visit https://www.mass.gov/info-details/find-a-shine-counselor-near-you. **OR** Contact a new Medicare drug plan to enroll directly with their plan. You'll automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

3. You can change to: **Original Medicare without a separate Medicare drug plan if you have a valid disenrollment reason.** **NOTE:** If you switch to Original Medicare and don't enroll in a separate Medicare drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you tell Medicare you don't want to join. You should only drop drug coverage if you have drug coverage from another source, such as an employer or union. If you have questions about whether you need drug coverage, call the SHINE program at 1-800-243-4636, Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. TTY users should call 1-800-439-2370. For more information or to find a local SHINE office in your area, please visit https://www.mass.gov/info-details/find-a-shine-counselor-near-you.	**Here is what to do:** Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 to enroll in Original Medicare. If you need help or more information: • Call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users should call 1-800-439-2370. You'll automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

4. You can change to: **Any Medicare health plan** during certain times of the year including the **Open Enrollment Period** and the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** or other situations described in **Section A**.	**Here is what to do:** Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 to enroll in a new Medicare plan. For Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) inquiries, call 1-800-841-2900. If you need help or more information: • Call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users should call 1-800-439-2370. **OR** Contact a new Medicare Advantage plan to enroll directly with their plan. You'll automatically be disenrolled from our Medicare plan when your new plan's coverage begins.

C2. Your MassHealth (Medicaid) services

Some people who decide not to join a One Care plan may be able to join a different kind of plan to get their Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits together.

- If you're age 55 or older, you may be eligible to enroll in the Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) (additional criteria apply). PACE helps older adults stay in the community instead of getting nursing facility care.
- If you're age 65 or older when you leave Tufts Health One Care, you may be able to join a Senior Care Options (SCO) plan.

To find out about PACE or SCO plans and whether you can join one, call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users should call

1-800-439-2370. Keep getting your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services and drugs through our plan until your membership ends.

D. Your medical items, services and drugs until your membership in our plan ends

If you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) coverage begins. During this time, you keep getting your drugs and health care through our plan until your new plan begins.

- Use our network providers to receive medical care.
- Use our network pharmacies including through our mail-order pharmacy services to get your prescriptions filled.
- If you're hospitalized on the day that your membership in Tufts Health One Care ends, our plan will cover your hospital stay until you're discharged. This will happen even if your new health coverage begins before you're discharged.

E. Other situations when your membership in our plan ends

These are cases when we must end your membership in our plan:

- If there's a break in your Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B coverage.
- If you no longer qualify for MassHealth (Medicaid) and your deeming period has ended. Our plan is for people who qualify for both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).
- If you join a MassHealth Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Waiver program.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you move into an Intermediate Care Facility operated by the Massachusetts Department of Developmental Services.
- If you're away from our service area for more than six months.
    - If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if where you're moving or traveling to is in our plan's service area.
- If you go to jail or prison for a criminal offense.

- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have for drugs.
- If you have or get other comprehensive insurance for drugs or medical care.
- If you're not a United States citizen national, or an eligible non-citizen.
    - You must be a United States citizen or national, or an eligible non-citizen to be a member of our plan.
    - The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) notify us if you're not eligible to remain a member on this basis.
    - We must disenroll you if you don't meet this requirement.

If you lose your MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility but can be expected to regain it within one month, we'll continue to provide all Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) covered benefits. During this time, we'll assist you to regain MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility. If you can't regain MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility within one month, we'll disenroll you from Tufts Health One Care. If you regain MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility after being disenrolled, you'll need to contact us to reenroll in the plan.

We can make you leave our plan for the following reasons only if we get permission from Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) first:

- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you're enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan.
- If you continuously behave in a way that's disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan.
- If you let someone else use your Member ID Card to get medical care. (Medicare may ask the Inspector General to investigate your case if we end your membership for this reason.)

F. Rules against asking you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

We can't ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health. If you think we're asking you to leave our plan for a health-related reason, **call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

G. Your right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* for information about how to make a complaint.

H. How to get more information about ending your plan membership

If you have questions or would like more information on ending your membership, you can call Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page.

Chapter 11: Legal notices

Introduction

This chapter includes legal notices that apply to your membership in our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

Table of Contents

A. Notice about laws 250

B. Notice about nondiscrimination 250

C. Notice about Medicare as a second payer and MassHealth (Medicaid) as a payer of last resort 250

C1. Subrogation 251

C2. Health plan's right of reimbursement 251

D. Notice about privacy practices 252

Notice of Privacy Practices 252

How we protect your information 252

Your rights with respect to your information 257

Whom to contact with questions or complaints 259

A. Notice about laws

Many laws apply to this *Member Handbook*. These laws may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws aren't included or explained in this *Member Handbook*. The main laws that apply are federal laws about the Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) programs. Other federal and state laws may apply too.

B. Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate or treat you differently because of your race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment:

- Call the Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019. TTY users can call 1-800-537-7697. You can also visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.

Call your local Office for Civil Rights. 1-800-368-1019 (TTY: 1-800-537-7697)

- If you have a disability and need help accessing health care services or a provider, call Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

C. Notice about Medicare as a second payer and MassHealth (Medicaid) as a payer of last resort

Sometimes someone else must pay first for the services we provide you. For example, if you're in a car accident or if you're injured at work, insurance or Workers Compensation must pay first.

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare isn't the first payer.

We comply with federal and state laws and regulations relating to the legal liability of third parties for health care services to members. We take all reasonable measures to ensure that MassHealth (Medicaid) is the payer of last resort.

C1. Subrogation

Subrogation is the process by which Tufts Health One Care gets back some or all of the costs of your health care from another insurer. Examples of other insurers include:

- Your motor vehicle or homeowner's insurance
- The motor vehicle or homeowner's insurance of an individual who caused your illness or injury
- Workers' Compensation

If an insurer other than Tufts Health One Care should pay for services related to an illness or injury, Tufts Health One Care has the right to ask that insurer to repay us. Unless otherwise required by law, coverage under this policy by Tufts Health One Care will be secondary when another plan, including without limitation medical payment coverage under an automobile or home insurance policy, provides you with coverage for health care services.

C2. Health plan's right of reimbursement

If you get money from a lawsuit or settlement for an illness or injury, Tufts Health One Care has a right to ask you to repay the cost of covered services that we paid for. We cannot make you repay us more than the amount of money you got from the lawsuit or settlement.

As a member of Tufts Health One Care, you agree to:

- Let us know of any events that may affect Tufts Health One Care's rights of Subrogation or Reimbursement.
- Cooperate with Tufts Health One Care when we ask for information and assistance with Coordination of Benefits, Subrogation, or Reimbursement.
- Sign documents to help Tufts Health One Care with its rights to Subrogation and Reimbursement.
- Authorize Tufts Health One Care to investigate, request and release information which is necessary to carry out Coordination of Benefits, Subrogation, and Reimbursement to the extent allowed by law.

If you are not willing to help us, you may have to pay us back for costs we may incur, including reasonable attorneys' fees, in enforcing our rights under this plan.

D. Notice about privacy practices

This Notice describes how medical information about you may be used and disclosed, and how you can get this information. Please review this Notice of Privacy Practices carefully. If you have any questions, please call Member Services at **1-855-393-3154** (TTY: 711), seven days a week, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30. You can visit TuftsHealthPlan.com to read our Notice of Privacy Practices online.

Notice of Privacy Practices

Tufts Health Plan values your privacy rights and is committed to safeguarding your demographic, medical, and financial information we may receive or collect when providing services to you. The information we collect includes protected health information ("PHI") and personal information ("PI"). PHI is information that relates to your physical or behavioral health condition, your health care, or the payment for your health care. PI includes information like your name and Social Security number. PHI and PI are referred to as "information" elsewhere in this notice.

We may obtain your information from a number of sources, such as through your enrollment in a plan or from doctors and hospitals who submit claim forms containing your information so that we may pay them for services they provided to you.

How we protect your information

We are required by law to maintain the privacy of all forms of your information including electronic, written, and verbal information. To support this, Tufts Health Plan has documented privacy and security policies and procedures which include physical and technical safeguards for protecting, using, and disclosing information in compliance with applicable state and federal laws. Tufts Health Plan protects electronic information through private networks, passwords, authentication requirements and ongoing monitoring of security threats. Access to your information is limited to employees who require it to do their job. In addition, all employees must complete annual privacy and security training. Tufts Health Plan also requires its business partners who assist with administering your health care coverage to protect your information in accordance with applicable laws.

Tufts Health Plan is required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (known as the "HIPAA" statute) to provide you with notice of our legal duties and privacy practices with respect to your information, and to follow the duties and practices described in the notice currently in effect. We may change the terms of this notice at any time and apply the new notice to any information we already maintain. If we make an important change to our notice, we will publish the updated notice on our website at TuftsHealthPlan.com.

How we use and disclose your information

In order to administer your health care coverage, including paying for your health care services, we need to use and disclose your information in a number of ways. Tufts Health Plan's policies require that we only use or disclose the minimum amount of information necessary for the intended purpose. In certain circumstances, Tufts Health Plan is permitted or required by law (including the HIPAA statute) to use or disclose your information without your written authorization. The following are examples of the types of uses and disclosures we are permitted or required by federal law to make without your written authorization. Where state or other federal laws offer you greater privacy protections, we will follow the more stringent requirements.

For Payment

Tufts Health Plan may use or disclose your information for payment purposes to administer your health benefits, which may involve obtaining premiums, determination of eligibility, claims payment, and coordination of benefits. Examples include:

- Paying claims that were submitted to us by physicians and hospitals.
- Providing information to a third party to administer an employee- or employer-funded account, such as a Flexible Spending Account ("FSA") or Health Reimbursement Account ("HRA"), or another benefit plan, such as a dental benefits plan.
- Performing medical necessity reviews.
- Sharing information with third parties for Insurance Liability Recovery ("ILR") or subrogation purposes.

For Health Care Operations

Tufts Health Plan may use or disclose your information for operational purposes, such as care management, customer service, coordination of care, or quality improvement. Examples include:

- Assessing and improving the quality of service, care and outcomes for our members.
- Learning how to improve our services through internal and external surveys.
- Reviewing the qualifications and performance of physicians.
- Evaluating the performance of our staff, such as reviewing our customer service representatives' phone conversations with you.

- Seeking accreditation by independent organizations, such as the National Committee for Quality Assurance.
- Engaging in wellness programs, preventive health, early detection, disease management, health risk assessment participation initiatives, case management, and coordination of care programs, including sending preventive health service reminders.
- Providing you with information about a health-related product or service included in your plan of benefits.
- Using information for underwriting, establishing premium rates and determining cost sharing amounts, as well as administration of reinsurance policies. (Tufts Health Plan will not use or disclose any genetic information it might otherwise receive for underwriting purposes.)
- Facilitating transition of care from and to other insurers, health plans or third-party administrators.
- Communicating with you about your eligibility for public programs, such as Medicare.
- Other general administrative activities, including data and information systems management, risk management, auditing, business planning, and detection of fraud and other unlawful conduct.

For Treatment

Tufts Health Plan may use and disclose your information for health care providers (doctors, dentists, pharmacies, hospitals, and other caregivers) to treat you. Examples include:

- Our care managers providing your information to a home health care agency to make sure you get the services you need after discharge from a hospital.
- Quality improvement programs, safety initiatives, and clinical reminders sent to your primary care provider.
- Disclosing a list of medications you've received using your Tufts Health Plan coverage to alert your treating providers about any medications prescribed to you by other providers and help minimize potential adverse drug interactions.
- Receiving your test results from labs you use, from your providers, or directly from you, using the results to develop tools to improve your overall health, and sharing the results with providers involved in your care.

For other Permitted or Required Purposes

The following are examples of the additional types of uses and disclosures Tufts Health Plan is permitted or required by law to make without your written authorization:

- To you, your family, and others involved in your care when you are unavailable to communicate (such as during an emergency), when you are present prior to the disclosure and agree to it, or when the information is clearly relevant to their involvement in your health care or payment for health care.
- Sharing eligibility information and copayment, coinsurance, and deductible information for dependents with the subscriber of the health plan in order to facilitate management of health costs and Internal Revenue Service verification. **Note**: Eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.
- To your Personal Representative (including parents or guardians of a minor, so long as that information is not further restricted by applicable state or federal laws) or to an individual you have previously indicated is your Designated Representative or is authorized to receive your information. Information related to any care a minor may receive without parental consent remains confidential unless the minor authorizes disclosure.
- To our business partners and affiliates. Tufts Health Plan may contract with other organizations to provide services on our behalf. In these cases, Tufts Health Plan will enter into an agreement with the organization explicitly outlining the requirements associated with the protection, use and disclosure of your information. The following corporate affiliates of Tufts Health Plan designate themselves as a single affiliated covered entity and may share your information among them: Harvard Pilgrim Health Care, Inc., Harvard Pilgrim Health Care of New England, Inc., HPHC Insurance Company, Inc., Tufts Associated Health Maintenance Organization, Inc., Tufts Health Public Plans, Inc., Tufts Insurance Company, CarePartners of Connecticut, Inc., and Point32Health Services, Inc. Group Health Plan.
- To your plan sponsor, when sharing information used for enrollment, plan renewal, or plan administration purposes. This is your employer or the employer of your subscriber if you are enrolled through an employer. When sharing detailed information, your plan sponsor must certify that they will protect the privacy and security of your information and that the information will not be used for employment decisions.
- To government entities, such as the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, the Health Connector, HealthSourceRI, or MassHealth (Medicaid), if you are enrolled in a government-funded plan.

- To provide information for health research to improve the health of our members and the community in certain circumstances, such as when an Institutional Review Board or Privacy Board approves a research proposal with protocols to protect your privacy, or for purposes preparatory to research.
- To comply with laws and regulations, such as those related to workers' compensation programs.
- For public health activities, such as assisting public health authorities with disease prevention or control and pandemic response efforts.
- To report suspected cases of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence.
- For health oversight activities, such as audits, inspections, and licensure or disciplinary actions. For example, Tufts Health Plan may submit information to government agencies such as the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or a state insurance department to demonstrate its compliance with state and federal laws.
- For judicial and administrative proceedings, such as responses to court orders, subpoenas, or discovery requests.
- For law enforcement purposes, such as to help identify or locate a victim, suspect, or missing person.
- Disclosures to coroners, medical examiners, and funeral directors about decedents. Tufts Health Plan may also disclose information about a decedent to a person who was involved in their care or payment for care, or to the person with legal authority to act on behalf of the decedent's estate.
- To organ procurement organizations for cadaveric organ, eye, or tissue donation purposes, only after your prior authorization.
- To prevent a serious threat to your health or safety, or that of another person.
- For specialized government functions, such as national security and intelligence activities.
- Disclosures by employees for whistleblower purposes.

Other than the permitted or required uses and disclosures described above, Tufts Health Plan will only use and disclose your information with your written authorization. For example, we require your authorization if we intend to sell your information, use or disclose your information for marketing or fundraising purposes, or, in most cases, use or disclose your psychotherapy notes. We will also require your authorization or a court order before disclosing your substance

use disorder (“SUD”) data from a SUD treatment program that meets the definition of a Part 2 facility under federal regulations in a civil, criminal, administrative, or legislative proceeding against you.

You may give us written authorization to use or disclose your information to any individual or organization for any purpose by submitting a completed authorization form. The form can be found at TuftsHealthPlan.com, or you may obtain a copy by calling Member Services at the phone number listed on your Tufts Health Plan ID card.

You may revoke such an authorization at any time in writing, except to the extent we have already made a use or disclosure based on a previously executed authorization. You may elect not to receive any fundraising communications before Tufts Health Plan uses your information related to a SUD for fundraising purposes for their own benefit.

Please be aware that when your information is disclosed in accordance with the HIPAA statute, it may be subject to redisclosure by the recipient and no longer protected by the HIPAA statute.

Reproductive Health Care Information

Tufts Health Plan is prohibited from using or disclosing your reproductive health care information for any of the following purposes:

- to assist in a criminal, civil, or administrative investigation into or proceeding against you for seeking or obtaining lawful reproductive health care services. For example, if law enforcement officials from a state that criminalizes reproductive health services request information related to reproductive health services you obtained in a state where such services are legal, Tufts Health Plan will not provide that information.
- To assist in an investigation into or proceeding against your health care provider for providing or facilitating lawful reproductive health care services. For example, Tufts Health Plan will not provide law enforcement and/or other law officials with information pertaining to provider that provides reproductive health services in a state where such services are legal.

If Tufts Health Plan receives a request for your reproductive health care information, the requestor will be required to sign an attestation in certain scenarios to confirm they will not use your information for a non-permitted purpose. For example, we will require the requestor to sign an attestation if the request is related to health oversight activities or law enforcement purposes.

Your rights with respect to your information

The following are examples of your rights under federal law with respect to your information. You may also be entitled to additional rights under state law.

Request a Restriction

You have the right to request we restrict the way we use and disclose your information for treatment, payment, or health care operations, to individuals involved in your care, or for

notification purposes, including asking that we not share your information for health research purposes. We are not, however, required by law to agree to your request.

Request Confidential Communications

You have the right to request we send communications to you at an address of your choice or that we communicate with you by alternative means. For example, you may ask us to mail your information to an address that is different than your subscriber's address. We will accommodate reasonable requests.

Access Your Information and Receive a Copy

You have the right to access, inspect, and obtain a copy of your information maintained by Tufts Health Plan (with certain exceptions). We have the right to charge a reasonable fee for the cost of producing and mailing copies of your information.

Amend Your Information

You have the right to request we amend your information if you believe it is incorrect or incomplete. We may deny your request in certain circumstances, such as when we did not create the information. For example, if a provider submits medical information to Tufts Health Plan that you believe is incorrect, the provider will need to amend that information.

Receive an Accounting of Disclosures

You have the right to request an accounting of those instances in which we disclosed your information, except for disclosures made for treatment, payment, or health care operations, or for other permitted or required purposes. Your request must be limited to disclosures in the six years prior to the request. If you request an accounting more than once in a 12-month period, we may charge you a reasonable fee.

Receive a Copy of this Notice of Privacy Practices

You have the right to receive a paper copy of this notice from us at any time upon request.

Be Notified of a Breach

You have the right to be notified if there is a breach of your unsecured information by us or our business partners. We will provide you written notice via mail, unless we do not have up-to-date contact information for you. In these cases we will notify you by a substitute method, such as posting the notice on our public website.

You may exercise any of your privacy rights described above by contacting Member Services at the phone number listed on your Tufts Health Plan ID card. In some cases, we may require you to submit a written request. Tufts Health Plan will not require you to waive your rights as a

condition of the provision of treatment, payment, enrollment in a health plan, or eligibility for benefits.

Whom to contact with questions or complaints

If you believe your privacy rights have been violated or you would like more information, you may send a question or complaint to:

Privacy Officer
Point32Health
1 Wellness Way
Canton, MA 02021

Or, you may call our Compliance Hotline at (877) 824-7123 or Member Services at the phone number listed on your Tufts Health Plan ID card.

You also have the right to submit a complaint to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services. You can find more information at www.hhs.gov/ocr.

Tufts Health Plan will not take retaliatory action against you for filing a complaint.

THIS NOTICE IS EFFECTIVE JUNE 30, 2025, AND REPLACES THE VERSION DATED SEPTEMBER 1, 2022.

Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Introduction

This chapter includes key terms used throughout this *Member Handbook* with their definitions. The terms are listed in alphabetical order. If you can't find a term you're looking for or if you need more information than a definition includes, contact Member Services.

Activities of daily living (ADL): The things people do on a normal day, such as eating, using the toilet, getting dressed, bathing, or brushing teeth.

Administrative law judge: A judge that reviews a level 3 appeal.

AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP): A program that helps eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications.

Ambulatory surgical center: A facility that provides outpatient surgery to patients who don't need hospital care and who aren't expected to need more than 24 hours of care.

Appeal: A way for you to challenge our action if you think we made a mistake. You can ask us to change a coverage decision by filing an appeal. **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains appeals, including how to make an appeal.

Behavioral health: An all-inclusive term referring to mental health and substance use disorders.

Biological product: A drug that's made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and can't be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. (See also "Original biological product" and "Biosimilar").

Biosimilar: A biological product that's very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars are as safe and effective as the original biological product. Some biosimilars may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription. (Go to "Interchangeable biosimilar").

Brand name drug: A drug that's made and sold by the company that originally made the drug. Brand name drugs have the same ingredients as the generic versions of the drugs. Generic drugs are usually made and sold by other drug companies and are generally not available until the patent on the brand name drug has ended.

Care coordinator: One main person who works with you, with the health plan, and with your care providers to make sure you get the care you need.

Care plan: A personalized plan developed by you and your care team. It lists your needs, goals, and the services and supports you'll get. You can review and update your care plan anytime.

Care team: A team consisting of you, your primary care provider (PCP), a behavioral health clinician (if indicated), a care coordinator, other health professionals, and informal supports including family, friends, etc. to support your care. This team works together to coordinate your care and help you reach your goals.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS): The federal agency in charge of Medicare. **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* explains how to contact CMS.

Complaint: A written or spoken statement saying that you have a problem or concern about your covered services or care. This includes any concerns about the quality of service, quality of your care, our network providers, or our network pharmacies. The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance".

Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF): A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness, accident, or major operation. It provides a variety of services, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, and home environment evaluation services.

Coverage decision: A decision about what benefits we cover. This includes decisions about covered drugs and services or the amount we pay for your health services. **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Covered drugs: The term we use to mean all of the prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs covered by our plan.

Covered services: The general term we use to mean all the health care, long-term services and supports, supplies, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment, and other services our plan covers.

Cultural competence training: Training that provides additional instruction for our health care providers that helps them better understand your background, values, and beliefs to adapt services to meet your social, cultural, and language needs.

Disenrollment: The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

Drug Management Program (DMP): A program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications.

Dual eligible special needs plan (D-SNP): Health plan that serves individuals who are eligible for both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid). Our plan is a D-SNP.

Durable medical equipment (DME): Certain items your doctor orders for use in your own home. Examples of these items are wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

Emergency: A medical emergency when you, or any other person with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that need immediate medical attention to prevent death, loss of a body part, or loss of or serious

impairment to a bodily function (and if you're a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child). The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse.

Emergency care: Covered services given by a provider trained to give emergency services and needed to treat a medical or behavioral health emergency.

Exception: Permission to get coverage for a drug not normally covered or to use the drug without certain rules and limitations.

Excluded services: Services that aren't covered by this health plan.

Extra Help: Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy", or "LIS".

Generic drug: A drug approved by the FDA to use in place of a brand name drug. A generic drug has the same ingredients as a brand name drug. It's usually cheaper and works just as well as the brand name drug.

Grievance: A complaint you make about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies. This includes a complaint about the quality of your care or the quality of service provided by your health plan.

Health plan: An organization made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services, and other providers. It also has care coordinators to help you manage all your providers and services. All of them work together to provide the care you need.

Health risk assessment (HRA): A review of your medical history and current condition. It's used to learn about your health and how it might change in the future.

Home health aide: A person who provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (like bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides don't have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Hospice: A program of care and support to help people who have a terminal prognosis live comfortably. A terminal prognosis means that a person has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of six months or less.

- An enrollee who has a terminal prognosis has the right to elect hospice.
- A specially trained team of professionals and caregivers provide care for the whole person, including physical, emotional, social, and spiritual needs.
- We're required to give you a list of hospice providers in your geographic area.

Improper/inappropriate billing: A situation when a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills you more than our cost-sharing amount for services. Call Member Services if you get any bills you don't understand.

Because we pay the entire cost for your services, you **don't** owe any cost-sharing. Providers shouldn't bill you anything for these services.

Independent review organization (IRO): An independent organization hired by Medicare that reviews a level 2 appeal. It isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work. The formal name is the **Independent Review Entity**.

Inpatient: A term used when you're formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. If you're not formally admitted, you may still be considered an outpatient instead of an inpatient even if you stay overnight.

Integrated D-SNP: A dual eligible special needs plan that covers Medicare and most or all Medicaid services under a single health plan for certain groups of individuals eligible for both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid). These individuals are known as full-benefit dually eligible individuals.

Interchangeable biosimilar: A biosimilar that may be substituted at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements about the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

***List of Covered Drugs* (*Drug List*):** A list of prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs we cover. We choose the drugs on this list with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* tells you if there are any rules you need to follow to get your drugs. The *Drug List* is sometimes called a "formulary".

Long-term services and supports (LTSS): Long-term services and supports help improve a long-term medical condition. Most of these services help you stay in your home so you don't have to go to a nursing facility or hospital. LTSS include Community-Based Services and Nursing Facilities (NF).

Low-income subsidy (LIS): Refer to "Extra Help"

MassHealth: The Medicaid program of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. MassHealth is run by the state and is paid for by the state and the federal government. It helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs.

- It covers extra services and some drugs not covered by Medicare.
- MassHealth (Medicaid) programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance): A program run by the federal government and the state that helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs.

Medically necessary: This describes services, supplies, or drugs you need to prevent, diagnose, or treat a medical condition or to maintain your current health status. This includes care that keeps you from going into a hospital or nursing facility. It also means the services, supplies, or drugs meet accepted standards of medical practice. In addition, a service is considered medically necessary if it can help you get better, stay the same, or improve your health or daily functioning, or prevent your health or functioning from getting worse if care is delayed, reduced, or not provided.

In accordance with Medicaid law and regulation, and per MassHealth (Medicaid), services are medically necessary if:

- They could be reasonably calculated to prevent, diagnose, prevent the worsening of, alleviate, correct, or cure conditions that endanger your life, cause you suffering or pain, cause physical deformity or malfunction, threaten to cause or to aggravate a disability, or result in illness or infirmity; **and**
- There is no other medical service or place of service that is available, works as well, and is suitable for you that is less expensive.

Medicare: The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare or a managed care plan (refer to “Health plan”).

Medicare Advantage: A Medicare program, also known as “Medicare Part C” or “MA”, that offers MA plans through private companies. Medicare pays these companies to cover your Medicare benefits.

Medicare Appeals Council (Council): A council that reviews a level 4 appeal. The Council is part of the Federal government.

Medicare-covered services: Services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all the services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B.

Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP): A structured health behavior change program that provides training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.

Medicare-Medicaid enrollee: A person who qualifies for Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) coverage. A Medicare- Medicaid enrollee is also called a “dually eligible individual”.

Medicare Part A: The Medicare program that covers most medically necessary hospital, skilled nursing facility, home health, and hospice care.

Medicare Part B: The Medicare program that covers services (such as lab tests, surgeries, and doctor visits) and supplies (such as wheelchairs and walkers) that are medically necessary to treat a disease or condition. Medicare Part B also covers many preventive and screening services.

Medicare Part C: The Medicare program, also known as “Medicare Advantage” or “MA”, that lets private health insurance companies provide Medicare benefits through an MA Plan.

Medicare Part D: The Medicare drug benefit program. We call this program “Part D” for short. Medicare Part D covers outpatient drugs, vaccines, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B or Medicaid. Our plan includes Medicare Part D.

Medicare Part D drugs: Drugs covered under Medicare Part D. Congress specifically excludes certain categories of drugs from coverage under Medicare Part D. Medicaid may cover some of these drugs.

Medication Therapy Management (MTM): A Medicare Part D program for complex health needs provided to people who meet certain requirements or are in a Drug Management Program. MTM services usually include a discussion with a pharmacist or health care provider to review medications. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

Member (member of our plan, or plan member): A person with Medicare and (MassHealth) Medicaid who qualifies to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and the state.

***Member Handbook* and disclosure information:** This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, or riders, which explain your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you must do as a member of our plan.

Member services: A department in our plan responsible for answering your questions about membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. Refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about Member Services.

Network pharmacy: A pharmacy (drug store) that agreed to fill prescriptions for our plan members. We call them “network pharmacies” because they agreed to work with our plan. In most cases, we cover your prescriptions only when filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network provider: “Provider” is the general term we use for doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care. The term also includes hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, medical equipment, and long-term services and supports.

- They’re licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services.
- We call them “network providers” when they agree to work with our health plan, accept our payment, and don’t charge members an extra amount.
- While you’re a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services. Network providers are also called “plan providers”.

Nursing home or facility: A place that provides care for people who can’t get their care at home but don’t need to be in the hospital.

Ombudsman: An office in your state that works as an advocate on your behalf. They can answer questions if you have a problem or complaint and can help you understand what to do. The ombudsman’s services are free. You can find more information in **Chapters 2** and **9** of this *Member Handbook*.

Organization determination: Our plan makes an organization determination when we, or one of our providers, decide about whether services are covered or how much you pay for covered services. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions”. **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains coverage decisions.

Original biological product: A biological product that has been approved by the FDA and serves as the comparison for manufacturers making a biosimilar version. It’s also called a reference product.

Original Medicare (traditional Medicare or fee-for-service Medicare): The government offers Original Medicare. Under Original Medicare, services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers amounts that Congress determines.

- You can use any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. Original Medicare has two parts: Medicare Part A (hospital insurance)

and Medicare Part B (medical insurance).

- Original Medicare is available everywhere in the United States.
- If you don't want to be in our plan, you can choose Original Medicare.

Out-of-network pharmacy: A pharmacy that hasn't agreed to work with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Our plan doesn't cover most drugs you get from out--of--network pharmacies unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-network provider or Out-of-network facility: A provider or facility that isn't employed, owned, or operated by our plan and isn't under contract to provide covered services to members of our plan. **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* explains out-of-network providers or facilities.

Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs: Over-the-counter drugs are drugs or medicines that a person can buy without a prescription from a health care professional.

Part A: Refer to "Medicare Part A."

Part B: Refer to "Medicare Part B."

Part C: Refer to "Medicare Part C."

Part D: Refer to "Medicare Part D."

Part D drugs: Refer to "Medicare Part D drugs."

Personal health information (also called Protected health information) (PHI): Information about you and your health, such as your name, address, social security number, physician visits, and medical history. Refer to our Notice of Privacy Practices for more information about how we protect, use, and disclose your PHI, as well as your rights with respect to your PHI.

Preventive services: Health care to prevent illness or detect illness at an early stage, when treatment is likely to work best (for example, preventive services include Pap tests, flu shots, and screening mammograms).

Primary care provider (PCP): The doctor or other provider you use first for most health problems. They make sure you get the care you need to stay healthy.

- They also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them.
- In many Medicare health plans, you must use your primary care provider before you use any other health care provider.
- Refer to **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* for information about getting care

from primary care providers.

Prior authorization (PA): An approval you must get from us before you can get a specific service or drug or use an out-of-network provider. Our plan may not cover the service or drug if you don't get approval first.

Our plan covers some network medical services only if your doctor or other network provider gets PA from us.

- Covered services that need our plan's PA are marked in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.

Our plan covers some drugs only if you get PA from us.

- Covered drugs that need our plan's PA are marked in the *List of Covered Drugs* and the rules are posted on our website.

Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE): A program that covers Medicare and (MassHealth) Medicaid benefits together for people age 55 and over who need a higher level of care to live at home.

Prosthetics and orthotics: Medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider that include, but aren't limited to, arm, back, and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality improvement organization (QIO): A group of doctors and other health care experts who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The federal government pays the QIO to check and improve the care given to patients. Refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for information about the QIO.

Quantity limits: A limit on the amount of a drug you can have. We may limit the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription.

Real Time Benefit Tool: A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific covered drugs and benefit information. This includes cost-sharing amounts, alternative drugs that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (prior authorization, step therapy, quantity limits) that apply to alternative drugs.

Referral: A referral is your primary care provider's (PCP's) approval to use a provider other than your PCP. If you don't get approval first, we may not cover the services. You don't need a referral to use certain specialists, such as women's health specialists. You can find more information about referrals in **Chapters 3 and 4** of this *Member Handbook*.

Rehabilitation services: Treatment you get to help you recover from an illness, accident or major operation. These services include inpatient rehabilitation care, physical therapy (outpatient), speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy. Refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook* to learn more about rehabilitation services.

Service area: A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. Only people who live in our service area can enroll in our plan.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF): A nursing facility with the staff and equipment to give skilled nursing care and, in most cases, skilled rehabilitative services and other related health services.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care: Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous (IV) injections that a registered nurse or a doctor can give.

Specialist: A doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body.

State hearing: If your doctor or other provider asks for a Medicaid service that we won't approve, or we won't continue to pay for a Medicaid service you already have, you can ask for a State hearing. If the State hearing is decided in your favor, we must give you the service you asked for.

Step therapy: A coverage rule that requires you to try another drug before we cover the drug you ask for.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI): A monthly benefit Social Security pays to people with limited incomes and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and over. SSI benefits aren't the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently needed care: Care you get for an unforeseen illness, injury, or condition that isn't an emergency but needs care right away. You can get urgently needed care from out-of-network providers when you can't get to them because given your time, place, or circumstances, it isn't possible, or it's unreasonable to obtain services from network providers (for example when you're outside our plan's service area and you require medically needed immediate services for an unseen condition but it isn't a medical emergency).

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If you have any questions, please call us at **1-855-393-3154** (TTY: 711). We are open seven days a week from 8 a.m.to 8 p.m. (Please note: Our hours shift to Monday through Friday, from April 1 through September 30.) For more information, visit **TuftsHealthOneCare.org**.

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